

# VS-GW1200-4G User Manual



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## 1. Overview

### What is **VS-GW1200-4G?**

OpenVox VoxStack Series GSM Gateway is an open source asterisk-based GSM VoIP Gateway solution for SMBs and SOHOs. With friendly GUI and unique modular design, users may easily setup their customized Gateway. Also secondary development can be completed through AMI (Asterisk Management Interface).

There are three models with VoxStack series GSM Gateway, the VS-GW1200-4G, VS-GW1202-8G and VS-GW1600. There are 4 GSM channels in VS-GW1200-4G and 8 GSM channels in VS-GW1202-8G. The Modular Design GSM Gateways are ranging from 4 up to 20 GSM channels, developed for interconnecting the GSM cellular networks with a wide selection of codecs and signaling protocol, including G.711A, G.711U, G.729, G.722, G.723, G.726 and GSM to quickly reduce communication expenses and maximize cost-savings. With the unique design of the VoxStack gateway, it can support hot-swap for both SIM cards and GSM gateway modules. Users can simply add or remove the modules for hardware expansion or exchange.

The VoxStack gateway designs with 2 LAN switch boards to provide stack ability on the hardware upgrade, and five VS-GWM400G modules which are independent with each other, so each one has a GUI configuration web. If you connect to ETH1, you can access Board 1 only and access other boards with different port numbers which can avoid IP conflict. Otherwise if you connect to ETH2, you can access different Boards with different IP addresses.

Our products support SMS messages sending, receiving, group sending and SMS to E-mail. The GSM gateway will be 100% compatible with Asterisk, Elastix, trixbox, 3CX, FreeSWITCH SIP server and VOS VoIP operating platform.

# **Sample Application**



Figure 1-2-1 Topological Graph

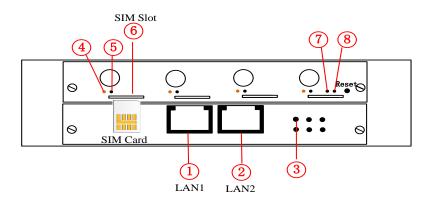
# **Product Appearance**

The picture below is appearance of VS-GW1200-4G.



**Figure 1-3-1 Product Appearance** 

Figure 1-3-2 Front Panel



**Table 1-3-1 LED Indicator** 

| LED Indicator                           | Color                 | Status                |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| ③ Network Status LED                    | Green and Flash       | Network Connected     |
|   | Green and Flash       | Module Initiating     |
|   | Red and Flash         | No SIM Card           |
| ④ Signal Status LED                     | Red and No-flash      | Worst Signal Quality  |
|   | Yellow and No-flash   | Medium Signal Quality |
|   | Green and No-flash    | Best Signal Quality   |
| ⑤ Call Status LED                       | Flash (0.25s)         | Communicating         |
|   | Blind                 | Normal                |
| ② Running Status LED                    | Green and Flash(0.5s) | Work Normally         |
| Power Indicator                         | Always Green          | Supply Power          |
| During reset, all LED indicators flash. |                       |                       |

### **Main Features**

- Modular and VoxStack design
- Based on Asterisk®
- ➤ Editable Asterisk® configuration file
- Wide selection of codecs and signaling protocol
- Support SMS sending, receiving, group sending
- Support transferring SMS to E-mail
- Support SMS automatically resent
- Support SMS remotely controlling gateway
- Support USSD service
- Support IMEI modification
- Support PIN identification
- Support unlimited routing rules and flexible routing settings
- > SIM cards and modules are all hot-swap
- Stable performance, flexible dialing, friendly GUI
- Lifetime warranty

## **Physical Information**

**Table 1-5-1 Description of Physical Information** 

| Weight             | 1000g                    |
|--------------------|--------------------------|
| Size               | 15cm*19cm*4.5cm          |
| Frequency          | GSM 850/900/1800/1900MHz |
| Temperature        | -20~70°C (Storage)       |
|                    | 0~40°C (Operation)       |
| Operation humidity | 10%~90% non-condensing   |
| Power source       | 12V DC/4A                |
| Max power          | 10W                      |
| LAN port           | 2                        |

### **Software**

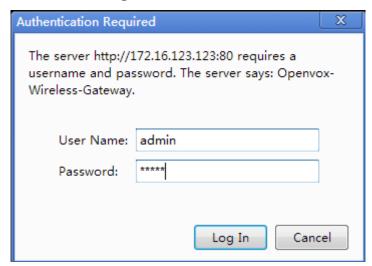
**Default IP**: 172.16.99.1

**Username**: admin **Password**: admin

Please enter the default IP in your browser to scan and configure the module you want. Now we offer you two RJ45 Network ports to access to your gateway on the board, ETH1 and ETH2. You can choose either of them and they are the same.

Notice: Log in

Figure 1-6-1 LOGIN Interface

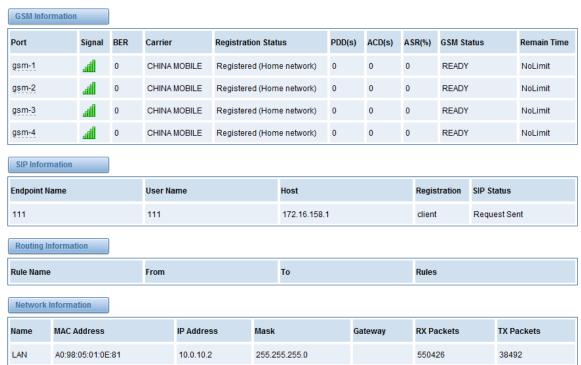


# 2. System

### **Status**

On the "Status" page, you will find all GSM, SIP, Routing, Network information and status.

Figure 2-1-1 System Status



**Table 2-1-1 Description of System Status** 

| Options             | Definition  |
|---------------------|---|
| Port                | Number of GSM ports.  |
| Signal              | Display the signal strength of in each channels of GSM.   |
| BER                 | Bit Error Rate.   |
| Carrier             | Display the network carrier of current SIM card.  |
| Registration Status | Indicates the registration status of current GSM module.  |
| PDD                 | Post Dial Delay (PDD) is experienced by the originating customer as the time from the sending of the final dialed digit to the point at which they hear ring tone or other in-band information. Where the originating network is required to play an announcement before completing the call then this definition of PDD excludes the duration of such announcements. |
| ACD                 | The Average Call Duration (ACD) is calculated by taking the sum of billable seconds (bill sec) of answered calls and dividing it by the number of these answered calls.   |

| ASR         | Answer Seizure Ratio is a measure of network quality. Its calculated by taking the number of successfully answered calls and dividing by the total number of calls attempted. Since busy signals and other rejections by the called number count as call failures, the ASR value can vary depending on user behavior. |
|-------------|---|
| GSM Status  | Show the status of port, include blank space and "READY". Black space means it is unavailable here and "Ready" means the port is available.   |
| Remain Time | This value is multiplied by to step length is a rest call time.   |

# Time

**Table 2-2-1 Description of Time Settings** 

| Options            | Definition   |
|--------------------|--|
| System Time        | Your gateway system time.  |
| Time Zone          | The world time zone. Please select the one which is the same or the closest as your city.                    |
| POSIX TZ String    | Posix time zone strings.   |
| NTP Server 1       | Time server domain or hostname. For example, [time.asia.apple.com].  |
| NTP Server 2       | The first reserved NTP server. For example, [time.windows.com].  |
| NTP Server 3       | The second reserved NTP server. For example, [time.nist.gov].  |
| Auto-Sync from NTP | Whether enable automatically synchronize from NTP server or not. ON is enable, OFF is disable this function. |
| Sync from NTP      | Sync time from NTP server.   |
| Sync from Client   | Sync time from local machine.  |

For example, you can configure like this:

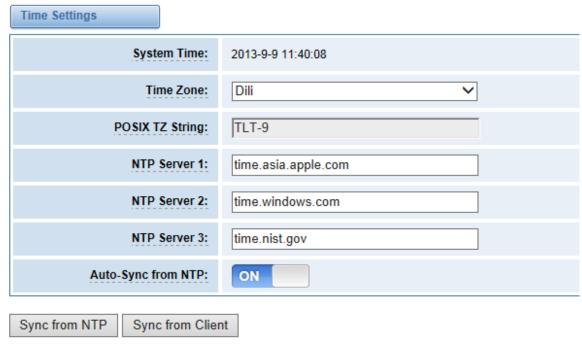


Figure 2-2-1 Time Settings

You can set your gateway time Sync from NTP or Sync from Client by pressing different buttons.

## **Login Settings**

Your gateway doesn't have administration role. All you can do here is to reset what new username and password to manage your gateway. And it has all privileges to operate your gateway. You can modify both your "Web Login Settings" and "SSH Login Settings". If you have changed these settings, you don't need to log out, just rewriting your new user name and password will be OK.

OptionsDefinitionUser NameDefine your username and password to manage your gateway,<br/>without space here. Allowed characters<br/>"-\_+. <>&0-9a-zA-Z". Length: 1-32 characters.PasswordAllowed characters "-\_+. <>&0-9a-zA-Z".<br/>Length: 4-32 characters.Confirm<br/>PasswordPlease input the same password as 'Password' above.

