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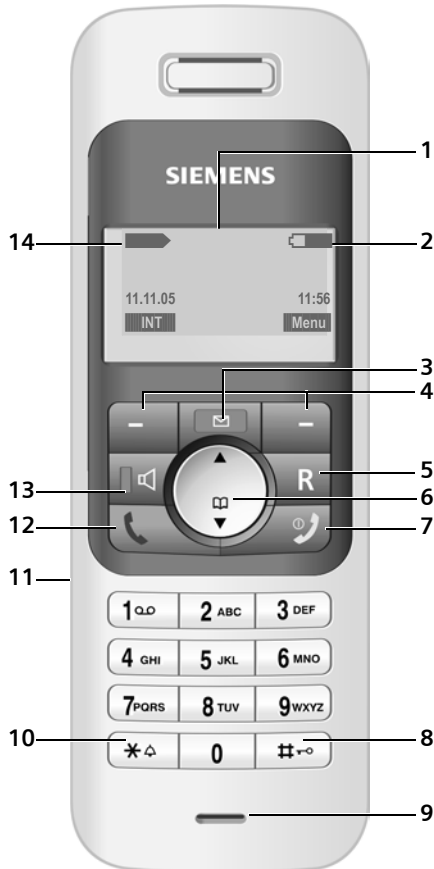
www.siemens.com/gigaset



Gigaset

C460 IP

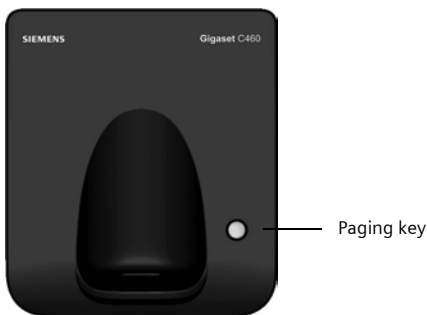
The handset at a glance



Handset keys

- 1 **Display** in idle status (example)
- 2 **Battery charge level**
 - (1/3 charged to fully charged)
 - flashes: battery almost flat
 - flashes: battery charging
- 3 **Message key**
 Opens calls and message lists
 Flashes: new message or new call
- 4 **Display keys** (page 10)
- 5 **Recall key**
 Enter flash (press briefly)
 Insert a pause (press and hold)
- 6 **Control key** (page 10)
- 7 **End call key, On/Off key**
 End call, cancel function, go back one menu level (press briefly), back to idle status (press and hold), activate/deactivate handset (press and hold in idle status)
- 8 **Hash key**
 Keypad lock on/off (press and hold, page 10)
 Toggle between upper/lower case letters and digits for text entry (page 29)
- 9 **Microphone**
- 10 **Star key**
 Ringtones on/off (press and hold in idle status),
- 11 **Connection socket for headset** (page 6)
- 12 **Talk key**
 Answer a call, open last number redial list (press briefly), start dialling (press and hold)
- 13 **Handsfree key**
 Switch between earpiece and handsfree mode
 Lights up: handsfree activated
 Flashes: incoming call
- 14 **Signal strength**
 - (low to high)
 - flashes: no reception

Base station at a glance



Base station key

- 1 **Paging key**
 Lights up: LAN connection active (phone is connected to router)
 Flashes: Data transfer to LAN connection
 Press **briefly**: start paging (page 33)
 Press and **hold**: set base station to registration mode (page 32)

Contents

The handset at a glance	1
Base station at a glance	1
Safety precautions	4
Gigaset C460 IP – more than just making calls	5
VoIP – Making calls via the Internet	5
First steps	6
Pack contents	6
Setting up the handset for use	6
Installing the base station	8
Connecting the base station	8
Making settings for VoIP telephony	9
Belt clip and headset	11
Menu trees	12
Phone menu	12
Web configurator menu	14
Making calls	15
Making an external call	15
Ending a call	15
Accepting a call	15
Calling Line Identification	16
Handsfree talking	17
Muting the handset	17
Dialling the emergency number	17
Operating the handset	17
Switching the handset on/off	17
Activating/deactivating the keypad lock	17
Control key	18
Display keys	18
Returning to idle status	18
Menu guidance	19
Correcting incorrect entries	19
Network services	20
Withholding your number for the next call	20
Making settings for all calls	20
Functions during a call	20
Functions after a call	21

Using the directory and lists	22
Directory	22
Last number redial list	23
Opening lists with the message key	24
Making cost-effective calls	25
Displaying the call duration	25
SMS (text messages)	26
Registering for SMS using the registration wizard	26
Registering without the registration wizard	27
Writing/sending an SMS	27
Receiving an SMS	27
Setting SMS centre	28
SMS on a PABX	29
Activating/deactivating the SMS function	29
SMS troubleshooting	29
Using the network mailbox	31
Configuring the network mailbox for fast access	31
Viewing the network mailbox message	31
Using several handsets	32
Registering handsets	32
De-registering handsets	32
Changing a handset's internal number	33
Changing the name of a handset	33
Locating a handset ("Paging")	33
Making internal calls	33
Handset settings	35
Change display language	35
Setting the display	35
Activating/deactivating auto-answer	35
Adjusting the loudspeaker volume	35
Changing ringtones	36
Activating/deactivating muting of the first ringtone	36
Advisory tones	36
Using the handset as an alarm clock	37

Restoring the handset default settings	37
Base station settings	38
Restoring the base station to factory settings	38
Activating/deactivating repeater mode	38
Setting up an emergency number ..	38
Set default connection	38
Updating the base station firmware .	39
Making VoIP settings	39
Using the connection wizard	39
Changing settings without the connection wizard	39
Setting the phone's IP address in LAN	40
Activating/deactivating display of VoIP status messages	41
Check the base station MAC address	41
Operating the base station on the PABX	41
Changing the dialling mode	41
Setting the flash time	42
Setting pauses	42
Switching temporarily to tone dialling (DTMF)	42
Web configurator	43
Configuring the phone via your PC ..	43
Connecting your PC to the Web configurator	43
Registering, setting the Web configurator language	43
De-registering	44
Structure of the Web pages	44
Opening Web pages	45
Setting phone with Web configurator	46
Checking status information via your phone	53

Appendix	54
Symbols and typographical conventions used	54
Care	54
Contact with liquid	54
Questions and answers	54
Voice quality and infrastructure	56
Service (Customer Care)	56
Approval	57
Guarantee Certificate	
United Kingdom	57
Specifications	58
Writing and editing a text message ..	59
PPPoE connection	60
Gigaset C460 IP – Free software	60
Accessories	67
Glossary	68
Index	78

Safety precautions

Please note:

Read the safety precautions and the user guide before use.

Explain their contents to your children, and the potential hazards associated with using the telephone.



Only use the mains adapter supplied, as indicated on the underside of the base station.



Fit only the **recommended rechargeable batteries (page 58)** of the same type! This means: do not use any other battery type or non-rechargeable batteries as this could result in significant health risks and personal injury.



Insert rechargeable batteries with the correct polarity, and use them according to this user guide (polarity symbols can be seen in the handset's battery compartment, page 6).



The operation of medical appliances may be affected. Be aware of the technical conditions in your particular environment, e.g. doctor's surgery.



Do not hold the rear side of the handset to the ear when it rings or when you have activated on the handsfree function. Otherwise you risk serious and permanent damage to your hearing.

The handset may cause an unpleasant humming noise in hearing aids.



Do not install the base station in bathrooms or shower rooms. The handset and base station are not splashproof (page 54).



Do not use your phone in environments with a potential explosion hazard (e.g. paint shops).



If you give your Gigaset to someone else, make sure you also give them the user guide.



All electrical and electronic products should be disposed of separately from the municipal waste stream via designated collection facilities appointed by the government or the local authorities.

This crossed-out wheeled bin symbol on the product means the product is covered by the European Directive 2002/96/EC.

The correct disposal and separate collection of your old appliance will help prevent potential negative consequences for the environment and human health. It is a precondition for reuse and recycling of used electrical and electronic equipment.

For more detailed information about disposal of your old appliance, please contact your local council refuse centre or the original supplier of the product.

Please note:

Not all of the functions described in this user guide are available in all countries.

Gigaset C460 IP – more than just making calls

Your phone lets you make calls both via the fixed network and (cost effectively) via the Internet (VoIP) **without using a PC**. It is secured against Internet **viruses** by its own network interface with protected operating system.

And your phone can do much more besides:

- ◆ By registering a second handset to your base station, you can use one handset to make a call via the fixed network and the other to make a call via the Internet.
- ◆ Configure the phone connection for VoIP without a PC. Your phone's connection wizard downloads general data about your VoIP provider from the Internet and guides you through entering your personal data (account). This makes it easy for you to start using VoIP (page 10).
- ◆ If necessary, establish any further required VoIP settings on a PC. The phone has a Web interface (**Web configurator**) that can be accessed via your PC's Web browser (page 43).
- ◆ Assign your own password (system PIN) to protect your device and the Web configurator from unauthorised access (page 38).
- ◆ You can operate your phone behind a router or a switch (depending on your provider). To operate behind a switch, you may need a firmware update from the Internet.
- ◆ Send and receive SMS messages via the fixed network (page 26).
- ◆ Save 100 phone numbers on your handset (page 22).

- ◆ You can programme the keys of your phone with important phone numbers. The phone number is then dialled by simply pressing the respective key (page 23).
- ◆ Use the handsfree function to keep your hands free when making a call (page 17).
- ◆ Use your handset as an alarm clock (page 37).

Have fun using your new telephone!

VoIP – Making calls via the Internet

With VoIP (**Voice over Internet Protocol**), your calls are not made via a fixed connection as in the telephone network, but rather they are transmitted via the Internet in the form of data packets.

You can take advantage of all the benefits of VoIP with your phone:

- ◆ You can make cost-effective calls with high voice quality with subscribers on the Internet, the fixed network or the mobile phone network.
- ◆ Your SIP provider will give you a personal number, with which you can be reached from the Internet, the fixed network and any mobile phone network.

To be able to use VoIP, you need the following:

- ◆ A broadband Internet connection (e.g. DSL) with flat rate or volume-based price
- ◆ Internet access, i.e. you need a router that will connect your phone to the Internet. You can find a list of recommended routers on the Internet at: <http://siemens.com/gigaset>
- ◆ Access to the services of a VoIP provider. Open an account with a VoIP provider.

First steps

Pack contents

The pack contains:

- ◆ one Gigaset C460 IP base station
- ◆ one Gigaset C46 handset
- ◆ one mains adapter for the base station
- ◆ one charging cradle incl. mains adapter
- ◆ one phone cord
- ◆ one Ethernet cable (LAN cable)
- ◆ two batteries
- ◆ one battery cover
- ◆ one belt clip
- ◆ one quick guide

Setting up the handset for use



The display is protected with a plastic film. **Please remove the protective film!**

Inserting the batteries

Please note:

Use only the rechargeable batteries recommended by Siemens Home and Office Communication Devices GmbH & Co. KG on page 58! This means: on no account may conventional (non-rechargeable) batteries or other battery types be used, otherwise serious damage to health and property cannot be ruled out, e.g. the outer casing of the batteries could be destroyed or the batteries could explode. The phone could also malfunction or be damaged as a result of using batteries that are not of the recommended type.

- ▶ Fit the batteries with the correct polarity (see diagram).