**Table 2-3-1 Description of Login Settings** 



Figure 2-3-1 Login Settings

**Notice**: Whenever you do some changes, do not forget to save your configuration.

### **General and Cluster**

## Language Settings

You can choose different languages for your system. If you want to change language, you can switch "Advanced" on, then "Download" your current language package. After that, you can modify the package with the language you need. Then upload your modified packages, "Choose File" and "Add", that will be ok.

Language Settings

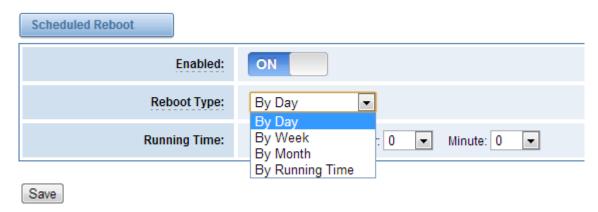
Language: English 
Advanced: OFF

Figure 2-4-1 Language Settings

#### Scheduled Reboot

If switch it on, you can manage your gateway to reboot automatically as you like. There are four reboot types for you to choose, "By Day, By Week, By Month and By Running Time".

Figure 2-4-2 Reboot Types

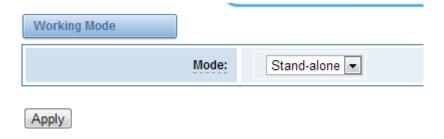


If use your system frequently, you can set this enable, it can helps system work more efficient.

## Working Mode

There are only one VS-GWM400G module integrated in one GSM Gateway, so it can work only "Stand-alone" mode.

Figure 2-4-2 Working Modes



**Table 2-4-1 Definition of Master Options** 

| Options                              | Definition  |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Mode                                 | Stand-alone Mode Master Mode Slave Mode   |
| Password<br>(master mode)            | Master Mode password.  Must be 4~16 bits digital 0-9.   |
| Password<br>(slave mode)             | Slave's Master Mode password.  Must be the same as the master.  |
| Master IP(Local IP)<br>(master mode) | Master's target IP.  Must be set in the subnet different from external subnet, so that the external subnet couldn't access internal subnet. |

| Master IP(Target IP) (master mode) | The master's target IP.  You must set the master's target IP first.           |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Slave IP(Local IP)                 | Slave's target IP.  Must be set in the same subnet as the master.             |
| Slaves IP List                     | Original IP means outward IP, and target IP is inward IP (Up to four slaves.) |

### **Tools and Information**

On the "Tools" pages, there are reboot, update, upload, download and reset toolkits.

#### **Reboot Tools**

You can choose system reboot and Asterisk reboot separately.

**Figure 2-5-1 Reboot Prompt** 



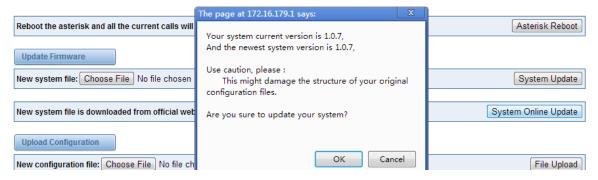
If you press "Yes", your system will reboot and all current calls will be dropped. Asterisk Reboot is the same.

**Table 2-5-1 Instruction of reboots** 

| Options         | Definition  |
|-----------------|---|
| System Reboot   | This will turn off your gateway and then turn it back on. This will drop all current calls. |
| Asterisk Reboot | This will restart Asterisk and drop all current calls.                                      |

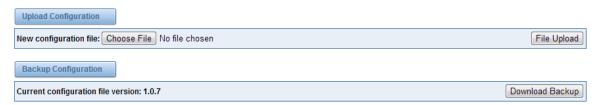
We offer 2 kinds of update types for you, you can choose System Update or System Online Update. System Online Update is an easier way to update your system, if you choose it, you will see some information below.

**Figure 2-5-2 Prompt Information** 



If you want to update your system and remain your previous configuration, you can first backup configuration, then you can upload configuration directly. That will be very convenient for you.

Figure 2-5-3 Upload and Download



Sometimes there is something wrong with your gateway that you don't know how to solve it, mostly you will select factory reset. Then you just need to press a button, your gateway will be reset to the factory status.

Figure 2-5-4 Factory Reset



### Information

On the "Information" page, there shows some basic information about the GSM gateway. You can see software and hardware version, storage usage, memory usage and some help information.

**Figure 2-5-5 System Information** 

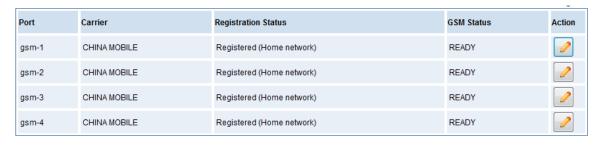
| Model Name:             | VS-GGU-E2M0400  |
|-------------------------|---|
| GSM Modern Description: | GSM:850/900/1800/1900MHz  |
| Software Version:       | 1.1.1   |
| Hardware Version:       | Date 2012-11-09 FPGA 11 Hardware 00   |
| Slot Number:            | 2   |
| Storage Usage:          | 1.9M/63.5M (3%)   |
| Memory Usage:           | 41.3066 % Memory Clean  |
| Build Time:             | 2013-10-10 11:55:40   |
| Contact Address:        | F/3, Building 127, Jindi industrial zone, Futian district, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China |
| Tel:                    | +86-755-82535461  |
| Fax:                    | +86-755-83823074  |
| E-Mail:                 | support@openvox.cn  |
| Web Site:               | http://www.openvox.cn   |
| Rebooting Counts:       | 144   |
| System Time:            | 2013-10-15 17:13:29   |
| System Uptime:          | 0 days 07:59:18   |

# **3. GSM**

You can see much information about your SIM cards on this page.

# **GSM Settings**

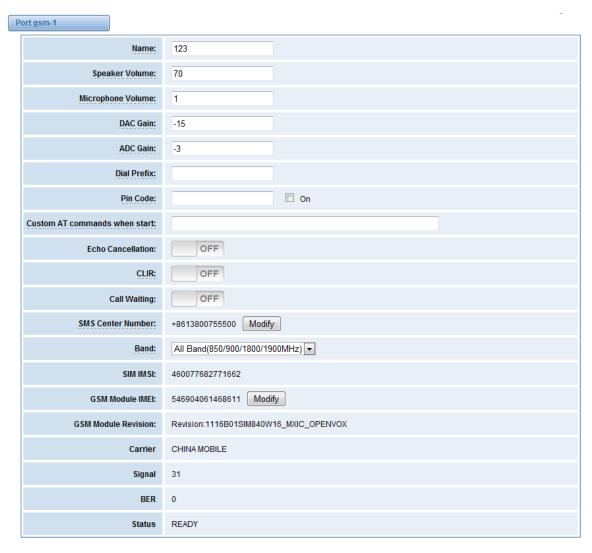
Figure 3-1-1 GSM System



On this page, you can see your GSM modules status and click action port.



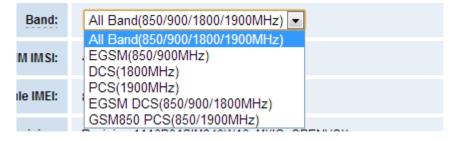
button to configure the



**Figure 3-1-2 Port Configure** 

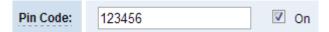
As you see, we have offered "Band" option, you can select different bands easily and you have many options.

Figure 3-1-3 Band Binding



If you have set your Pin Code, you can check on like this:

Figure 3-1-4 PIN Code Application



Then input your password, system will identify numbers of SIM cards. It can help to prevent SIM card from being stolen and improve security.

If you want to hide your number when you call out, you can just switch CLIR "ON" (Of course you need your operator's support).

Figure 3-1-5 CLIR Application



When you are on the phone, other calls coming in, you can set Call Waiting on, then the coming calls won't be hung up.

Figure 3-1-6 Call Waiting



If you have some voice quality problems, you can open Echo Cancellation for an attempt.

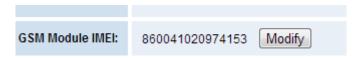
Figure 3-1-7 Echo Cancellation



#### **IMEI** Modification

One more feature, we offer you IMEI automatically modification.

Figure 3-1-8 Automatically IMEI Modify



We have offered you IMEI modification function. If you want to modify your IMEI number, please do as follows.

You can log in your gateway, then modify IP address like this <a href="http://172.16.158.1/cqi-bin/php/qsm-autoimei.php">http://172.16.158.1/cqi-bin/php/qsm-autoimei.php</a> on your browser. Then you will see the following picture. Don't forget to switch "Enable" to "ON", or you can't change your IMEI numbers.

Automatic Change IMEI ■ Board-1-gsm-1 Board-1-gsm-2 ■ Board-1-gsm-3 Board-1-gsm-4 Port: All Enabled: Interval: Second modify IMEI immediately Immediately: Force: Modify IMEI no matter whether the channel state is ready or not. Auto-IMEI Advance Save Back Home

Figure 3-1-9 IMEI Modification

Also you can choose to modify one or more certain ports or all ports. You can set automatic

modification interval by filling in the time you want.



If you choose "Immediately", then the ports you have chosen will modify IMEI numbers at once. On the contray, system will keep time from now until the time of next modification. And If you choose "Force", System will hang up all your current calls, then modify IMEI.

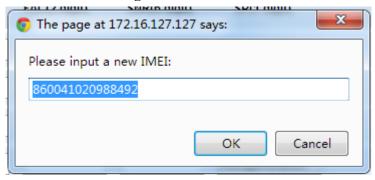
You can press to do some settings. We offer you two ways to modify your IMEI. You can choose Autogeneration or Manual.



Figure 3-1-10 Advanced Settings

As you can see, you can set any number you wan for every port. "X" means any digits from 0 to 9. You just need to fill in "Set to All", then press "Set to All", you can see the interface as above. Don't forget to press "Save". Then "Current IMEI" will change. That means Autogeneration. If you want to set a certain number as your IMEI, you can press "Manual". Then you will be required to input a new IMEI.

Figure 3-1-11 Manual



After configuration, you can press "Back Home" to return your gateway interface.

**Table 3-1-1 Definition of GSM Settings** 

| Options                      | Definition  |
|------------------------------|---|
| Name                         | The alias of the GSM port. Input name without space here. Allowed characters "+.<>&0-9a-zA-Z".Length: 1-32 characters.  |
| Speaker Volume               | The speaker volume level, the range is 0-100. This will adjust the loud speaker volume level by an AT command.  |
| Microphone<br>Volume         | The microphone volume, range is: 0-15. This will change the microphone gain level by an AT command.   |
| DAC Gain                     | The range is: -42 to +20  |
| ADC Gain                     | The range is: -42 to +20  |
| Dial Prefix                  | The prefix number of outgoing calls from this GSM channel   |
| PIN Code                     | Personal identification numbers of SIM card. PIN code can be modified to prevent SIM card from being stolen.  |
| Custom AT commads when start | User custom AT commands when start system, use " " to split AT command.   |
| CLIR                         | Caller ID restriction, this function is used to hidden caller ID of SIM card number. The gateway will add '#31#' in front of mobile number. This function must support by Operator. |
| SMS Center<br>Number         | Your SMS center number of your local carrier.   |
| GSM Module<br>IMEI           | You can click "Modify" button and automatically modify it.  |

## **Call Duration Limit Settings**

Now we can offer you two types of call duration limit, you can choose "Single Call Duration Limit" or "Call Duration Limitation" to control your calling time.

Single Call Duration Limit

This will limit the time of each call.

Figure 3-1-12 Single Settings



First you need to switch "Enable" on, then you can set "Step" and "Single Call Duration Limitation" any digits you want. When you make a call by this port, it will limit your calling time within the product of

#### **Step \* Single Call Duration Limitation**

And if your calling time overtops the value above, the system will hang up this call.

Call Duration Limitation

This will limit your total calling time of this port.

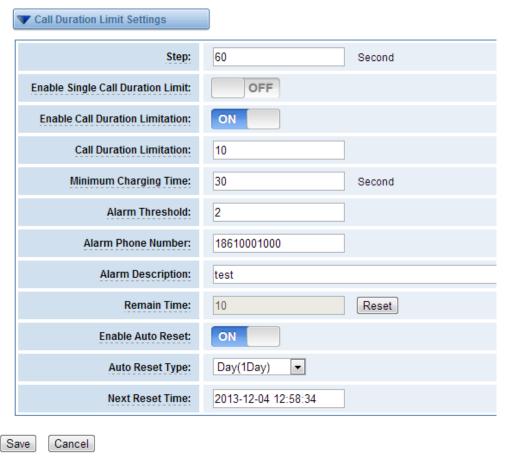


Figure 3-1-13 Call Duration Limitation Settings

The same algorithm with single time limitation, the total calling time of this port can't beyond the product of "Step" and "Call Duration Limitation".

If the duration of a call is less than "Minimum Charging Time", it will be not included in "Call Duration".

You can set a digit for "Alarm Threshold", when the call minutes less than this value, the gateway will send alarm info to designated phone.

You can enable your Auto Reset, then choose by day, by week, or by month.

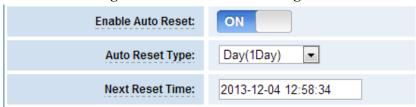
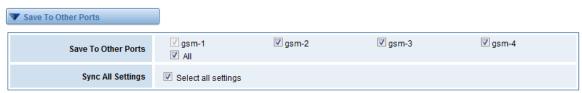


Figure 3-1-14 Auto Reset Settings

You can save your configuration to other ports.

Figure 3-1-15 Save To Other Ports



If you have set like this, you will see many on the Web GUI, you can set whether to check.

**Notice**: When you do some changes, you need to save and Apply, then "Remain Time" will show as you set.

Your calling status will show on the main interface.

Figure 3-1-16 GSM Information



**Table 3-1-2 Description of Call Duration Limit Settings** 

| Options | Definition  |  |
|---------|---|--|
| Step    | Step length value range is 1-120 s, step length multiplied by time of |  |
|         | single call just said a single call duration time allowed.            |  |

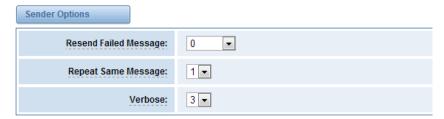
| Enable Single Call   | Definite maximum call duration for single call. Example: if Time of       |
|----------------------|---|
| Duration Limit       | single call set to 10, the call will be disconnected after talking        |
|                      | 10*step seconds.  |
| Enable Call Duration | This function is to limit the total call duration of GSM channel. The     |
| Limitation           | max call duration is between 1 to 65535 minutes.                          |
| Call Duration        | The value of limitation single call, this value range is 1-65535. Step    |
| Limitation           | length multiplied by time of single call just said a single call duration |
|                      | time allowed.   |
| Minimum Charging     | A single call over this time, GSM side of the operators began to          |
| Time                 | collect fees, unit for seconds.   |
| Alarm Threshold      | Define a threshold value of call minutes, while the call minutes less     |
|                      | than this value, the gateway will send alarm information to               |
|                      | designated phone.   |
| Alarm Description    | Alarm port information description, which will be sent to user            |
|                      | mobile phone with alarm information.                                      |
| Alarm Phone          | Receiving alarm phone number, user will received alarm message            |
| Number               | from gateway.   |
| Remain Time          | This value is multiplied by to step length is a rest call time.           |
| Enable Auto Reset    | Automatic restore remaining talk time, that is, get total call minutes    |
|                      | of GSM channel.   |
| Auto Reset Type      | Reset call minutes by date, by week, by month.                            |
| Next Reset Time      | Defined next reset date, system will count start from that date and       |
|                      | work as Reset Period setting  |
| 1                    | ,   |

# **SMS Settings**

# **Sender Options**

You can change sender options here, include resend, times of resend.

Figure 3-2-1 Sender Options



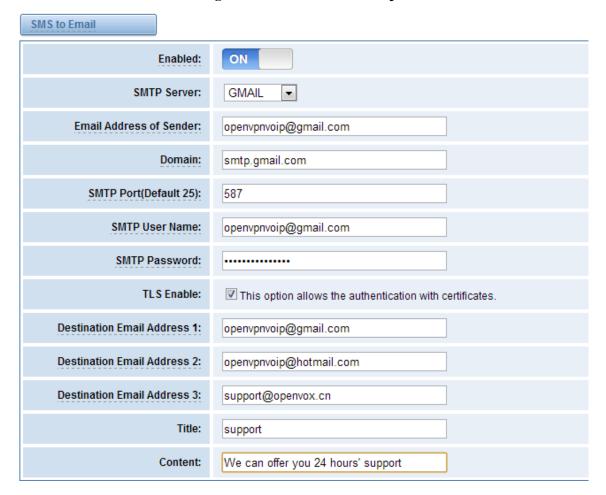
**Table 3-2-1 Description of Sender Options** 

| Options       | Definition   |  |
|---------------|--|--|
| Resend Failed | The times that you will attempt to resend your failed message. |  |
| Message       |  |  |
| Repeat Same   | The times that you will record the same masses                 |  |
| Message       | The times that you will resend the same message.               |  |
| Verbose       | Verbose level of sending message                               |  |

## SMS to E-mail

This is a tool that makes it available for you to email account to transmit the SMS to other email boxes. The following settings realize that received SMS through <a href="mailto:openvpnvoip@gmail.com">openvpnvoip@gmail.com</a> transmit to <a href="mailto:openvpnvoip@yahoo.com.cn">openvpnvoip@hotmail.com</a> and <a href="mailto:support@openvox.cn">support@openvox.cn</a>

Figure 3-2-2 SMS to E-mail Options



**Table 3-2-2 Types of E-mail Box** 

| E-mail Box Type           | SMTP Server           | SMTP Port | SMTP Security Connectivity |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|----------------------------|
| Gmail                     | smtp.gmail.com        | 587       | ٧                          |
| HotMail                   | smtp.live.com         | 587       | ٧                          |
| Yahoo!                    | smtp.mail.yahoo.co.in | 587       | ×                          |
| Other: 163 free<br>e-mail | smtp.163.com          | 25        | ×                          |