The polarity is indicated in/on the battery compartment.



Closing the battery cover

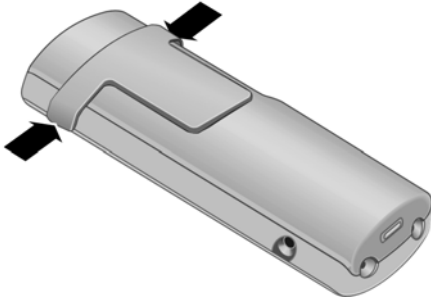
- ▶ First align the notches on the side of the battery cover with the lugs on the inside of the casing.
- ▶ Then press the cover so that it clicks into place.



Attaching the belt clip

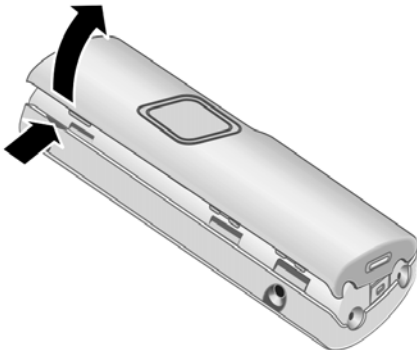
There are notches for attaching the belt clip on the side of the handset at the same height as the display.

- ▶ Press the belt clip onto the back of the handset so that the protrusions on the belt clip engage with the notches.



Opening the battery cover

- ▶ If fitted, remove belt clip.
- ▶ Insert a fingernail into the headset socket cavity and pull the battery cover upwards.



Connecting the charging cradle

Connecting up the charging cradle and mounting it on the wall (if required) is described at the end of this user guide.




- ▶ To charge the batteries, leave the handset in the charging cradle.

Please note:

- Only place the handset in the charging cradle that is intended for it.
- If the handset has switched itself off because the batteries are flat and if it is then placed in the charging cradle, it will switch itself on automatically.

For questions and problems see page 54.

Initial charging and discharging of batteries

Battery charging is indicated in the top right of the display by a flashing battery icon ,  or . During handset operation, the battery icon indicates the charge status of the batteries (page 1).

The correct charge status can only be displayed when the batteries are first fully charged **and** discharged through use.

- ▶ To do this, leave the handset in the charging cradle without interruption until the battery icon stops flashing in the display (approx. 13 hours).
- ▶ Once the batteries are fully charged, remove the handset from the charging cradle and do not put it back again until the batteries are fully discharged.

Please note:

After the first battery charge **and** discharge, you may replace your handset in the charging cradle after every call.

Please note:

- ◆ Always repeat the charging and discharging procedure if you remove the batteries from the handset and insert them in again.
- ◆ The batteries may warm up as they are charging. This is not dangerous.
- ◆ After a while the charge capacity of the batteries will decrease for technical reasons.

Please note:

You will find explanations for the symbols and typographical conventions used in this user guide in the appendix, page 54.

Setting the date and time

Menu → **Settings** → **Date/Time**



Enter the day, month and year with 6 digits and press **OK**.

Use to move between the fields.



Enter hours and minutes with 4 digits (e.g. 0 7 1 5 for 07.15 hrs) and press **OK**. Use to move between the fields.

The date and time are shown in the handset's idle display page 1.

Registering the handset to the base station

Your handset is registered to the base station by default.

Instructions on how to register further handsets to the base station are given on page 32.

Installing the base station

The base station is designed for use in closed, dry rooms with a temperature range of +5 °C to +45 °C.

- ▶ Set up the base station at a central point in the apartment or house.

Please note:

- ◆ Never expose the telephone to heat sources, direct sunlight, other electrical appliances.
- ◆ Protect your Gigaset from moisture, dust, corrosive liquids and vapours.

Connecting the base station

In order to be able to make calls with your phone via the fixed network and via VoIP, you must connect the base station to the fixed network and the Internet, see Figure 1.

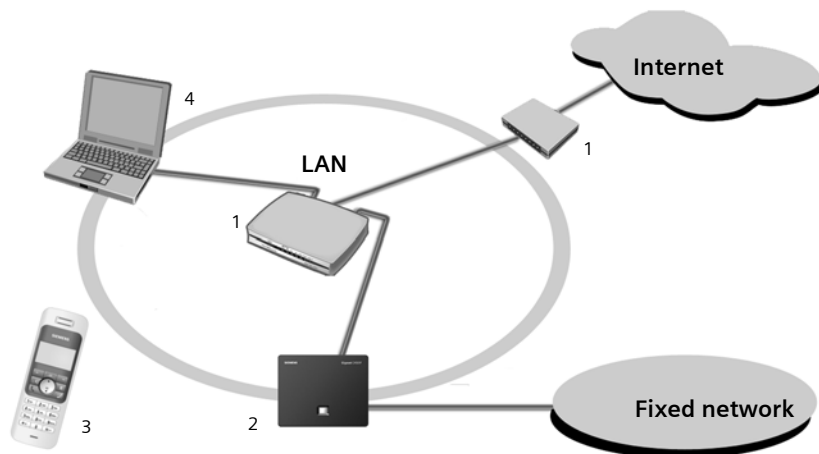


Figure 1 Connecting the phone to the fixed network and the Internet

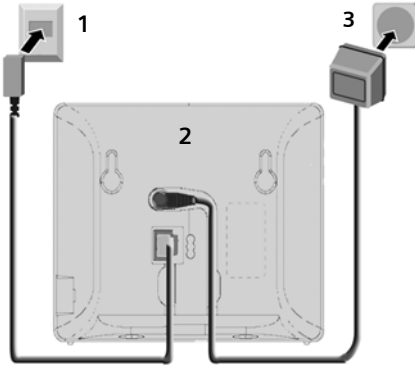
- 1 Internet connection:
Router with integrated modem or router and modem switch and modem
- 2 Gigaset C460 IP base station
- 3 Gigaset C46 handset
- 4 PC in LAN

Follow the steps in the order given below:

1. Connect the base station with the phone connection
2. Connect the base station with the mains power supply
3. Connect the base station with the router

Connecting the base station with the fixed network and the mains power supply

- **Please first** connect the phone jack and **then** the mains adapter, as shown below.

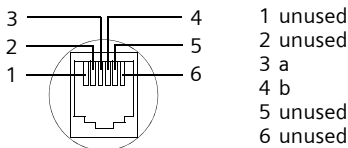


- 1 Phone jack with phone cord
- 2 Underside of the base station
- 3 Mains adapter 230 V

Please note:

- ◆ Keep the mains adapter **plugged in at all times** for operation, as the phone does not work without mains connection.
- ◆ If you buy a replacement phone cord from a retailer, ensure that the phone jack is connected correctly.

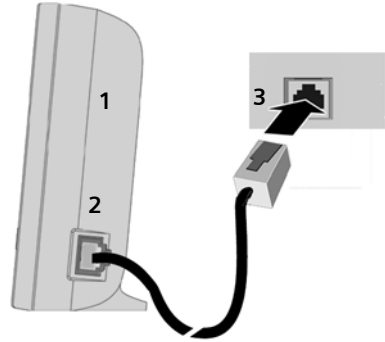
Correct phone jack assignment



You can now use your phone to make calls via the fixed network and can be reached at your fixed network number!

Connecting the base station with the router

For Internet access you need a router or a switch, connected to the Internet via a modem (if necessary, this can be integrated in the router).



- 1 Side view of the base station
- 2 Network plug (LAN) with network cable
- 3 Router (or switch) network plug

As soon as the cable connecting the phone and router is plugged in, the paging key lights up on the front of the base station.

Making settings for VoIP telephony

Precondition: You have registered with a VoIP provider (e.g. via your PC) and set up an account. The provider must support the VoIP SIP standard.

The following phone settings are necessary in order for you to use VoIP. You will receive all information from your VoIP provider.

- ◆ Your user name with the VoIP provider, if this is required by the VoIP provider
- ◆ Your registration name
- ◆ Your password with the VoIP provider
- ◆ VoIP provider general settings

The connection wizard will help you with the settings.

First steps

For many VoIP providers, the connection wizard downloads the general settings directly from the Internet. If your provider settings are not available for download, you must enter the data manually via the Web configurator (page 47).

Starting the connection wizard

Precondition: You have connected the base station with the mains power supply and the router.

Please note:

Your phone is preconfigured for dynamic assignment of the IP address. In order for your router to "recognise" the phone, dynamic IP address assignment must also be activated on the router, i.e. the router's DHCP server is activated. Turn to page 40 to find out how to assign your phone a static IP address if necessary.

If the handset battery is sufficiently charged, the message key on the handset will flash (around 20 minutes after you have put the handset in the charging cradle). Press the message key to start the connection wizard.

If the connection wizard starts automatically, a prompt will be displayed:

Yes Press the display key to confirm the prompt.

Make the VoIP settings with the help of the connection wizard.

Please note:



The connection wizard will also start automatically if you try to establish a connection via the Internet, before you have made the necessary settings.

You can also call up the connection wizard at any time via the menu (page 39).

Making VoIP settings

Precondition: The base station is connected to the Internet, i.e. the base station is connected to the router and the router has an Internet connection (page 9).

Downloading VoIP provider data

-  Select country and press **OK**.
-  Select VoIP provider and press **OK**.

The necessary data for your VoIP provider is downloaded and saved on the phone.

Please note:

If the data for your VoIP provider is not available for download, you can make the necessary settings with the Web configurator (page 47).

Entering VoIP user data

Username:

If this is required by your provider, enter name and press **OK**.

Authentication Name:

Enter name and press **OK**.

Authentication Password:

Enter password and press **OK**.

If the settings are correct and complete, a message will be displayed to this effect.

**You can now use your phone to make calls via the fixed network and the Internet!
Callers can reach you on your fixed network number and your VoIP number!**

Please note:

To ensure that you can always be reached via the Internet, the router should be permanently connected to the Internet.

Belt clip and headset

By using a belt clip and headset (optional) you can easily make your handset a constant companion both inside the building and in its immediate vicinity.

Attaching the belt clip

There are notches for attaching the belt clip on the side of the handset at approximately the same height as the display.

- Press the belt clip onto the back of the handset so that the protrusions on the belt clip engage with the notches.

Connection socket for headset

You can use headsets with jack connectors. The following models have been tested and are therefore recommended: HAMA Plantronics M40, MX100 and MX150.

The transmission quality of other models cannot be guaranteed.

Menu trees


Phone menu

There are two ways to select a function:

Using number combinations ("shortcut")

- ▶ To open the main menu, press **Menu** with the handset in idle status.
- ▶ Enter the number combination that is in front of the function in the menu tree.
- ▶ **Example:** **Menu** 4 2 2 for "Set handset language".

Scrolling through the menus

- ▶ To open the main menu, press **Menu** with the handset in idle status.
- ▶ Scroll to the function with the control key  and press **OK**.