Table 3-2-3 Definition of SMS to E-mail

| Options | Definition |
|---------|------------|
|---------|------------|

| Enable                        | When you choose on, the following options are available, otherwise, unavailable.             |  |
|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Email Address of<br>Sender    | To set the email address of an available email account.  For example, openvpnvoip@gmail.com. |  |
| Domain                        | To set outgoing mail server. e.g. smtp.gmail.com   |  |
| SMTP Port                     | To set port number of outgoing mail server. (Default is 25)                                  |  |
|                               | The login name of your existing email account.   |  |
| SMTP User Name                | This option might be different from your email address.                                      |  |
|                               | Some email client doesn't need the email postfix.  |  |
| SMTP Password                 | The password to login your existing email.   |  |
| TLS Enable                    | When you choose Yahoo and 163 free e-mails, this option is not available.                    |  |
| SMTP Server                   | To set outgoing mail server. e.g. mail.openvox.cn.   |  |
| Destination<br>Email Address1 | The first email address to receive the inbox message.  |  |
| Destination<br>Email Address2 | The second email address to receive the inbox message.                                       |  |
| Destination<br>Email Address3 | The third email address to receive the inbox message.  |  |

## **SMS Control**

Allowing endpoints to send some specific KEY WORDS and corresponding PASSWORD to operate the gateway and message is case-sensitive. In default, this function is disabled.

Enabled: ON

Password: 123456789

reboot system PASSWORD
reboot asterisk PASSWORD
restore config PASSWORD
get info PASSWORD

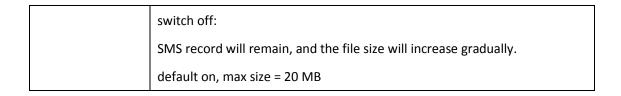
SMS Inbox Auto clean: ON maxsize: 20MB

Figure 3-2-3 SMS Control

For example, SMS control password is 123456789 which has nothing to do with the login password, you can send "get info 123456789" to the GSM module's phone number to get your gateway's IP information.

**Table 3-2-4 Definition of SMS Control** 

| Enable         | ON(enable), OFF(disable)   |  |
|----------------|--|--|
| Password       | The password to confirm that SMS makes the gateway rebooted, shut      |  |
|                | down, restored configuration files and get info on this gateway.       |  |
| SMS Format     | For example, the message formats:                                      |  |
|                | reboot system PASSWORD: To reboot your whole gateway.                  |  |
|                | The PASSWORD is referring to the PASSWORD you set up from option       |  |
|                | "PASSWORD" above.  |  |
|                | Reboot asterisk PASSWORD: To restart your gateway core.                |  |
|                | Restore configs PASSWORD: To reset the configuration files back to the |  |
|                | default factory settings.  |  |
|                | Get info PASSWORD: To get your gateway IP address.                     |  |
| SMS inbox Auto | switch on:   |  |
| clean          | When the size of the SMS inbox record file reaches the max size, the   |  |
|                | system will cut a half of the file. New record will be retained.       |  |

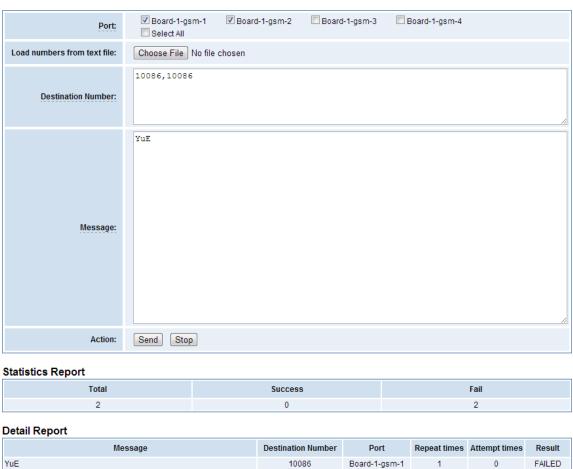


### **SMS Sender**

You can choose one or more ports to send SMS to the destination number, different numbers should be separated by symbols: '\r', '\n', space character, semicolon and comma.

Then you can see much feedback information.

Figure 3-3-1 SMS Sender Status



10086

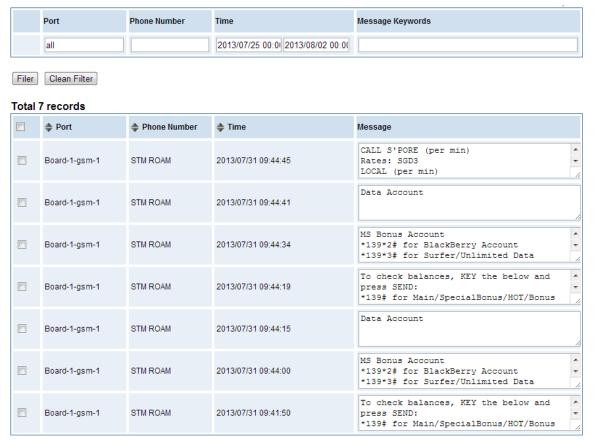
Board-1-gsm-1

YuE

### **SMS Inbox**

On this page, you are allowed to scan, delete, clean up, and export each port's received SMS. Also you are allowed to check messages by port, phone number, time order and message keywords.

**Figure 3-4-1 SMS Information** 

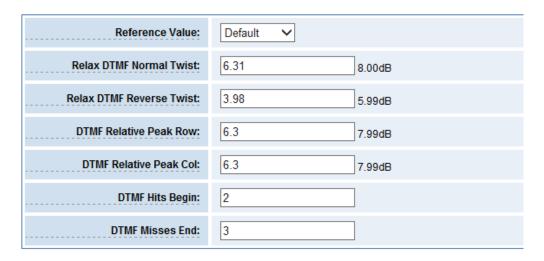


#### **DTMF**

You can do some DTMF Detection Settings if you choose "GSM -> DTMF".

Figure 3-5-1 DTMF Detection Settings





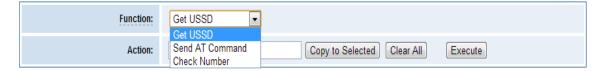
**Notice**: If you don't have special need, you don't have to modify these settings. You can just choose "Default".

- ➤ DTMF Normal Twist and Reverse Twist is the difference in power between the row and column energies. Normal Twist is where the Column energy is greater than the Row energy. Reverse Twist is where the Row energy is greater.
- > DTMF Relative Peak Row: The value is the smaller and the detection is easier. If you lost some numbers, you can try to put the value down. The adjustment range is 0.02 at a time.
- > DTMF Relative Peak Col: The value is smaller and the detection is easier. If you lost some numbers, you can try to put the value down. The adjustment range is 0.1 at a time.
- > DTMF Hits Begin: Sampling matching value. You can choose 2 or 3.
- > DTMF Misses End: The time interval between the two digits you input. Adjust the speed of input. The smaller value represents the shorter intervals.

#### **Toolkit**

You can get USSD information, send AT command and check number with this module. When you have a debug of the GSM module, AT command is useful.

**Figure 3-6-1 Function Options** 

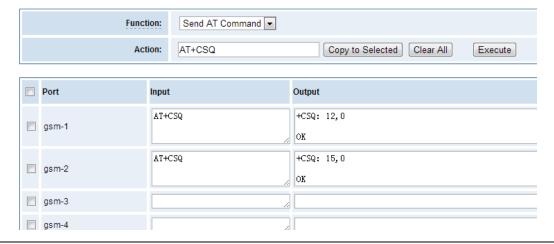


**Table 3-6-1 Definition of Functions** 

| Options      | Definition   |  |
|--------------|--|--|
| Check Number | Enter a known number (like your mobile phone) to check what number it is of the SIM card. Click "Execute", then the gateway will dial to the number you already input. It only rings for one time and hangs up at once. Not generating telephone charge during this procedure. |  |
| Get USSD     | Enter a specific USSD number (For example,*142# to check your SIM card's balance. This USSD number is might be different from different carriers) to get the USSD information.  The gateway will try to get by AT commands.  |  |
| AT Command   | To perform some specific AT commands. This is useful when you have a debug of the GSM modem.  e.g. perform [ AT+CSQ ] to check what signal qualify it is. In AT commands, there is no difference between "a" and "A".  |  |

If you want to send AT command, first you should input your command, then select certain ports and choose "Copy to Selected", finally choose "Execute".

Figure 3-6-2 AT Command Example



# 4. SIP and Routing

## **SIP Endpoints**

This page shows everything about your SIP, you can see status of each SIP.

Figure 4-1-1 SIP Status

| Endpoint Name | Registration | Credentials       | Actions |
|---------------|--------------|-------------------|---------|
| 1001          | server       | 1001              |         |
| 3001          | client       | 3001@172.16.0.80  |         |
| 3002          | client       | 3002@172.16.0.80  |         |
| 3003          | client       | 3003@www.test.com |         |
| 3004          | client       | 3004@www.test.com |         |

Add New SIP Endpoint

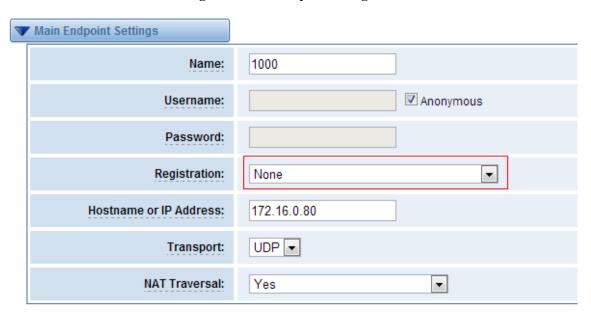
## **Main Endpoint Settings**

You can click Add New SIP Endpoint button to add a new SIP endpoint, and if you want to modify existed endpoints, you can click button.

There are 3 kinds of registration types for choose. You can choose Anonymous, Endpoint registers with this gateway or This gateway registers with the endpoint.

You can configure as follows:

If you set up a SIP endpoint by registration "None" to a server, then you can't register other SIP endpoints to this server. (If you add other SIP endpoints, this will cause Out-band Routes and Trunks confused.)



**Figure 4-1-2 Anonymous Registration** 

For convenience, we have designed a method that you can register your SIP endpoint to your gateway, thus your gateway just work as a server.

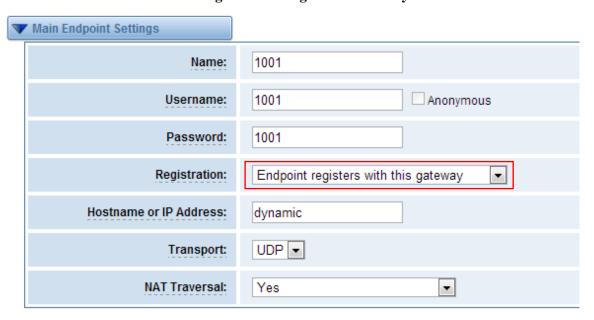


Figure 4-1-3 Register to Gateway

Also you can choose registration by "This gateway registers with the endpoint", it's the same with "None", except name and password.

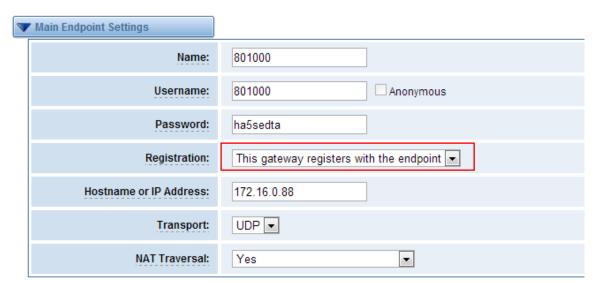


Figure 4-1-4 Register to Server

**Table 4-1-1 Definition of SIP Options** 

| Options                   | Definition  |
|---------------------------|---|
| Name                      | Display name.   |
| Username                  | Register name in your SIP server.   |
| Password                  | Authenticating with the gateway and characters are allowed.   |
|                           | NoneNot registering;  |
|                           | Endpoint registers with this gatewayWhen register as this type, it  |
|                           | means the GSM gateway acts as a SIP server, and SIP endpoints register to   |
| Registration              | the gateway;  |
|                           | This gateway registers with the endpointWhen register as this type, it  |
|                           | means the GSM gateway acts as a client, and the endpoint should be  |
|                           | register to a SIP server;   |
| Hostname or IP<br>Address | IP address or hostname of the endpoint or 'dynamic' if the endpoint has a dynamic IP address. This will require registration.   |
| Transport                 | This sets the possible transport types for outgoing. Order of usage, when the respective transport protocols are enabled, is UDP, TCP, TLS. The first enabled transport type is only used for outbound messages until a Registration takes place. During the peer Registration the transport type may change to another supported type if the peer requests so. |

| Use Rport if the remote side says to use it.             |
|--|
| rce Rport onForce Rport to always be on.                 |
| sForce Rport to always be on and perform comedia RTP     |
| ndling.  |
| ort if requested and comediaUse Rport if the remote side |
| rs to use it and perform comedia RTP handling.           |
| 1  |

## Advanced: Registration Options

**Table 4-1-2 Definition of Registration Options** 

| Options            | Definition  |
|--------------------|---|
| Authentication     | A username to use only for registration.  |
| User               | A discount to use only for registration.  |
| Register Extension | When Gateway registers as a SIP user agent to a SIP proxy (provider), calls from this provider connect to this local extension. |
| From User          | A username to identify the gateway to this endpoint.  |
| From Domain        | A domain to identify the gateway to this endpoint.  |
| Remote Secret      | A password which is only used if the gateway registers to the remote side.  |
| Port               | The port number the gateway will connect to at this endpoint.   |
| Quality            | Whether or not to check the endpoint's connection status.   |
| Qualify Frequency  | How often, in seconds, to check the endpoint's connection status.   |

## **Call Settings**

**Table 4-1-3 Definition of Call Options** 

| Options |
|---------|
|---------|

| DTMF Mode                 | Set default DTMF Mode for sending DTMF. Default: rfc2833. Other options: 'info', SIP INFO message (application/dtmf-relay); 'Inband', Inband audio (require 64kbit codec -alaw, ulaw). |
|---------------------------|--|
| Trust<br>Remote-Party-ID  | Whether or not the Remote-Party-ID header should be trusted.   |
| Send<br>Remote-Party-ID   | Whether or not to send the Remote-Party-ID header.   |
| Remote Party ID Format    | How to set the Remote-Party-ID header: from Remote-Party-ID or from P-Asserted-Identity.   |
| Caller ID<br>Presentation | Whether or not to display Caller ID.   |

# Advanced: Signaling Settings

**Table 4-1-4 Definition of Signaling Options** 

| Options                     | Definition   |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Progress Inband             | Set default DTMF Mode for sending DTMF. Default: rfc2833. Other options: 'info', SIP INFO message (application/dtmf-relay); 'inband', Inband audio (require 64kbit codec -alaw, ulaw). |
| Allow Overlap Dialing       | Whether or not the Remote-Party-ID header should be trusted.   |
| Append<br>user=phone to URI | Whether or not to send the Remote-Party-ID header.   |
| Add Q.850 Reason<br>Headers | How to set the Remote-Party-ID header: from Remote-Party-ID or from P-Asserted-Identity.   |
| Honor SDP Version           | Whether or not to display Caller ID.   |
| Allow Transfers             | Whether or not to globally enable transfers. Choosing 'no' will disable all transfers (unless enabled in peers or users). Default is enabled.  |

| Allow Promiscuous<br>Redirects | Whether or not to allow 302 or REDIR to non-local SIP address.  Note that promiscredir when redirects are made to the local system will cause loops since this gateway is incapable of performing a "hairpin" call. |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Max Forwards                   | Setting for the SIP Max-Forwards header (loop prevention).  |
| Send TRYING on<br>REGISTER     | Send a 100 Trying when the endpoint registers.  |
| Outbound Proxy                 | A proxy to which the gateway will send all outbound signaling instead of sending signaling directly to endpoints.   |

## Advanced: Timer Settings

**Table 4-1-5 Definition of Timer Options** 

| Options                             | Definition   |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Default T1 Timer                    | This timer is used primarily in INVITE transactions. The default for Timer  T1 is 500ms or the measured run-trip time between the gateway and the device if you have qualify=yes for the device.                           |
| Call Setup Timer                    | If a provisional response is not received in this amount of time, the call will auto-congest. Defaults to 64 times the default T1 timer.   |
| Session Timers                      | Session-Timers feature operates in the following three modes: originate, Request and run session-timers always; accept, run session-timers only when requested by other UA; refuse, do not run session timers in any case. |
| Minimum Session<br>Refresh Interval | Minimum session refresh interval in seconds. Default is 90secs.  |
| Maximum Session Refresh Interval    | Maximum session refresh interval in seconds. Defaults to 1800secs.   |
| Session Refresher                   | The session refresher, uac or uas. Defaults to uas.  |

# **Advanced SIP Settings**

## Networking

**Table 4-2-1 Definition of Networking Options** 

| Options                    | Definition  |
|----------------------------|---|
| UDP Bind Port              | Choose a port on which to listen for UDP traffic.   |
| Enable TCP                 | Enable server for incoming TCP connection (default is no).  |
| TCP Bind Port              | Choose a port on which to listen for TCP traffic.   |
| TCP Authentication Timeout | The maximum number of seconds a client has to authenticate. If the client does not authenticate before this timeout expires, the client will be disconnected.(default value is: 30 seconds).  |
| TCP Authentication Limit   | The maximum number of unauthenticated sessions that will be allowed to connect at any given time(default is:50).  |
| Enable Hostname<br>Lookup  | Enable DNS SRV lookups on outbound calls Note: the gateway only uses the first host in SRV records Disabling DNS SRV lookups disables the ability to place SIP calls based on domain names to some other SIP users on the Internet specifying a port in a SIP peer definition or when dialing outbound calls with suppress SRV lookups for that peer or call. |
| Enable Internal SIP Call   | Whether enable the internal SIP calls or not when you select the registration option "Endpoint registers with this gateway".  |
| Internal SIP Call Prefix   | Specify a prefix before routing the internal calls.   |
| Local Network              | Format:192.168.0.0/255.255.0.0 or 172.16.0.0./12. A list of IP address or IP ranges which are located inside a NATed network.  This gateway will replace the internal IP address in SIP and SDP messages with the external IP address when a NAT exists between the gateway and other endpoints.  |

| Local Network List                | Local IP address list that you added.   |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Subscribe Network<br>Change Event | Through the use of the test_stun_monitor module, the gateway has the ability to detect when the perceived external network address has changed. When the stun_monitor is installed and configured, chan_sip will renew all outbound registrations when the monitor detects any sort of network change has occurred. By default this option is enabled, but only takes effect once res_stun_monitor is configured. If res_stun_monitor is enabled and you wish to not generate all outbound registrations on a network change, use the option below to disable this feature. |