1 SMS

1-1	Write Message					page 27
1-2	Incoming 00+00					
1-3	Outgoing					
1-6	Settings	1-6-1	Service Centres	1-6-1-1	Service Centre 1	page 28
				...	[to]	
				1-6-1-4	Service Centre 4	
		1-6-2	Register to Service Centres			

2 Alarm Clock

page 37

2-1	Activation
2-2	Wake up time

3 Audio Settings

3-1	Ringer Volume			page 36
3-2	Ringer Melody	3-2-1	External Calls	page 36
		3-2-2	Internal Calls	
		3-2-3	Alarm Clock	
3-3	Advisory Tones			page 37
3-4	Battery Low	3-4-1	Off	page 37
		3-4-2	On	
		3-4-3	During Call	

4 Settings

4-1	Date/Time					page 8
4-2	Handset	4-2-1	Display	4-2-1-1	Screensaver	page 35
				4-2-1-2	Colour Scheme	
				4-2-1-3	Contrast	
				4-2-1-4	Backlight	
		4-2-2	Language			page 35
		4-2-3	Auto Answer			page 35
		4-2-4	Register Handset			page 32
		4-2-5	Reset Handset			page 37
4-3	Base	4-3-1	Select Services Only displayed if Default Line Type = fixed line is set.	4-3-1-2	Network Mailbox	page 31
				4-3-1-3	Withhold Number	page 20
				4-3-1-6	For All Calls	page 20
				4-3-1-7	Cancel Ringback	page 21
		4-3-2	System PIN			
		4-3-3	Base Reset			
		4-3-4	Additional Features	4-3-4-1	Dialling Mode	page 41
				4-3-4-2	Recall	page 42
				4-3-4-3	Repeater Mode	page 38
				4-3-4-5	Additional Emergency No.	page 38
		4-3-6	VoIP Configuration	4-3-6-1	Connection Assistant	page 39
				4-3-6-2	Select VoIP Provider	
				4-3-6-3	Username	
				4-3-6-4	Authentication Name	
				4-3-6-5	Authentication Password	
				4-3-6-6	IP Configuration	

Menu trees

4-3-7	Default Line Type	4-3-7-1	IP	page 38
		4-3-7-2	fixed line	
4-3-8	Firmware Update			page 39

5 Voice Mail page 31

5-1	Set Key 1	5-1-1	Network Mailbox
-----	-----------	-------	-----------------

Web configurator menu

Home				page 43
Settings				
		IP configuration		page 46
		Telephony		
			VoIP	page 47
			DTMF	page 51
			Emergency numbers	page 51
		Miscellaneous		page 51, page 52
Status				page 53

Making calls

Making an external call

External calls are those that are made via the public telephone network (fixed network) or the Internet (VoIP). You determine what type of connection you want to use when you dial.


If you want to call a fixed-network subscriber via VoIP, you must always dial the number with the dialling code.

Please note:

If there are at least two handsets registered to your base station, you can use one to make a call via the fixed network and the other to make a call via the Internet (VoIP) at the same time.





Enter number/IP address and **briefly press/press and hold** the talk key.

The type of connection is determined by whether you press the talk key  briefly or press and hold it, i.e. you indicate whether you want to make a call via the fixed network or VoIP.

Selecting the connection type


A default connection is established on your phone (fixed network or VoIP).

- ▶ Press the talk key  **briefly** if you want to make the call via the default connection.
- ▶ Press and **hold** the talk key  if you want to make the call via the other connection type.

Please note:

You can change the setting for the default connection type (fixed network or VoIP) (page 38).

Cancelling the dialling operation

You can cancel the dialling operation with the end call key .

Entering an IP address

If you are making a call via VoIP, you can enter an IP address instead of a phone number.



Press the star key to separate the parts of the IP address (e.g. 149*246*122*28).



If necessary, press the hash key to attach the SIP port number of the person you are calling (page 75) to the IP address (e.g.

149*246*122*28#5060).

Please note:


- Dialling with the directory (page 22) or last number redial list (page 23) saves repeated keying of phone numbers.
- You can assign a number from the directory to a key for speed dialling (page 23).
- You can edit or add to any phone number selected by means of quick dial or from the directory and use it for the current call.

Ending a call





Press the end call key.

Accepting a call

The handset indicates an incoming call in three ways: by ringing, by a display on the screen and by the flashing handsfree key .

You can answer the call by:

- ▶ Pressing the talk key .
- ▶ Pressing the handsfree key .

If the handset is in the charging cradle and the **Auto Answer** function is activated (page 35), the handset will take a call automatically when you lift it out of the cradle.

If the ringtone is intrusive, press



Silent. You can accept the call so long as it is displayed on the screen.

Calling Line Identification

When you receive a call from the Internet, the caller's number and/or the name they have specified is displayed on the screen.

When you receive a call from the fixed network, the caller's number and/or name is displayed on the screen if the following conditions are met:

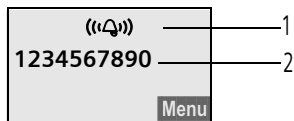
- ◆ Your fixed network provider supports CLIP, CLI and CNIP:
 - CLI (Calling Line Identification): the caller's number is transmitted
 - CLIP (Calling Line Identification Presentation): the caller's number is displayed
 - CNIP (Calling Name Identification Presentation): the caller's name is displayed
- ◆ You have arranged CLIP or CNIP with your network provider.
- ◆ The caller has arranged CLI with the network provider.

If the phone number is identified and the caller's number is saved in your directory, the name will be displayed from the directory.

Call display

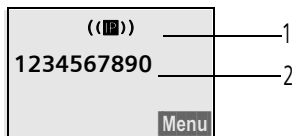
By means of the ringtone icon on the screen, you can decide whether the call is directed to your fixed network number or to your VoIP number.

Calls to your fixed network number



- 1 Ringtone icon
- 2 Number or name of caller

Calls to your VoIP number



- 1 Ringtone icon
- 2 Number or name of caller

Display when Calling Line Identification is withheld

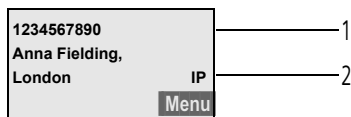
For calls from the fixed network, the caller can withhold calling line identification or not request it. In this case the number is not displayed. The following is displayed in place of the number:

- ◆ **External Call**, if no number is transmitted.
- ◆ **Withheld**, if the caller has withheld Calling Line Identification.
- ◆ **Unavailable**, if the caller has not arranged Calling Line Identification.

Display with CNIP

Precondition: Call from the fixed network.

If you have CNIP, then the name (town) that is registered with your network provider for that calling number will **also** be displayed. If the caller's number is saved in your directory then the directory entry will be shown.



- 1 Caller's number
- 2 Name and town (IP is displayed for calls made via the Internet)

The display shows:

- ◆ **External Call**, if no number is transmitted.
- ◆ **Withheld**, if the caller has withheld Calling Line Identification.
- ◆ **Unavailable**, if the caller has not arranged Calling Line Identification.

Handsfree talking

In handsfree mode, instead of holding the handset to your ear you can put it down, e.g. on the table in front of you, to allow others to participate in the call.

Activating/deactivating handsfree mode

Activating while dialling



Enter number and press briefly/press and hold the handsfree key to select the connection type (page 15).

- ▶ You should inform your caller before you use the handsfree function so that they know someone else is listening.



Switching between earpiece and handsfree mode



Press the handsfree key.

Switch handsfree on and off during a call.

If you wish to place the handset in the charging cradle during a call:

- ▶ Press and hold the handsfree key  while placing the handset in the charging cradle. If the handsfree key  does not light up, press the key again.

For how to adjust the loudspeaker volume, see page 35.

Muting the handset

You can deactivate the microphone in your handset during an external call. The other party hears a wait melody.

Muting the handset



Press the display key.

Cancelling muting



Press the display key.

Dialling the emergency number

If a number is saved as an emergency number, it is automatically dialled via the fixed network. The selected connection type (Internet or fixed network) is irrelevant for dialling an entered emergency number.



Enter the emergency number and press the talk key.

Operating the handset

Switching the handset on/off




Press and **hold** the end call key.

You will hear the confirmation tone.

Activating/deactivating the keypad lock




Press and **hold** the hash key.

You will hear the confirmation tone. The  icon appears in the display when the keypad lock is activated.

The keypad lock deactivates automatically when you receive a call and activates again after the call.

Please note:

The handset displays an advisory message if you press a key by accident while the keypad lock is on. To deactivate the keypad lock, press and **hold** the hash key .

Control key



1 Control key

In this user guide, the side of the control key that you must press in the given operating situation is shown in black (top, bottom). Example: (▲) for "press the top of the control key".

The control key has a number of different functions:

When the handset is in idle status

- (▲) Open the directory.
- (▲) Adjust the ringtone volume of the handset (page 36).

In lists and menus

- (▲) / (▼) Scroll up/down line by line.

In an input field

- (▲) / (▼) Move the cursor **left** or **right**.

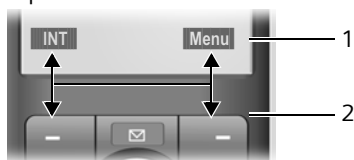
During an external call

- (▲) Open the directory.
- (▲) Adjust loudspeaker volume for earpiece and handsfree mode.

Display keys

The current display functions are shown in the bottom display line in reversed highlights. The function of the display keys changes depending on the particular operating situation.

Example:



1 Current display key functions

2 Display keys

The most important display symbols are:

- Back** Go back one menu level or cancel the operation.
- INT** Make an internal call (page 33).
- Menu** Open the main menu or a context-dependent menu.
- OK** Confirm highlighted selection.
- ◀C** Delete key: deletes one character at a time from right to left.

Returning to idle status

You wish to return to idle status from anywhere in the menu:

- ▶ Press the end call key  and hold.

Or:

- ▶ Do not press any key: after 2 minutes the display will **automatically** revert to idle status.

Changes that you have not confirmed/saved by pressing **OK** will be rejected.

For an example of the display in idle status, page 1.


Menu guidance

Your telephone's functions are accessed using a menu that has a number of levels.

Main menu (first menu level)

- ▶ To open the main menu, press **Menu** with the handset in idle status.

Accessing a function

- ▶ Scroll to the function with the control key  and press **OK**.

Or:


- ▶ Enter the number that is in front of the function in the menu tree (page 12).

The corresponding submenu (the next menu level) is opened.

Submenus


The functions in the submenus are displayed as lists.

To access a function:


- ▶ Scroll to the function with the control key  and press **OK**.

Or:

- ▶ Enter the number combination that is in front of the function in the menu tree (page 12).

A short press on the end call key  returns you to the previous menu level / cancels the operation.

Correcting incorrect entries

- ◆ Navigate to the incorrect input with the control key if  is displayed.
- ◆ Press **⌫** to delete the character to the left of the cursor.
- ◆ Insert new character to the left of the cursor.
- ◆ When entering the time and date etc., edit the flashing character.

You will find explanations for the symbols and typographical conventions used in this user guide in the appendix, page 54.

Network services

The following network services can currently only be used for making calls via the fixed network.

Please note:

The **Settings → Base → Select Services** menu is only displayed if you have set the fixed network as your default connection (page 38).

Network services are functions that your network provider makes available to you. You have to request these services from your network provider.


- If you require assistance, please contact your network provider.

Withholding your number for the next call

You can withhold your number for the next call (CLIR), provided that the "Withhold calling line identification on a case-by-case basis" feature is supported by your network provider.


The setting will revert to the default when the call ends and your number will be displayed once again, even if you dial the same number again from the last number redial list.

Menu → **Settings** → **Base** → **Select Services** → **Withhold Number**

 Enter the number and press the talk key.

Making settings for all calls

If you have completed one of the following procedures, a code is sent.