# Advanced: NAT Settings

**Table 4-2-2 Definition of NAT Settings Options** 

| Options                           | Definition   |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Match External<br>Address Locally | Only substitute the externaddr or externhost setting if it matches.  |
| Dynamic Exclude<br>Static         | Disallow all dynamic hosts from registering as any IP address used for statically defined hosts. This helps avoid the configuration error of allowing your users to register at the same address as a SIP provider.                      |
| Externally<br>Mapped TCP Port     | The externally mapped TCP port, when the gateway is behind a static NAT or PAT.  |
| External<br>Hostname              | The external hostname (and optional TCP port) of the NAT.  |
| Hostname Refresh<br>Interval      | How often to perform a hostname lookup. This can be useful when your NAT device lets you choose the port mapping, but the IP address is dynamic. Beware, you might suffer from service disruption when the name server resolution fails. |

| Start of RTP Port<br>Range | Start of range of port numbers to be used for RTP. |
|----------------------------|--|
| End of RTP port<br>Range   | End of range of port numbers to be used for RTP.   |

## Parsing and Compatibility

**Table 4-2-3 Instruction of Parsing and Compatibility** 

| Options                        | Definition   |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Strict RFC<br>Interpretation   | Check header tags, character conversion in URIs, and multiline headers for strict SIP compatibility(default is yes)  |
| Send Compact<br>Headers        | Send compact SIP headers   |
| SDP Owner                      | Allows you to change the username filed in the SDP owner string. This filed MUST NOT contain spaces.   |
| Disallowed SIP  Methods        | The external hostname (and optional TCP port) of the NAT.  |
| Shrink Caller ID               | The shrinkcallerid function removes '(', '', ')', non-trailing '.', and '-' not in square brackets. For example, the caller id value 555.5555 becomes 5555555 when this option is enabled. Disabling this option results in no modification of the caller id value, which is necessary when the caller id represents something that must be preserved. By default this option is on. |
| Maximum Registration Expiry    | Maximum allowed time of incoming registrations and subscriptions (seconds).  |
| Minimum<br>Registration Expiry | Minimum length of registrations/subscriptions (default 60).  |
| Default<br>Registration Expiry | Default length of incoming/outgoing registration.  |

| Registration<br>Timeout                                 | How often, in seconds, to retry registration calls. Default 20 seconds.  |
|---|--|
| Number of Registration Attempts Enter '0' for unlimited | Number of registration attempts before we give up. 0 = continue forever, hammering the other server until it accepts the registration. Default is 0 tries, continue forever. |

# Security

**Table 4-2-4 Instruction of Security** 

| Options                       | Definition   |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Match Auth<br>Username        | If available, match user entry using the 'username' field from the authentication line instead of the 'from' field.  |
| Realm                         | Realm for digest authentication. Realms MUST be globally unique according to RFC 3261. Set this to your host name or domain name.  |
| Use Domain as<br>Realm        | Use the domain from the SIP Domains setting as the realm. In this case, the realm will be based on the request 'to' or 'from' header and should match one of the domain. Otherwise, the configured 'realm' value will be used.   |
| Always Auth<br>Reject         | When an incoming INVITE or REGISTER is to be rejected, for any reason, always reject with an identical response equivalent to valid username and invalid password/hash instead of letting the requester know whether there was a matching user or peer for their request. This reduces the ability of an attacker to scan for valid SIP usernames. This option is set to 'yes' by default. |
| Authenticate Options Requests | Enabling this option will authenticate OPTIONS requests just like INVITE requests are. By default this option is disabled.   |
| Allow Guest Calling           | Allow or reject guest calls (default is yes, to allow). If your gateway is connected to the Internet and you allow guest calls, you want to check which services you offer everyone out there, by enabling them in the default context.  |

### Media

**Table 4-2-5 Instruction of Media** 

| Options                | Definition  |
|------------------------|---|
| Premature Media        | Some ISDN links send empty media frames before the call is in ringing or progress state. The SIP channel will then send 183 indicating early media which will be empty - thus users get no ring signal. Setting this to "yes" will stop any media before we have call progress (meaning the SIP channel will not send 183 Session Progress for early media). Default is 'yes'. Also make sure that the SIP peer is configured with progressinband=never. In order for 'noanswer' applications to work, you need to run the progress() application in the priority before the app. |
| TOS for SIP<br>Packets | Sets type of service for SIP packets  |
| TOS for RTP<br>Packets | Sets type of service for RTP packets  |

## **Codec Settings**

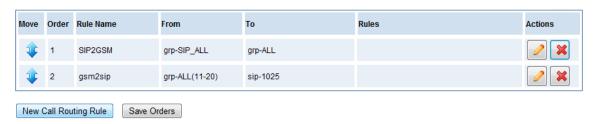
Select codecs from the list below.

**Figure 4-2-1 Codec Settings** 



## **Routing**

Figure 4-3-1 Routing Rules



You are allowed to set up new routing rule by New Call Routing Rule, and after setting routing rules, move rules' order by pulling up and down, click button to edit the routing and to delete it. Finally click the Save Orders button to save what you set. Rules shows current routing rules. Otherwise you can set up unlimited routing rules.

## Call Routing Rule

You can click New Call Routing Rule button to set up your routings.

Figure 4-3-2 Example of set up Routing Rule



The figure above realizes that calls from "support" SIP endpoints which you have registered will be transferred to gsm-1. When "Call Comes in From" is gsm, "prepend", "prefix" and "match pattern" in "Advanced Routing Rule" are ineffective, and just "CallerID" option is available.

**Table 4-3-1 Definition of Routing Options** 

| Options            | Definition   |
|--------------------|--|
| Routing Name       | The name of this route. Should be used to describe what types of calls this route matches (for example, 'SIP2GSM' or 'GSM2SIP'). |
| Call Comes in From | The launching point of incoming calls.   |
| Send Call Through  | The destination to receive the incoming calls.   |

## Advanced Routing Rule

**Table 4-3-2 Description of Advanced Routing Rule** 

| A Dial Pattern is a unique set of digits that will select this route and send the call to the designated trunks. If a dialed pattern matches this route, no subsequent routes will be tried. If Time Groups are enabled, subsequent routes will be checked for matches outside of the designated time(s). Rules:  X matches any digit from 0-9 Z matches any digit from 1-9 N matches any digit from 2-9 [1237-9] matches any digit in the brackets (example: 1,2,3,7,8,9) . wildcard: matches one or more dialed digits. prepend: Digits to prepend to a successful match. If the dialed number matches the patterns specified by the subsequent columns, then this will be prepended before sending to the trunks. |
|--|
| the call to the designated trunks. If a dialed pattern matches this route, no subsequent routes will be tried. If Time Groups are enabled, subsequent routes will be checked for matches outside of the designated time(s).  Rules:  X matches any digit from 0-9  Z matches any digit from 1-9  N matches any digit from 2-9  [1237-9] matches any digit in the brackets (example: 1,2,3,7,8,9)  . wildcard: matches one or more dialed digits.  prepend: Digits to prepend to a successful match.  If the dialed number matches the patterns specified by the subsequent   |
| <ul> <li>prefix: Prefix to remove on a successful match.</li> <li>The dialed number is compared to this and the subsequent columns for a match.</li> <li>Upon a match, this prefix is removed from the dialed number before sending it to the trunks.</li> </ul>   |

|                                 | match pattern: The dialed number will be compared against the prefix + this match pattern.  Upon a match, the match pattern portion of the dialed number will be sent to the trunks  Caller ID: If Caller ID is supplied, the dialed number will only match the prefix + match pattern if the Caller ID has been transmitted matches this.  When extensions make outbound calls, the Caller ID will be their extension number and NOT their Outbound CID.  The above special matching sequences can be used for Caller ID matching similar to other number matches. |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Set the Caller ID  Name to      | What caller ID name would you like to set before sending this call to the endpoint.   |
| Set the Caller ID<br>Number to  | What caller number would you like to set before sending this call to the endpoint.  |
| Forward Number                  | What destination number will you dial? This is very useful when you have a transfer call.   |
| Failover Call<br>Through Number | The gateway will attempt to send the call out each of these in the order you specify.   |

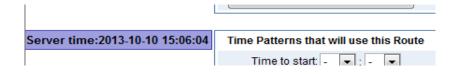
You can create various time routes and use these time conditions to limit some specific calls.