- After confirmation from the telephone network, press the end call key .


Setting up call diversion

Menu → **Settings** → **Base** → **Select Services** → **For All Calls** → **Call Divert**

Setting up call forwarding

All Calls / No Answer / When Busy
Select and press **OK**.

On Select and press **OK**.

 Enter number and press **OK**.

Deactivating call forwarding

All Calls / No Answer / When Busy
Off Select and press **OK**.

Call forwarding is deactivated.

Activating/deactivating call waiting

When call waiting is activated, the caller will hear the ringing tone if you are already making a call. This call is announced acoustically and visually on your handset screen.

Accepting/rejecting call waiting, see page 21.

Menu → **Settings** → **Base** → **Select Services** → **For All Calls** → **Call Waiting**


On / Off Select and press **OK**.

Functions during a call

Initiating ringback

You hear the busy tone.


Menu → **Ringback**

 Press the end call key.

Consultation

During a call:



Menu → **External Call**

 Enter a number or copy it from the directory and press **OK**.

Please note:

After a few seconds, the number selected for a consultation call is saved in the last number redial list.

You have the following options:

- ◆ **Toggling:**
 - ▶ Use  to toggle between the participants.
 - End call with active participant:
Menu **End Active Call.**
- ◆ **Conference call:**
 - Talk to both participants:
Menu **Conference Call.**
 - End conference call (toggle):
Menu **End Conference.**
 - End call with both participants: Press the end call key .
- ◆ **Diverting call:**
 - Connecting two external participants: **Menu** **Call Transfer.**

You can also connect the participants with each other before the second participant answers.

Accepting a waiting call

Precondition: Call waiting is activated (page 20).

Menu → **Accept Call Waiting**

You have the option of toggling or holding a conference call.

Please note:

- Without CLIP a waiting call is only announced with a beep.
- If the first call was an internal call, the internal connection is ended.
- An internal call waiting is shown on the display. You can neither accept the internal call nor reject it.

Rejecting a waiting call

Menu → **Reject Call Waiting**
Select and press **OK**.

Favouring a waiting call


Menu → **Favour Call Waiting**
Select and press **OK**.

Functions after a call

Cancelling ringback

Menu → **Settings** → **Base** → **Select Services** → **Cancel Ringback**

If you have cancelled the ringback, a code is sent.

- ▶ After confirmation from the telephone network, press the end call key .

Using the directory and lists

The options are:


- ◆ Directory
- ◆ Last number redial list
- ◆ SMS list
- ◆ Calls list

You can save 100 entries in the directory.

You can create a personalised directory for your own individual handset. However, you can send the list or individual entries to other handsets (page 23).

Directory

In the **directory** you store numbers and matching names.

- ▶ With the handset in idle status, open the directory by pressing the  key.

Length of an entry

Number: max. 32 digits


Name: max. 16 characters


Please note:

- Always enter the phone number with a dialling code. You will need this if you want to call a fixed network subscriber via VoIP.
- You can assign a number from the directory to a key for quick dial (page 23).

Saving the first number in the directory

 → **Directory empty New Entry?**


 Enter number and press **OK**.

 Enter the name and press **OK**.


Please note:

To find out how to enter IP addresses, turn to page 15.

Saving a number in the directory

 → **Menu** → **New Entry**



 Enter number and press **OK**.

 Enter the name and press **OK**.



Selecting a directory entry


 Open the directory.

You have the following options:

- ◆ Use  to scroll to the entry until the required name is selected.
- ◆ Enter the first character of the name, or scroll to the entry with .

Dialling with the directory

 →  (select entry; page 22)

 Briefly press/press and hold the talk key. The number is dialled using the selected connection type (page 15).

Please note:


You can only dial IP addresses via VoIP.


Managing directory entries

You have selected an entry (page 22).

Editing entries

Menu → **Edit Entry**

 Edit the number if required, and press **OK**.

 Edit the name if required, and press **OK**.



Assigning a key


You can assign keys 0 and 2 to 9 with a number. The number is then dialled by simply pressing a key.

Menu → **Shortcut**

Assign to the current entry for quick dial to a selected key.

Using other functions

 →  (select entry; page 22)
→ **Menu**

The following functions can be selected with :

Use Number

Edit or add to a saved number. Then dial or use other functions with **Menu**.

Delete Entry

Delete selected entry.

Send Entry

Send a single entry to another handset (page 23).

Delete List

Delete **all** directory entries.

Send List

Send the complete list to another handset (page 23).



Using quick dial keys


- ▶ Press and **hold** the required quick dial key (page 22).

Sending the directory to another handset

Requirements:

- ◆ The sending and receiving handsets must both be registered to the same base station.
- ◆ The other handset can send and receive directory entries.

 →  (Select entry; page 22)
→ **Menu** → **Send Entry / Send List**

 Enter the internal number of the receiving handset and press **OK**.

A successful transfer is confirmed by a message and confirmation tone on the receiving handset.

If you have sent a single entry, you can transfer another entry with **OK**.

Please note:

- ◆ Entries with identical numbers are not overwritten in the receiver handset.
- ◆ The transfer is cancelled if the phone rings or if the memory of the receiving handset is full.

Copying a displayed number to the directory

You can copy numbers that are displayed in a list, e.g. the calls list or last number redial list, to the directory.



A number is displayed.

Menu → **Copy to Directory**

- ▶ Complete the entry (page 22).

Copying a number from the directory




You can open the directory in many operating situations e.g. to copy a number. Your handset need not be in idle status.

-  Open the directory.
-  Select an entry (page 22).


Last number redial list

The last number redial list contains the ten numbers last dialled with the handset (max. 32 numbers). If one of the numbers is in the directory, then the corresponding name will be displayed.

Dialling from the last number redial list


-  Press the key **briefly**.
-  Select an entry.
-  Briefly press/press and hold the talk key. The number is dialled using the selected connection type (page 15).

Managing entries in the last number redial list

 Press the key **briefly**.

 Select an entry.

Menu Press the display key.

The following functions can be selected with :

Use Number

(as in the directory, page 23)

Copy to Directory

An entry is transferred to the directory (page 23).


Delete Entry

(as in the directory, page 23)

Delete List

(as in the directory, page 23)

Opening lists with the message key


You can use the message key  to open the following lists:


◆ SMS list

◆ Network mailbox

If your network provider supports this function and the network mailbox is configured for fast access (page 31).

◆ Calls list

An advisory tone sounds as soon as a **new message** arrives in a list. The message key  flashes. A message appears in the display.

When you press the flashing key , you will see all the lists that contain new messages. If only one list contains new messages, this will be opened automatically.

Please note:

If calls are saved in the network answering machine you will receive a message if the appropriate settings have been made (see the network mailbox instructions of your network provider).

Calls list

Precondition: CLIP (page 16)

The numbers of the last 30 incoming calls are saved. Multiple calls from the same number are all saved.

The calls list is displayed as follows:

Calls List: 01+02

Number of new entries + number of old, read entries

Opening the calls list

 → **Calls List: 01+02**

 Select entry.

The last incoming call is displayed in the **calls list**.

List entry

Example of a list entry:

New Call	01/02
1234567890	
11.03.06	19:27
Back	Menu

◆ Status of entry

In the calls list

New Call: new missed call

Old Call: entry already read

◆ Entry number

01/02 means e.g.: first of a total of two entries.

◆ Number or name of caller

You can add the number of the caller to the directory (page 23).

◆ Call date and time (if set, page 8).

Displaying CNIP information

If you have requested CNIP, you can view the name and town that are registered for this number with your network provider.

You have selected a list entry.

Menu → **Show Name**

If the name and town are not shown, it means that the caller has not requested Calling Line Identification or that Calling Line Identification has been withheld.

OK Press the display key to return to the list.

Selecting from the calls list

✉ → **Calls List: 01+02**



Select entry.



Briefly press/press and hold the talk key. The number is dialled using the selected connection type (page 15).

Managing entries in the calls list

✉ → **Calls List: 01+02**



Select entry.

Menu Press the display key.

The following functions can be selected with :

Copy to Directory

An entry is copied to the directory (page 23).

Delete Entry (as in the directory, page 23)

Delete List (as in the directory, page 23)

Making cost-effective calls

Using the Internet (VoIP) is the preferred cost-effective way of making calls. If you make calls via the fixed network, select a network provider who offers very low call charges (call-by-call) or have the call duration displayed on your handset after the call.

Displaying the call duration

The duration of a call is displayed

- ◆ during the conversation,
- ◆ until about three seconds after the call has ended if you do not replace the handset in the charging cradle.

Please note:

The actual duration of the call can vary from that shown by a few seconds.

SMS (text messages)

You can only send and receive SMS messages via the fixed network.

When an SMS is sent, the base station automatically establishes a connection via the fixed network.

Your unit is supplied ready for you to send SMS messages immediately.

Requirements:

- ◆ Calling Line Identification (CLIP, page 16) is enabled for your phone connection.
- ◆ Your network provider supports SMS in the fixed network (information on this can be obtained from your network provider).
- ◆ You are registered with your service provider to send and receive SMS.

SMS messages are exchanged between SMS centres that are operated by service providers. You must enter the SMS centre in the phone through which you wish to send and receive. You can receive SMS from **every** SMS centre that is entered provided you have registered with your service provider. The registration wizard (page 26) will help you to register.

Your text message is sent through the SMS centre that is active. However, you can activate any other SMS centre to send a current message (page 28).

If no SMS centre has been entered, an error message will be displayed as soon as you try to send an SMS. Enter an SMS centre (page 28).

Please note:

- ◆ If your phone is connected to a PABX, please read page 29.
- ◆ You must be registered with your service provider to receive SMS messages.
- ◆ Each incoming SMS is signalled by a single ring (ringtone as for external calls). If you accept such an SMS call on the first ring, the SMS will be lost. To prevent this, suppress the first ringtone for all external calls (page 36).

Registering for SMS using the registration wizard

You can use the registration wizard to register with all service providers whose number you have entered to send and receive SMS messages.

Precondition:

- ◆ You must have saved a number for at least one SMS centre.

When you call up the SMS menu for the first time, the wizard automatically registers you with accessible SMS centres whose number you have entered. You can also use the registration wizard to register with SMS centres at a later time.

Menu → **SMS** (on 1st call)

Menu → **SMS** → **Register to Service Centres** (later)

Yes Press the soft key to confirm the prompt.

You can now receive SMS messages from any of the SMS centres whose number you have entered (page 28).

Registering without the registration wizard

Writing/sending an SMS

An SMS may contain up to 160 characters.

Writing/sending SMS

Menu → **SMS** → **Write Message**



Write an SMS. For how to enter the text, see page 59.

Menu **Send Text**

Select and press **OK**.



Enter the number with dialling code (including your local area code) from the directory or key it in manually, and press **OK**.

For SMS to an SMS mailbox: put the mailbox ID at the **end** of the number.

The SMS is sent.

Please note:

If you are interrupted by an external call while writing an SMS, the text is automatically saved in the draft message list.

Draft message list

In the draft message list, you can save, edit later and send an SMS.

Saving an SMS in the draft message list

You write an SMS (page 27).

Menu → **Save Text**

Opening the draft message list

Menu → **SMS** → **Outgoing**

The first entry in the list is displayed, e.g.:



01/02: Current number/total number of SMS messages

Reading or deleting individual SMS messages

► Open the draft message list.



Select SMS.

Menu **Read SMS**

Select and press **OK** to read the message. Scroll in the SMS using .

Or:

Menu **Delete Entry**

Select and press **OK** to delete the message.

Writing an SMS

You are reading an SMS in the draft message list.

Menu Press the soft key.

Write Message

Write and then send a new SMS (page 27) or save.

Deleting draft message list

► Open the draft message list.

Menu **Delete List**

Select and press **OK**.



Press the soft key to confirm the delete. The list is cleared.



Press and **hold** (idle status).

Receiving an SMS

All received SMS messages are saved in the incoming message list. If you receive a linked SMS, a maximum of 160 characters can be displayed. Since an SMS remains in the list even after it has been read, you should regularly delete SMS messages from the list.


The display tells you if the SMS memory is full.

► Deleting SMS messages you no longer require (page 28).

Incoming message list

The incoming message list contains:

- ◆ All received SMS messages, starting with the latest.
- ◆ Messages that could not be sent on account of an error.

New SMS messages are signalled on all Gigaset C46 handsets by a message in the display, the flashing message key  and an advisory tone.

Opening the incoming message list with the key

 Press.

The incoming message list is displayed as follows (example):

SMS:	01+05
------	-------

01+05: The number of new + the number of old, read messages

An entry in the list is displayed e.g. as follows:

New	01/02
1234567890	
11.03.06	19:27
Back	Menu

01/02: Current number of the SMS currently in the display / total number of new SMS messages

Opening the incoming message list via the SMS menu

Menu → **SMS** → **Incoming 01+05**

Reading or deleting individual SMS messages

- ▶ Open the incoming message list.
- ▶ Continue as for reading/deleting individual SMS from the draft message list, page 27.

A new message which you have read acquires the status **Old**.

Deleting incoming message list

All **new and old** SMS in the list are deleted.

- ▶ Open the incoming message list.

Menu Press the soft key.

- ▶ Continue as described at "Deleting draft message list", page 27.

Replying to or forwarding SMS messages

You are reading an SMS (page 28).

Menu Press the soft key.

You have the following options:

Reply

Write and send a reply SMS directly (page 27).

Send Text

Forward the text of an SMS to another recipient (page 27).

Adding a number to the directory

Adding the sender's number

You are reading an SMS in the incoming message list.

Menu Press the soft key.

For further information, see page 23.

Setting SMS centre

You can set up a maximum of four SMS centres.

Entering/changing SMS centres

- ▶ You should find out about the services and special functions offered by your service provider **before you make a new application** and before you delete preconfigured phone numbers.

Menu → **SMS** → **Settings** → **Service Centres**

- ◀ Select SMS centre (e.g. **Service Centre 1**) and press **OK**.

You have the following options:

Active Send Serv. Centre

If the SMS messages are to be sent through this SMS centre, press **OK** to activate the SMS centre (✓ = on). If a different SMS centre was active previously, then this will be deactivated. With SMS centres 2, 3 and 4, the setting only applies to the next SMS.

SMS

Enter the number of the SMS centre and press **OK**.

Sending an SMS through another SMS centre

- ▶ Activate the SMS centre (2 or 3) as the active send service centre (page 28).
- ▶ Send the SMS.

This setting only applies to the next SMS to be sent. After that, the setting returns to **Service Centre 1**.

SMS on a PABX

- ◆ You can only receive an SMS when the **Calling Line Identification** (page 16) is **forwarded** to the extension of the PABX (**CLIP**). The CLIP of the phone number for the SMS centre is evaluated in your **Gigaset**.
- ◆ Depending on your PABX, you may have to add the access code (external line prefix) before the number of the SMS centre.
If in doubt, test your PABX e.g. by sending an SMS to your own phone number, once with and once without the access code.
- ◆ When you send SMS messages, your sender number may be sent without your extension number. In this case the recipient cannot reply to you directly.

Sending and receiving SMS **on ISDN PABXs** is only possible via the MSN number assigned to your base station.

Activating/deactivating the SMS function


When you switch off you cannot send or receive any SMS messages with your phone.

Settings which you have made for sending and receiving SMS messages (the numbers of SMS centres) and any entries in the incoming message and draft message lists will be retained even after the function is deactivated.

Menu 4 3 9 2 6

 **0 OK** Deactivate the SMS function.

Or:

 **1 OK** Activate the SMS function (default settings).

SMS troubleshooting

Error codes when sending

If an SMS cannot be sent for a longer period of time, it is moved to the incoming message list and given the status Error XX.

EO	Calling Line Identification permanently withheld (CLIR) or Calling Line Identification not activated.
FE	Error occurred during SMS transfer.
FD	Connection to SMS centre failed, see self-help.

Self-help with errors

The following table lists error situations and possible causes and provides notes on troubleshooting.

You cannot send messages.

1. You have not requested the CLIP service (Calling Line Identification Presentation, page 16).
 - ▶ Ask your service provider to enable this service.
2. SMS transmission has been interrupted (e.g. by a call).
 - ▶ Re-send the SMS.
3. Network provider does not support this feature.
4. No phone number or an invalid phone number is entered for the SMS centre activated as the active send service centre.
 - ▶ Enter phone number (page 28).

You receive an incomplete SMS.

1. Your phone's memory is full.
 - ▶ Delete old SMS messages (page 28).
2. The service provider has not yet sent the rest of the SMS.

The message is played back.

1. The "display call number" service is not activated.
 - ▶ Ask your service provider to activate this function (chargeable).
2. Mobile phone operator and network SMS service provider have not agreed on a cooperation.
 - ▶ Obtain information from your network SMS service provider.
3. Your terminal is recorded by your SMS provider as having no fixed network SMS functionality, i.e. you are no longer registered with the provider.
 - ▶ Register your terminal (again) for SMS reception (page 26).

SMS messages are only received as voice messages during the day.

The terminal is recorded in your SMS provider's database as having no fixed network SMS functionality, i.e. you are no longer registered with the provider.

- ▶ Register your terminal (again) for SMS reception (page 26).

You cannot access the SMS functions on your handset.

Another handset that is registered at the same base station is currently using the SMS functions.

- ▶ Wait until there is no other handset using the SMS functions.

Using the network mailbox

Some fixed network providers and VoIP providers offer answering machines on the network – network mailboxes.

You can use the relevant network mailbox if you have **requested** it from your fixed network or VoIP provider.

The network mailbox only answers incoming calls made via the relevant line (fixed network or VoIP). To record all calls, you should therefore set up network mailboxes for both fixed network and VoIP.

Please note:

You can only set up fast access to one of the network mailboxes.

You can assign the number for the second network mailbox a quick dial digit in the directory (e.g. the 2 key) (page 22). The quick dial digit must be assigned for each handset.

Configuring the network mailbox for fast access

With fast access you can dial a network mailbox directly.

The network mailbox is preconfigured for fast access. You only need to enter the number of a network mailbox.

Configuring the network mailbox for fast access and entering the network mailbox number

Menu → **Voice Mail** → **Set Key 1**

Network Mailbox

Select and press **OK** (✓ = fast access activated).



Enter the network mailbox number and press **OK**.
The entry is saved.



Press and **hold** (idle status).

Fast access is automatically activated.

To deactivate fast access, you must delete the number.

This setting is now valid for all registered handsets.

Please note:

If no number has been entered: press and **hold 1** to enter the number.

Calling the network mailbox

1

Press and **hold**. You are connected straight to the network mailbox.



If necessary, press the hands-free key. You hear the network mailbox announcement.

Activating/deactivating the network mailbox

Menu → **Settings** → **Base** → **Select Services** → **Network Mailbox**

On / Off Select and press **OK**.

Viewing the network mailbox message

If a message arrives for you, you receive a call from the network mailbox. If you have requested Calling Line Identification, the display shows the network mailbox number. If you accept the call, the new messages are played back. If you do not accept the call, the network mailbox number will be saved in the missed calls list and the message key flashes (page 23).

Using several handsets

Registering handsets

You can register up to six handsets to your base station.

Please note:

- If there are several handsets registered to your base station, you can use one to make a call via the fixed network and the other to make a call via the Internet at the same time.
- As a rule, all calls from a registered GAP handset are dialled via the connection type (fixed network or VoIP, see page 38) that has been set up as **Default Line Type**. If you want to establish a connection via the other connection type, enter a "*" (star) after the phone number. **Example:** 1234567*.

Registering another Gigaset C46 handset

Before you can use your handset, you must register it to a base station.

You must initiate handset registration on the handset and on the base station.

If the handset has been registered successfully you will see the display key **INT** at the bottom left of the display. Otherwise repeat the procedure.

On the handset

Menu → **Settings** → **Handset** → **Register Handset**



Enter the system PIN of the base station (the default is 0000) and press **OK**. The display shows e.g. **Registering** and **Base** is flashing.

On the base station

- Within 60 secs. press and **hold** the registration/paging key on the base station (page 1) (min. 1 sec.).

Please note:

If six handsets are already registered to the base station, there are two options:

- The handset with the internal number 6 is in idle status: the handset you wish to register is assigned the number 6. The handset that was previously number 6 is de-registered.
- The handset with the internal number 6 is being used: the handset you wish to register cannot be registered.

Registering other handsets

You can register other Gigaset handsets and handsets for other devices with GAP functionality as follows.

On the handset

- ▶ Start to register the handset as described in its user guide.

On the base station

- Press and hold the registration/paging key on the base station (page 1) (min. 1 sec.).

De-registering handsets

You can de-register any registered C46 handset from any registered handset.



Press the display key. All registered handsets are displayed.



Select the handset to be de-registered.



Press the display key.

De-register Handset

Select and press **OK**.



Enter the base station system PIN (default setting: 0000).



Press the display key to confirm the prompt.



Press and **hold** (idle status).

The handset is de-registered immediately, even if it is not in idle status.

Changing a handset's internal number

A handset is automatically assigned the lowest available number on registration. In the list of internal subscribers, the handset is sorted according to its internal number.

You can change the internal number of all registered handsets (1–6). Numbers 1–6 can only be assigned once each.

INT Press the display key.

Menu Press the display key.

Edit Handset Number

Select and press **OK**.



Select handset.



Enter number (1–6).



Press the display key to complete the operation.

You will hear the error tone if an internal number has been allocated twice.

- ▶ Repeat the procedure with a free number.

Changing the name of a handset

The names "INT 1", "INT 2" etc. are assigned at registration. You can change these names. The changed name is displayed in every handset's list.

INT Press the display key.



Select handset.



Press the display key.

Change Handset Name

Select and press **OK**.



Enter name (max. 10 characters) and press **OK**.

Locating a handset ("Paging")

You can locate your handset using the base station.

- ▶ Press the registration/paging key on the base station (page 1) **briefly**.
- ▶ All handsets will ring at the same time ("paging"), even if the ringtones are switched off.

Ending paging



Briefly press the registration/paging key on the base station (page 1) or press the talk key on the handset.

Making internal calls

Internal calls to other handsets registered on the same base station are free.

Calling a specific handset



Press the display key.



Select handset and press the talk key.

Or:



Enter the number of the handset.

Calling all handsets ("group call")



Press the display key.



Press the star key.

Or:

Call All Select and press the talk key.

Ending a call




Press the end call key.