Figure 4-3-3 Time Patterns that will use this Route



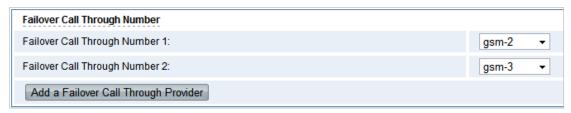
If you configure like this, then from January to March, from the first day to the last day of these months, from Monday to Thursday, from 00:00 to 02:00, during this time(meet all above time conditions), all calls will follow this route. And the time will synchronize with your Sever time.

Figure 4-3-4 Time Reference



You can add one or more "Failover Call Through Numbers".

Figure 4-3-5 Failover Call Through Number

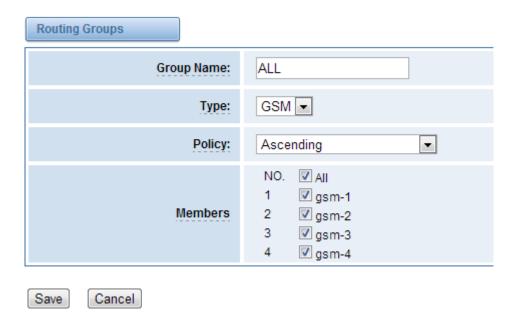


### Group

Sometimes you want to make a call through one port, but you don't know if it is available, so you have to check which port is free. That would be troublesome. But with our product, you don't need to worry about it. You can combine many GSM or SIP to groups. Then if you want to make a call, it will find available port automatically.

Figure 4-3-6 Establish Group

### Create a Group



## 5. Network, Advanced and Logs

### Network

On "Network" page, there are five sub-pages, "LAN Settings", "DDNS Settings", and "Toolkit".

## **LAN Settings**

There are three types of LAN port IP, Factory, Static and DHCP. Factory is the default type, and it is 172.16.99.1. When you Choose LAN IPv4 type is "Factory", this page is not editable.

A reserved IP address to access in case your gateway IP is not available. Remember to set a similar network segment with the following address of your local PC.



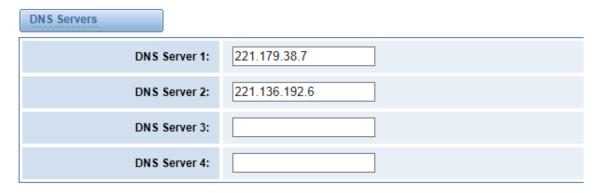
Figure 5-1-1 LAN Settings Interface

**Table 5-1-1 Definition of LAN Settings** 

| Options            | Definition   |
|--------------------|--|
| Interface          | The name of network interface.                                   |
| Туре               | The method to get IP.  |
|                    | Factory: Getting IP address by Slot Number (System → information |
|                    | to check slot number).   |
|                    | Static: manually set up your gateway IP.                         |
|                    | DHCP: automatically get IP from your local LAN.                  |
| MAC                | Physical address of your network interface.                      |
| Address            | The IP address of your gateway.                                  |
| Network            | The subnet mask of your gateway.                                 |
| Default Gateway    | Default getaway IP address.                                      |
| Reserved Access IP | A reserved IP address to access in case your gateway IP is not   |
|                    | available. Remember to set a similar network segment with the    |
|                    | following address of your local PC.                              |
| Enable             | A switch to enable the reserved IP address or not.               |
|                    | ON(enabled), OFF(disabled)                                       |
| Reserved Address   | The reserved IP address for this gateway.                        |
| Reserved Netmask   | The subnet mask of the reserved IP address.                      |

Basically this info is from your local network service provider, and you can fill in four DNS servers.

Figure 5-1-2 DNS Interface



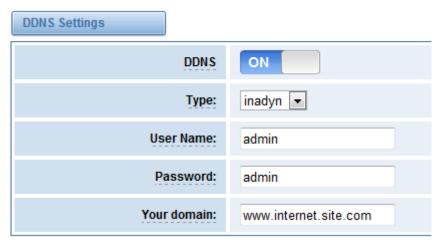
**Table 5-1-2 Definition of DNS Settings** 

| Options     | Definition   |
|-------------|--|
| DNS Servers | A list of DNS IP address. Basically this info is from your local |
|             | network service provider.  |

## **DDNS Settings**

You can enable or disable DDNS (dynamic domain name server).

**Figure 5-1-3 DDNS Interface** 



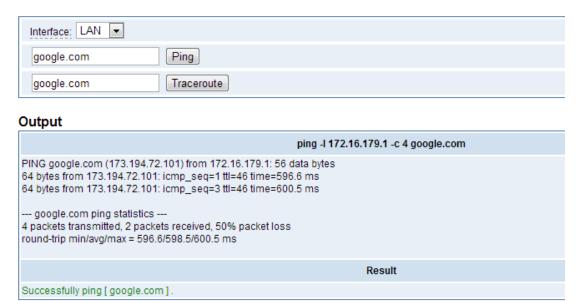
**Table 5-1-3 Definition of DDNS Settings** 

| Options     | Definition                                       |
|-------------|--|
| DDNS        | Enable/Disable DDNS(dynamic domain name server)  |
| Туре        | Set the type of DDNS server.                     |
| Username    | Your DDNS account's login name.                  |
| Password    | Your DDNS account's password.                    |
| Your domain | The domain to which your web server will belong. |

## **Toolkit**

It is used to check network connectivity. Support Ping command on web GUI.

Figure 5-1-4 Network Connectivity Checking



### **Advanced**

### Asterisk API

When you make "Enable" switch to "on", this page is available.

General Enabled: ON 5038 Port: Manager Manager Name: admin Manager secret: admin Deny: 0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0 172.16.123.123/255.255.0.0&192.168.1.0/2 Permit: Rights System: read: 🔽 write: 🔽 read: 🔽 write: 🔽 Verbose: read: 🔽 write: 🔽

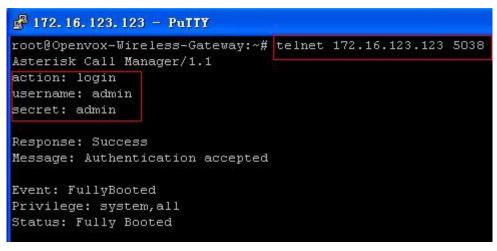
Figure 5-2-1 API Interface

**Table 5-2-1 Definition of Asterisk API** 

| Options        | Definition  |
|----------------|---|
| Port           | Network port number   |
| Manager Name   | Name of the manager without space   |
| Manager secret | Password for the manager.  Characters: Allowed characters "+.<>&0-9a-zA-Z". Length:4-32 characters.   |
| Deny           | If you want to deny many hosts or networks, use char & as separator.<br><br>>chr/>Example: 0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0 or 192.168.1.0/255.255.255.0&10.0.0.0/255.0.0.0      |
| Permit         | If you want to permit many hosts or network, use char & as separator.<br>separator.<br>Example: 0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0 or 192.168.1.0/255.255.255.0&10.0.0.0/255.0.0.0 |
| System         | General information about the system and ability to run system management commands,<br>such as Shutdown, Restart, and Reload.                                   |
| Call           | Information about channels and ability to set information in a running channel.   |
| Log            | Logging information. Read-only. (Defined but not yet used.)   |
| Verbose        | Verbose information. Read-only. (Defined but not yet used.)   |
| Command        | Permission to run CLI commands. Write-only.   |
| Agent          | Information about queues and agents and ability to add queue members to a queue.  |
| User           | Permission to send and receive UserEvent.   |
| Config         | Ability to read and write configuration files.  |
| DTMF           | Receive DTMF events. Read-only.   |
| Reporting      | Ability to get information about the system.  |
| CDR            | Output of cdr, manager, if loaded. Read-only.   |
| Dialplan       | Receive NewExten and Varset events. Read-only.  |
| Originate      | Permission to originate new calls. Write-only.  |
| All            | Select all or deselect all.   |

Once you set like the above figure, the host 172.16.123.123/255.255.0.0 is allowed to access the gateway API. Please refer to the following figure to access the gateway API by putty. 172.16.123.123 is the gateway's IP, and 5038 is its API port.

Figure 5-2-2 Putty Access



### Asterisk CLI

In this page, you are allowed to run Asterisk commands.

Figure 5-2-3 Asterisk Command Interface



#### Output:

! Execute a shell command

agi dump html Dumps a list of AGI commands in HTML format

agi exec Add AGI command to a channel in Async AGI

agi set debug [on|off] Enable/Disable AGI debugging

agi show commands [topic] List AGI commands or specific help

aoc set debug enable cli debugging of AOC messages

cc cancel Kill a CC transaction

cc report status Reports CC stats

cdr show status Display the CDR status

cel show status Display the CEL status

channel request hangup Request a hangup on a given channel

Table 5-2-2 Definition of Asterisk API

| Options | Definition   |
|---------|--|
| Command | Type your Asterisk CLI commands here to check or debug your gateway. |

If you type "help" or "?" and execute it, the page will show you the executable commands.

#### Asterisk File Editor

On this page, you are allowed to edit and create configuration files. Click the file to edit.