Transferring a call to another handset


You can forward (connect) an external call, made via fixed network or VoIP, to another handset.

INT Press the display key.
The external participant hears the hold music.

 Select handset or **Call All** and press **OK**.

When an internal participant answers:

► If necessary announce the external call.


 Press the end call key.

The call is transferred. If the internal participant does not answer or their phone is in use the call will automatically return to you.

Internal consultation calls

You are talking to an **external** participant (via fixed network or VoIP) and can call an **internal** participant at the same time to hold a consultation call.

INT Press the display key.
The external participant hears the hold music.

 Select handset or **Call All** and press **OK**.

When an internal participant answers you can speak to them.

Ending a consultation call


Menu Press the display key.


Back Select and press **OK**.

You are reconnected with the external participant.

Accept call waiting during an internal call

If you get an **external** call while conducting an **internal** call, you will hear the call waiting tone (short tone). With Calling Line Identification, the caller's number or name will appear in the display.

 Press the end call key to end the internal call.

 Press the talk key to take the external call.

Handset settings

Your handset is preconfigured, but you can change these settings to suit your individual requirements.

Change display language

You can view the display texts in different languages.

Menu → **Settings** → **Handset** → **Language**

The current language is indicated by ✓.



Select a language and press **OK**.



Press and **hold** (idle status).

If you accidentally choose a language you do not understand:

Menu 4 2 2

Press keys one after the other.



Select the correct language and press **OK**.

Setting the display

You have a choice of four colour schemes and several different contrasts. You can also set a screensaver and backlight.

Menu → **Settings** → **Handset** → **Display**

You have the following options:

Screensaver

There are four different screensavers and the settings **No Screensaver** or **Digital Clock**.

Colour Scheme

Four colour schemes. When the backlight is switched off, the display is shown in black and white regardless of the selected setting.

Contrast

You have a choice of several different contrasts.


Backlight

In Charger / Without Charger. Determines whether the backlight stays on permanently or is switched off after a certain time (✓ = permanently switched on).

Please note:

If the backlight is switched on outside the charging cradle, the standby time for the handset is considerably reduced!

Activating/deactivating auto-answer

When this function is activated simply lift the handset from the base to answer the phonecall without having to press the talk key .

Menu → **Settings** → **Handset**

Auto Answer

Select and press **OK** (✓ = on).



Press and **hold** (idle status).

Adjusting the loudspeaker volume

You can set the loudspeaker volume for handsfree talking to five different levels and the earpiece volume to three different levels. You can only adjust the loudspeaker volume during a call.

You are conducting an external call.




Press the control key.



Adjust the volume and press **OK**.

Please note:

The handsfree volume can only be adjusted when this function is set.

If  is assigned a different function e.g. toggling (page 20):

Menu



Open menu.

Volume

Select and press **OK**.

Make settings (see above).

Changing ringtones

- ◆ **Volume:**
Five volume levels (1–5; e.g. Volume 2 = ) and "crescendo" ring . With "crescendo" ring, the volume gets louder with every ring.
- ◆ **Melody:**
List of pre-loaded ringtone melodies. The first three melodies are the "classical" ringtones.

You can also set different melodies for the following functions:

- ◆ **External Calls:** for external calls
- ◆ **Internal Calls:** for internal calls
- ◆ **Alarm Clock:** for the alarm clock

Setting the ringtone volume


The ringtone volume is the same for all types of ring.

Menu → **Audio Settings** → **Ringer Volume**

Or in idle status:

 Press **briefly**.

Then:

 Adjust the volume and press **OK**.

 Press and **hold** (idle status).


Setting ringtone melody

Set different ringtone melodies for external calls, internal calls and the alarm clock.

Menu → **Audio Settings** → **Ringer Melody**

External Calls / Internal Calls / Alarm Clock

Select and press **OK**.


 Select melody (✓ = on) and press **OK**.

 Press and **hold** (idle status).

Activating/deactivating the ringtone

You can turn off the ringtone on your handset before you take a call or while the phone is in idle status. You can take a call as long as it is displayed on the screen.

Deactivating the ringtone

*△ Press the star key **and hold**, until the  icon appears in the display.

Re-activating the ringtone

*△ Press and **hold** the star key in idle status.


Activating/deactivating muting of the first ringtone

The phone identifies an incoming SMS from the first network signal.

Menu 4 3 9 1 9

 1 **OK** First ringtone muted.

Or:

 0 **OK** First ringtone audible.

Please note:

If first ringtone muting is deactivated, then every incoming SMS will be signalled by a ringtone. If you take this type of "call" at the first ringtone, you will lose the SMS.

Advisory tones

Your handset uses 'advisory tones' to tell you about different activities and statuses. You can activate or deactivate the following tones:

◆ **Advisory tones:**

- **Key click:** every key press is confirmed.
- **Confirmation tone** (rising tone sequence): at end of entry/setting, when replacing handset in the charging cradle and when an SMS is received or a new entry is made in the calls list.
- **Error tone** (descending tone sequence): when you make an incorrect entry.
- **Menu end tone:** when scrolling at the end of a menu.

◆ **Battery low beep:** the battery requires charging.

You cannot deactivate the confirmation tone for placing the handset in the charging cradle.

Activating/deactivating advisory tones

Menu → **Audio Settings** → **Advisory Tones**
Select and press **OK** (✓ = on).

All advisory tones are activated or deactivated.

Setting the battery low beep

Menu → **Audio Settings** → **Battery Low**


On / Off / During Call

Select and press **OK** (✓ = on).
The battery low beep is activated or deactivated or sounds during a call.


Using the handset as an alarm clock**Activating/deactivating the alarm clock**

Menu → **Alarm Clock** → **Activation**
(✓ = on)

Or:


 Press the alarm clock key.

After you activate the alarm clock, the menu for setting the wake up time opens automatically (page 37).

If the alarm clock is set, the wake up time appears with the  icon in the display instead of the date.

Setting the wake up time.

Menu → **Alarm Clock** → **Wake up time**

 Enter the wake up time in hours and minutes, then press **OK**.

When the alarm clock rings...**Alarm repeat after 5 minutes**

Snooze Press the display key or any key.

If you press **Snooze** three times the alarm clock switches off for 24 hours.

Switching off the alarm clock for 24 hours

Off Press the display key.

Restoring the handset default settings

You can reset any individual settings and changes that you have made. This will not affect entries in the directory, calls list, or SMS lists or the handset's registration to the base station.

Menu → **Settings** → **Handset** → **Reset Handset**

OK Press the display key to confirm.

 Press and **hold** (idle status).

Cancel the reset with .

Base station settings

The base station settings are carried out using a registered Gigaset C46 handset.

Changing the system PIN

You have to enter the system PIN when registering a handset to the base station.

You can change the base station's 4-digit default system PIN ("0000") to a 4-digit PIN known only to yourself.

Menu → **Settings** → **Base** → **System PIN**



Enter current system PIN and press **OK**.



Enter your new system PIN and press **OK**.

For security reasons, "****" is displayed instead of the system PIN.



Press and **hold** (idle status).

Restoring the base station to factory settings

When the settings are restored all handsets are de-registered. The individual settings are reset. Only the date and time are retained.

Menu → **Settings** → **Base** → **Base Reset**



Press the display key to confirm.

Activating/deactivating repeater mode

With a repeater you can increase the range and reception strength of your base station. You have to activate the repeater mode for this. This will terminate any calls being made via the base station at that time.

Precondition: a repeater is registered.

Menu → **Settings** → **Base** → **Additional Features** → **Repeater Mode**

Select and press **OK** (✓ = on).

Setting up an emergency number

Emergency numbers are automatically dialled via the fixed network. You can set up your own emergency number.

Menu → **Settings** → **Base** → **Additional Features** → **Additional Emergency No.**



Enter the system PIN and press **OK**.

If an emergency number is already saved, this will be displayed.



Enter emergency number and press **OK**.

Set default connection



You can make settings according to whether you want to make calls via VoIP or fixed network by default.

Menu → **Settings** → **Base** → **Default Line Type**

IP / fixed line

Select and press **OK** (✓ = on).

When making calls:

- ▶ **Briefly** press the talk key  if you want to make a call via this default connection.
- ▶ Press and **hold** the talk key  if you want to make a call via the other connection type.

Updating the base station firmware

If necessary, you can update your base station firmware.

The firmware update is downloaded by default directly from the Internet. The relevant website is preconfigured in your phone.

Please note:

For the following firmware updates, you can use the Web configurator to specify a local PC from which the firmware should be downloaded to the phone (page 51).

Precondition:

The base station is in idle status, i.e.:

- ◆ No calls are being made via the fixed network or VoIP.
- ◆ There is no connection between registered handsets or to GHC devices.
- ◆ The phone's Web configurator is not connected to a PC.
- ◆ The base station menu is not open in any of the handsets.

Starting firmware update

Menu → **Settings** → **Base** → **Firmware Update**



Enter base station system PIN (default setting: 0000).

The base station establishes a connection to the Internet or to the local PC.

Yes Press the display key to start the firmware update.

Please note:

- If the update is carried out from the Internet, a check is made to ensure that there is not a more recent version of the firmware available. If this is not the case, the operation is terminated and a message is issued to that effect.
- If an error occurs while firmware is being updated from a local PC, the most recent version of the firmware is automatically downloaded from the Internet.

Making VoIP settings

In order to be able to use VoIP, you must set a few parameters for your base station. You can set all parameters easily via a PC connected to your network (see page 43).

Using the connection wizard

The connection wizard starts automatically the first time your handset and base station are used. You can also start the connection wizard via the menu:

Menu → **Settings** → **Base** → **VoIP Configuration** (enter system PIN)
→ **Connection Assistant**

For how to enter VoIP settings using the connection wizard, see page 10.

Changing settings without the connection wizard

You can change your provider's VoIP settings and the VoIP user data via the menu without starting the connection wizard.

Downloading your VoIP provider's settings

The general settings for various VoIP providers are available for download on the Internet. The relevant website is preconfigured in your phone.

Menu → **Settings** → **Base** → **VoIP Configuration** (enter system PIN)
→ **Select VoIP Provider**

The phone establishes a connection to the Internet.



Select country and press **OK**.



Select VoIP provider and press **OK**.

Your VoIP provider data is downloaded and saved in your phone.

Please note:

You can make and adapt the general settings for your VoIP provider manually via your phone's Web configurator, see page 47.

Entering/changing VoIP user data

The VoIP settings must also be extended for your personal data. You will receive all necessary data from your VoIP provider.

Please note:

To enter text see page 59.

Menu → **Settings** → **Base** → **VoIP Configuration**



Enter the system PIN and press **OK**.

Username / Authentication Name / Authentication Password



Select and press **OK**.

Enter/change user data and press **OK**.

Enter Caller ID for you VoIP provider account as the **Username**. The **Username** is mainly identical to your Internet phone number (the first part of your SIP address see page 47).

For **Authentication Name** and **Authentication Password** enter the provider-dependent access data that has to be transferred by the phone to the SIP service at registration.

Setting the phone's IP address in LAN

The base station requires an IP address in order to be "recognised" by the LAN.

The IP address can be assigned to the base station (by the router) automatically or manually.

- ◆ If performed dynamically, the router's DHCP server automatically assigns the base station an IP address. The base station's IP address can be changed according to router settings.

- ◆ If performed manually, you assign the base station a static IP address. This may be necessary regardless of your network configuration.

Please note:

For how to make the local network settings on the Web configurator, turn to page 46.

Activating/deactivating dynamic assignment

Menu → **Settings** → **Base** → **VoIP Configuration** (enter system PIN) → **IP Configuration**

dynamic IP address (✓ = on)

Select and press **OK** to change the current settings.

If you deactivate dynamic assignment, you must set the base station IP address and subnet mask manually. A corresponding message is displayed.

Please note:

To assign the IP address dynamically, the DHCP server on the router must be activated. Please also read the user guide for your router.

Viewing/changing the base station IP address

You can only change the IP address (page 72) if you have deactivated dynamic assignment.

Menu → **Settings** → **Base** → **VoIP Configuration** (enter system PIN) → **IP Configuration** → **IP Address**

The current IP address is displayed.



If necessary, enter IP address and press **OK**.

Please note:

For notes on the IP address, please see page 46 and the glossary on page 72.

Viewing/changing subnet mask

You can only change the subnet mask (page 76) if you have deactivated dynamic assignment.

Menu → **Settings** → **Base** → **VoIP Configuration** (enter system PIN) → **IP Configuration** → **Subnet Mask**

The current subnet mask is displayed.



If necessary, enter subnet mask and press **OK**.

Please note:

For notes on the subnet mask, please see page 46 and the glossary on page 76.

Activating/deactivating display of VoIP status messages

If the function is activated, a VoIP status code for your service provider is displayed.

Activate the function e.g. if you have problems with VoIP connections. You will receive a provider-specific status code, which supports the service when the problem is analysed.

Menu → **Settings** → **Base** → **VoIP Configuration** (enter system PIN) → **IP Configuration**

Status on HS (✓ = on)

Select and press **OK**.

Please note:

For how to make the setting on the Web configurator, see page 53.

Check the base station MAC address

Depending on your network configuration, it may be that you have to enter your base station MAC address e.g. into your router's access control list. You can check your base station MAC address:

Menu 4 3 9 2 0

The base station MAC address is displayed.



Press and **hold** (idle status).

Operating the base station on the PABX

The following settings are only necessary when your PABX requires them; see the PABX User Guide. The settings only concern fixed network connections.

You cannot send or receive SMS messages on PABXs that do not support Calling Line Identification.

Changing the dialling mode

You can set the dialling mode.

Menu → **Settings** → **Base** → **Additional Features** → **Dialling Mode**

Tone / Pulse

Select and press **OK** (✓ = on).



Press and **hold** (idle status).

Setting the flash time

You can set the flashing time.

Menu → **Settings** → **Base** → **Additional Features** → **Recall**



Select flashing time and press **OK**.


The current setting is marked with ✓.



Press and **hold** (idle status).

Setting pauses

Changing pause after line seizure

You can set the length of the pause inserted between pressing the talk key  and sending the phone number.

Menu 4 3 9 1 6



Enter digit for the pause length (1 = 1 sec.; 2 = 3 sec.; 3 = 7 sec.) and press **OK**.



Press and **hold** (idle status).

Changing the pause after the recall key

You can change the length of the pause if your PABX requires this (refer to the user guide for your PABX).

Menu 4 3 9 1 1



Enter a digit for the length of the pause (1 = 1 sec.; 2 = 2 secs.; 3 = 3 secs.; 4 = 6 secs.) and press **OK**.



Press and **hold** (idle status).

Switching temporarily to tone dialling (DTMF)

If your PABX still operates with dial pulsing (DP), but you need touch tone dialling (DTMF) for a connection (e.g. to listen to the network mailbox) you must switch to touch tone dialling for the call.

Precondition: You are currently holding an external call via the fixed network or have already dialled an external fixed network number.

Menu Open menu.

Tone dialling

Select and press **OK**.

Touch tone dialling is now activated **for this call only**.

Web configurator

The Web configurator is the Web interface for your handset. It allows you to make the settings for your phone's base station via your PC's Web browser.

Please note:

Depending on your VoIP provider, it is possible that you will be unable to change individual settings in the Web configurator.

Configuring the phone via your PC

Preconditions:

- ◆ A standard Web browser is installed on the PC, e.g. Internet Explorer version 6.0 or higher, or Firefox version 1.0.4 or higher.
- ◆ The phone and PC are connected to each other via a router or a switch.

Please note:

- The phone is **not** blocked while you make your settings in the Web configurator. You can also use your phone to make calls or change base station or handset settings on your handset at the same time.
- While you are connected to the Web configurator, it is blocked to other users. It cannot be accessed by more than one user at any time.

With the Web configurator on your phone you have the following options:

- ◆ Configure your phone access to the local network (IP address, gateway to the Internet).
- ◆ Configure your phone for VoIP.
- ◆ Set the data server for firmware updates
- ◆ Obtain information about your phone's status (firmware version, MAC address etc.)

Connecting your PC to the Web configurator

- ▶ Launch the Web browser on your PC.
- ▶ Enter the phone's IP address in the address field of the Web browser, e.g. `http://192.168.1.10`.
- ▶ Press the return key.

A connection is established to the phone's Web configurator.

Please note:


Your phone's IP address can change if you have activated dynamic IP address assignment (page 46).

You can check the phone's current IP address on the handset (page 40).

Registering, setting the Web configurator language

Once you have successfully established the connection, the Web page **Log Off** will be displayed in the Web browser.

You can select the language you want the menus and Web configurator dialogs to be displayed in. The language that is currently selected is displayed in the top field of the Web page.

- ▶ If necessary, click on  to open the list of available languages.
- ▶ Select the language.
- ▶ In the bottom field of the Web page, enter your phone's system PIN (default setting: 0000) to access the Web configurator functions.
- ▶ Click on **OK**.

Once you have successfully registered, a **Home** opens with general information on the Web configurator.

Please note:

- If you have forgotten your system PIN, you must restore your device's factory settings. Ensure that all other settings are also restored (page 38).
- If you do not make any entries for a lengthy period, you will be automatically de-registered. The next time you try to make an entry or open a Web page, the Web page registration will be displayed. Enter the system PIN again to re-register.
- Entries that had not yet been saved on the phone before automatic de-registration are lost.

De-registering

In the menu bar (page 44) at the top right of every Web page in the Web configurator, you will see the command **Log Off**. Click on **Log Off** to de-register from the Web configurator.

Please note:

Always use the command **Log Off** to end the connection to the Web configurator. If, for example, you close the Web browser without de-registering beforehand, it is possible that access to the Web configurator will be blocked for a few minutes.

Structure of the Web pages

The Web pages contain the UI elements displayed in the diagram below.

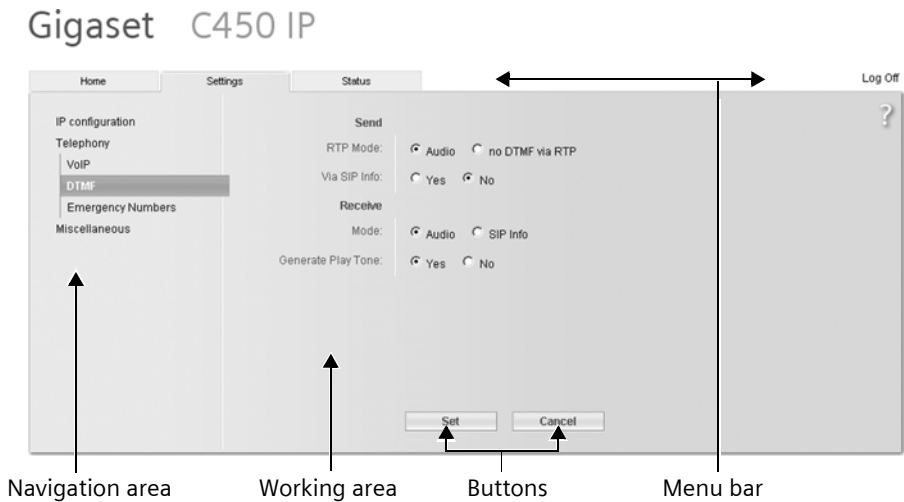


Figure 2 Example of the structure of a Web page

Menu bar

In the menu bar, the Web configurator menus are given in the form of tab pages.

The following menus are available:

◆ Home

The start screen is opened once you have registered with the Web configurator. It contains information on the Web configurator functions.

◆ **Settings** (page 46)

This menu allows you to make settings on your phone.

◆ **Status** (page 53)

This menu gives you information about your phone.

If you click on the **Settings** menu, a list with this menu's functions is displayed in the navigation area (see below).

You will find the **Log Off** function to the right of the menu bar on every Web page (page 44).

Navigation area

In the navigation area, the functions of the menu selected in the menu bar (page 44) are listed.

If you click on a function, the associated page opens in the working area with information and/or fields for your inputs.




If a function is assigned subfunctions, these are displayed with the function as soon as you click on the function. The relevant page for the first subfunction is displayed in the working area

Working area

Depending on the function selected, information or dialog boxes are displayed in the working area, which allow you to make or change your phone settings.

Making changes

Make settings for entry fields, lists or options.

- ◆ There may be restrictions regarding the possible values for a field, e.g. entering special characters or certain value ranges.
- ◆ To open a list, click on . You can choose between default values.
- ◆ To activate options, click on . The previously activated option is deactivated. The active option is marked with .

Applying changes

As soon as you have made your change on a page, activate the new setting on the phone by clicking on **Set**.

If your input in a field does not comply with the rules for this field, an appropriate error message will be displayed. You can then repeat the input.

Please note:

Changes that have not been saved on your phone are lost if you move to another Web page or if the Web configurator is terminated, e.g. due to the time limit (page 44).

Buttons

Buttons are displayed in the bottom section of the working area.

Set

Save entries on the phone

Cancel

Reject changes made on the Web page and reload the settings that are currently saved on your phone to the Web page.

Opening Web pages

A brief outline of the navigation to the individual Web configurator functions is given below.

Example:

Entering your own emergency number

Settings → **Telephony** → **Emergency numbers**

To open this Web page, carry out the following steps after registration:

- ▶ Click on the **Settings** menu in the menu bar.
- ▶ Click on the **Telephony** function in the navigation area.
The subfunctions of **Telephony** are displayed in the navigation tree.
- ▶ Click on the **Emergency numbers** subfunction.

Setting phone with Web configurator

You can make the following settings using the Web configurator:

- ◆ Connecting your phone to the local network (page 46)
- ◆ Configuration for VoIP telephony (page 47)
- ◆ User-specific emergency number (page 51)
- ◆ Data server for firmware update downloads (page 51)
- ◆ Displaying VoIP status messages on your handset (page 52)

IP configuration

Make the necessary settings for operating your phone in your local network and to connect it to the Internet. For more detailed explanations on the individual components/terms, see the glossary (page 68).

- Open **Settings** → **IP configuration** Web page.
- Select **IP address type**.

Select **Obtained automatically** if you want your phone to be assigned a dynamic IP address by a DHCP server in your local network. No further settings are necessary for the local network.

Select **Static** if you would like to set up a static IP address for your phone. A static IP address is useful, for example, when Port Forwarding or a DMZ is set up on the router for the phone.

The following fields are displayed when you select **IP address type = Static**:

IP address

Enter an IP address for your phone. This IP address allows your phone to be reached by other subscribers in your local network (e.g. PC).