**Configuration Files** File Size File Name 11474 aaa.conf 2136 agents.conf alarmreceiver.conf 2227 asterisk.conf 247 cdr.conf 572 cdr\_custom.conf 388 cdr manager.conf chan extra.conf 283 codecs.conf 1655 190 dnsmgr.conf 1 2 3 4 5 1 New Configuration File Reload Asterisk

Figure 5-2-4 Configuration Files List

Click "New Configuration File" to create a new configuration file. After editing or creating, please reload Asterisk.

## Logs

On the "Log Settings" page, you should set the related logs on to scan the responding logs page. For example, set "System Logs" on like the following, then you can turn to "System" page for system logs, otherwise, system logs is unavailable. And the same with other log pages.

System Logs:

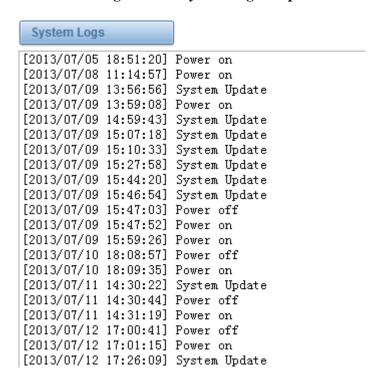
ON

Auto clean:

ON maxsize: 1MB

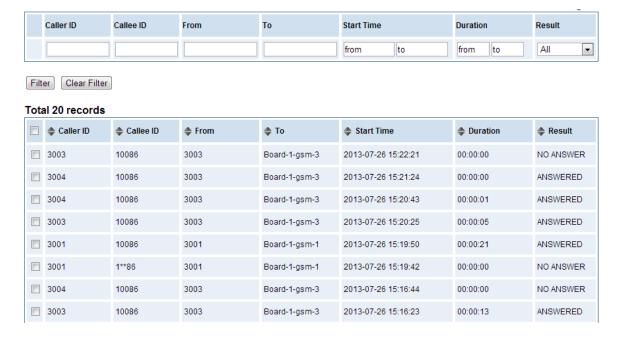
Figure 5-3-1 System Logs Control

Figure 5-3-2 System Logs Output



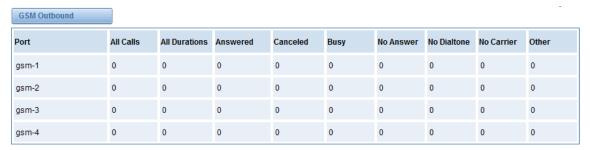
You can scan your CDR easily on web GUI, and also you can delete or clean up your CDR.

Figure 5-3-3 CDR Output



Recently we have made our LOGS display richer, you can see your GSM Outbound of every port clearly.

Figure 5-3-4 Time Patterns that will use this Route



**Table 5-3-1 Definition of Logs** 

| Options       | Definition   |
|---------------|--|
| System Logs:  | Whether enable or disable system log.                        |
| Auto clean:   | switch on :  |
| (System Logs) | when the size of log file reaches the max size,              |
|               | the system will cut a half of the file. New logs will be     |
|               | retained.  |
|               | switch off:  |
|               | logs will remain, and the file size will increase gradually. |
|               | default on, max size=1MB.                                    |
| Verbose:      | Asterisk console verbose message switch.                     |
| Notice:       | Asterisk console notice message switch.                      |
| Warning:      | Asterisk console warning message switch.                     |
| Debug:        | Asterisk console debug message switch.                       |
| Error:        | Asterisk console error message switch.                       |
| DTMF:         | Asterisk console DTMF info switch.                           |

| Auto clean:     | switch on :  |
|-----------------|--|
| (asterisk logs) | when the size of log file reaches the max size,                    |
|                 | the system will cut a half of the file. New logs will be retained. |
|                 | switch off:  |
|                 | logs will remain, and the file size will increase gradually.       |
|                 | default on, max size=100KB.  |
| SIP Logs:       | Whether enable or disable SIP log.                                 |

| Auto clean:         | switch on :  |
|---------------------|--|
| (SIP logs)          | when the size of log file reaches the max size,                    |
|                     | the system will cut a half of the file. New logs will be retained. |
|                     | switch off:  |
|                     | logs will remain, and the file size will increase gradually.       |
|                     | default on, maxsize=100KB.   |
| Debug AT            | Displaying GSM module AT messages.                                 |
| Commands Logs:      |  |
| Auto clean:         | switch on :  |
| (AT logs)           | when the size of log file reaches the max size,                    |
|                     | the system will cut a half of the file. New logs will be           |
|                     | retained.  |
|                     | switch off:  |
|                     | logs will remain, and the file size will increase gradually.       |
|                     | default on, max size=100KB.  |
| Call Detail Record: | Displaying Call Detail Records for each channel.                   |
| Auto clean:         | switch on :  |
| (CDR logs)          | when the size of log file reaches the max size,                    |
|                     | the system will cut a half of the file. New logs will be           |
|                     | retained.  |
|                     | switch off:  |
|                     | logs will remain, and the file size will increase gradually.       |
|                     | default on, max size=20MB.   |

## **Appendix Feature List**

#### General Info

- Wireless port: GSM 850/900/1800/1900MHz
- Storage temperature: -20~70°C
- Operating temperature: 0~40 °C
- Operating humidity: 10%~90%
- Power supply specifications: 12V DC/4A
- Maximum power: 10W

#### GSM

- Support Volume adjustment
- Support Gain adjustment
- Support CLID display & hide (need operators support)
- Support IMEI number automatically modify, avoid blocking
- Support PIN identification
- Support GSM frequency range: 850/900/1800/1900MHz
- Support Band binding
- Support SMS bulk transceiver, messages sent to email and SMS automatically resent
- Support USSD transceiver
- Support call transfer
- Support open API interface (AMI)

#### SIP Features

- Support add, modify & delete SIP trunk
- Support different SIP trunks combined into one SIP trunk Group
- Support SIP registration with domain
- Support multiple SIP registrations: Anonymous, Endpoint registers with this gateway, This gateway registers with the endpoint
- Support protocols: SIP, IAX (easily expand other protocols that Asterisk supports), TCP, UDP, RTP, TELNET, HTTP, SMTP, POP3

### Routing and Number Conversion

- Support routing before number changed
- Support routing after number changed
- Support GSM—>IP routing
- Support IP—>GSM routing

- Support add, modify & delete routing
- Support unlimited routing rules
- Flexible routing settings

#### Business Control

- Permit and prohibit certain calls
- Extensible automatic callback
- Extensible speed dial
- Support customizable IVR, DISA and other applications

### System Features

- Simple and convenient configuration via Web GUI
- Signal strength indicator, LED status indicator
- Support NTP time synchronization and client time synchronization
- Support DTMF: RFC2833, In-band, Info
- Working mode: stand-alone, Master, slave.
   Each Board integrated independent Asterisk system would make it easier for independent operation, improve stability
- Support SSH access for background management, Asterisk CLI command operation
- Support AT command interface
- GSM ports group management
- Support PDD (Post Dialing Delay) display, ACD (Average Call Duration) display, ASR (Answer-Seizure Ratio) display and BER (Bit Error Rate) display
- Support configuration file backup and upload
- Support for custom scripts, dialplans
- Support codecs: G.711A, G.711U, G.729, G.722, G.723, G.726, GSM

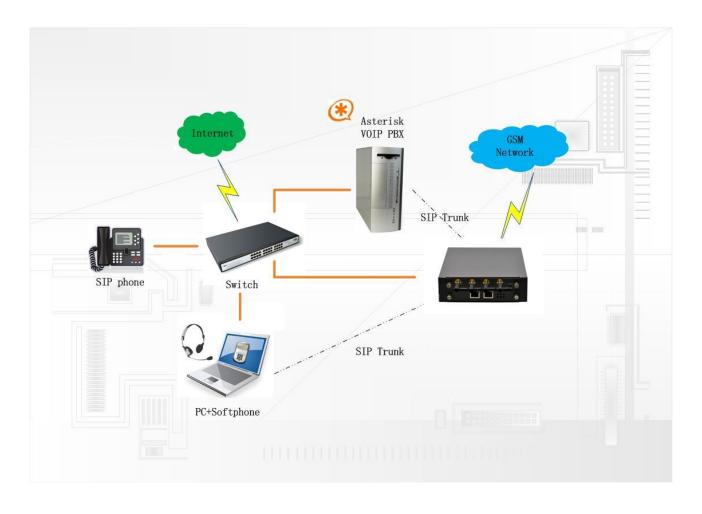
#### Network Features

- Support DDNS
- 2\*RJ45 Network port
  - ① ETH1: access Board 1 only, provide proxy access to other boards with different port numbers which can avoid IP conflict
  - ② ETH2: access different Boards with different IP addresses
- Network type: Static IP, Dynamic, PPPoE
- Support modify username and password for web login
- Support ping & traceroute command on the web

## Operation Maintenance

- Support SMS remotely controlling gateway
- Support Echo cancellation, Jitter buffer
- Support gateway boards and SIM hot plug
- Reboot settings (According to the running time, specific time)
- Update Firmware: HTTP
- Support multiple detailed LOG output
- Support Restore the factory settings
- Lifetime warranty

# **Application Diagrams**



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