Please note the following:

- The IP address must be from the address block for private use that is used in the router. This is generally block 192.168.0.1 – 192.168.255.254 with **Subnet mask** 255.255.255.0. The subnet mask determines that the first three parts of the IP address must be identical for all subscribers in your LAN.
- The static IP address must not belong to the address block (IP pool range) that is reserved for the DHCP server. In addition, it must not be used by another device on the router.

If necessary, check the settings on the router.

Subnet mask

Enter the subnet mask for your device's IP address. For addresses in the address block 192.168.0.1 – 192.168.255.254. The usual address for the subnet mask 255.255.255.0 is preconfigured in the default settings.

Default gateway

Enter the IP address for the standard gateway, by means of which the local network is connected with the Internet. This is generally the local (private) IP address for your router (e.g. 192.168.2.1). Your phone requires this information to be able to access the Internet.

Preferred DNS server

Enter the IP address for the preferred DNS server. DNS (Domain Name System) allows you to assign public IP addresses to symbolic names. The DNS server is required to convert the DNS name into the IP address when connection is being established to a server.

You can specify your router's IP address here. The router forwards phone address requests to its DNS server.

Alternate DNS server (optional)

Enter the IP address for the alternative DNS server that should be used in situations where the preferred DNS server cannot be reached.

Click on **Set** to save the changes.

Click on **Cancel** to reject the changes.

VoIP telephony

Make the settings that your phone requires to access your provider's SIP server. For the majority of VoIP providers, you can make the most important setting on your handset (page 39). The Web configurator allows you to extend the possibility of these settings.

If your VoIP provider general settings are not available for download in the provider list on the Internet, you must make these settings using the Web configurator as follows.

- ▶ Open **Settings** → **Telephony** → **VoIP** Web page.
- ▶ In the working area, enter the configuration data as listed below into the areas **SIP**, **Listen ports**, **Network** and **Voice codecs**.

Area: SIP

Enter the configuration data that is necessary for accessing your VoIP provider's SIP service. You will receive this data from your VoIP provider.

Authentication Name

Specify the registration or authentication ID agreed with your VoIP provider. The registration ID serves as the access ID that your phone must specify when registering with the SIP proxy/registrars server. The **Authentication Name** is mainly identical to the **Username**, i.e. to your Internet phone number.

Authentication password / Confirm authentication password

Enter the password that you have agreed with your VoIP provider in the **Authentication password** field. The phone needs the password when registering with the SIP proxy/registrars server. The password is concealed when entered. Re-enter the password in the **Confirm authentication password** field.

Username

Enter the caller ID for your VoIP provider account. This ID is usually identical to the first part of your SIP address (URI, your Internet phone number).

Example: If your SIP address is "987654321@provider.com", enter "987654321" in **Username**.

Domain

Specify the last part of your SIP address (URI) here.

Example: For the SIP address "987654321@provider.com", enter "provider.com" in **Domain**.

Realm

Enter the name of your provider's security domain (SIP realm). The SIP realm often corresponds to the name of the SIP proxy server.

Examples: provider.com or @provider.com or WallyWorld

Web configurator

Display name (optional)

Enter any name that should be shown in the other party's display when you call him via the Internet (example: Anna Sand). All characters in the UTF8 character set (Unicode) are permitted. This name must not exceed 32 characters

If you do not enter a name, **Username** is displayed.

Ask your VoIP provider if this feature is supported.

Proxy server address

The SIP proxy is your VoIP provider's gateway server. Enter the IP address or the (fully-qualified) DNS name of your SIP proxy server.

Example: myprovider.com.

Proxy server port

Enter the number of the communication port that the SIP proxy uses to send and receive signalling data (SIP port).

Port 5060 is used by most VoIP providers.

Registrar server

Enter the (fully-qualified) DNS name or the IP address of the registrar server.

The registrar is needed when the phone is registered. It assigns the public IP address/port number to your SIP address (**Username@Domain**) that were used by the phone at registration. With most VoIP providers, the registrar server is identical to the SIP server.

Example: reg.myprovider.com.

Registrar server port

Enter the communication port used in the registrar. It is mainly port 5060 that is used.

Area: Listen ports

Specify the phone's local ports for VoIP telephony here. The ports must not be used by any other subscriber in the LAN.

SIP port

Specify the local communication port that the phone should use to send and receive signalling data. Specify a number between 1 and 65535. The default port number for SIP signalling is 5060.

Please note:

Ports 0 to 1023 should not be used, because these are often used by standard applications.

RTP port

Specify the local communication port that the phone should use to send and receive voice data. Enter an **even** number between 1 and 65535. The port number must **not** be the same as the port number in the **SIP port** field. If you enter an odd number, the even number just below it will be set (e.g. if you enter 5003, 5002 is set). The default port number for voice transmission is 5004.

Please note:

Ports 0 to 1023 should not be used, because these are often used by standard applications.

Use random ports

Click on the option **Yes**, if you do not want the phone to use fixed ports for **SIP port** and **RTP port**, but rather to use any free ports.

The use of random ports makes sense if you want several phones to be operated on the same router with NAT. The phones must then use different ports so that the router's NAT is only able to forward incoming calls and voice data to one (the intended) phone.

If you click on **No**, the phone will use the ports specified in **SIP port** and **RTP port**.

Area: Network

If your phone is connected to a router with NAT (Network Address Translation) and/or Firewall, you must make a few settings in this area so that your phone can be reached from the Internet (i.e. can be addressed).

Through NAT, the IP addresses of subscribers in the LAN are concealed behind the public IP address of the router.

For incoming calls

If port forwarding is activated or a DMZ is set up for the phone on the router, no special settings are required for incoming calls.

If this is not the case, an entry in the NAT routing table (in the router) is necessary in order for the phone to be reached. This entry is created when the phone is registered with the SIP service. In the interest of security, this entry is automatically deleted at certain intervals (session timeout). The phone must therefore confirm its registration at certain intervals (see **NAT refresh time**, page 49), so that the entry stays in the routing table.

For outgoing calls

The phone needs its public address in order to receive caller voice data.

There are two possibilities:

- ◆ The phone requests the public address from a STUN server on the Internet (Simple Transversal of UDP over NAT). STUN can only be used with asymmetric NATs and non-blocking firewalls.
- ◆ The phone does not direct the connection request to the SIP proxy but to an outbound proxy on the Internet that supplies the data packets along with the public address.

The STUN server and outbound proxy are used alternately to work around the NAT/firewall in the router.

STUN enabled

Click on **Yes** if you want your phone to use STUN as soon as it is used on a router with asymmetric NAT.

STUN server

Enter the (fully-qualified) DNS name or the IP address of the STUN server on the Internet.

If you selected the option **Yes** in the **STUN enabled** field, you must enter a **STUN server** here.

STUN port

Enter the number of the communication port on the STUN server. The default port is 3478.

NAT refresh time

Specify the intervals at which you want the phone to update its entry in the NAT routing table. Specify an interval in seconds that is a little smaller than the NAT session timeout.

As a rule you should not change the preconfigured value for the **NAT refresh time**.

Outbound proxy mode

Specify when the outbound proxy should be used.

Always

All signalling and voice data sent by the phone is sent to the outbound proxy.

Auto

Data sent by the phone is only sent to the outbound proxy when the phone is connected to a router with symmetric NAT or blocking firewall. If the phone is behind an asymmetric NAT, the STUN server is used.

If you have set **STUN enabled** = **No** or have not entered a STUN server, the outbound proxy is always used.

Never

The outbound proxy is not used.

If you do not make an entry in the **Outbound proxy** field, the phone behaves independently of the selected mode, just as with **Never**.

Web configurator

Outbound proxy

Enter the (fully qualified) DNS name or the IP address of your provider's outbound proxy.

Please note:

With many providers, the outbound proxy is identical to the SIP proxy.

Outbound proxy port

Enter the number of the communication port used by the outbound proxy. The default port is 5060.

Area: Voice codecs

Your phone supports various voice Codecs for digitalising (coding and decoding) voice data. The voice Codec used on a phone connection has a significant influence on the voice quality, e.g. through the time need to code/decode (voice delay). The choice of voice Codec is a compromise between voice quality and the necessary bandwidth.

Both sides of a phone connection (caller/sender side and receiver side) must be using the same voice Codec. The voice Codec is negotiated between the sender and the recipient when establishing a connection.

Set the voice Codec that your phone suggests when establishing a VoIP connection.

You can choose between the following voice Codecs supported by your phone:

G726

Average voice quality. The necessary bandwidth is less than 8 Kbit/s per voice connection.

G711 a law/G711 μ law

Excellent voice quality (comparable with ISDN). The necessary bandwidth is 64 Kbit/s per voice connection.

G726

Good voice quality (inferior to that with G.711 but better than with G.729).

Your phone supports G.726 with a transmission rate of 32 Kbit/s per voice connection.

- ▶ Apply the voice Codecs that your phone suggests with outgoing calls into the **Selected codecs** list.

Click in the **Available codecs** list on the voice Codec that you want to apply (you can mark several entries using the Shift key or the Ctrl key). Click on the **<Add** button.

- ▶ Move the voice Codecs that you do not want the phone to use into the **Available codecs** list.

Also select the voice Codec in the **Available codecs** list (see above) and click on the **Remove>** button.

- ▶ Sort the voice Codecs in the **Selected codecs** list into the order in which they should be suggested to the receiver when a connection is established. To do this, use the **Up** and **Down** buttons.

When establishing a VoIP connection, the phone suggests the 1st voice Codec in the **Selected codecs** list to the receiver to begin with. If the receiver does not accept this voice Codec (e.g. because it does not support it), the 2nd voice Codec in the list is suggested etc.

If the receiver does not accept any of the voice Codecs in the **Selected codecs** list, the connection is **not** established. An appropriate message will be displayed on the handset.

Please note:

- You should only deactivate Codecs (put them in the **Available codecs** list) if there is a particular reason. The more Codecs are deactivated, the greater the danger that calls will not be able to be established due to unsuccessful Codec negotiations.
- With incoming calls, all supported voice Codecs are always permitted.

Saving settings on phone

- ▶ Click on **Set** to save the changes.

If you want to reject the changes that have been made, click on **Cancel**. The Web page is re-loaded with the data saved on the phone.

Please note: If you do not make an entries for a lengthy period, the connection to the Web configurator is automatically terminated. Unsaved entries are lost. If necessary, implement temporary security measures. You can subsequently continue the entry and make changes if necessary.

Setting DTMF tones

You can control whether DTMF tones are set for calls made via the Internet (VoIP). You need these e.g. for remote access to an answering machine.

- ▶ Open the following Web page: **Settings** → **Telephony** → **DTMF**.
- ▶ Make the desired settings in the **Send** and **Receive** areas. Bear in mind your provider's guidelines.
- ▶ Now click on **Set** to save your settings.

Area: Send

In this area, make the settings for sending DTMF tones.

- ▶ In the **RTP Mode** field, specify whether DTMF tones should be transmitted acoustically. If so, activate **Audio**; otherwise, activate **no DTMF via RTP**.
- ▶ In the **Via SIP Info** field, specify whether the key code will be transferred. Activate **Yes** or **No**.

Area: Receive

In this area, make the settings for receiving DTMF tones.

- ▶ In the **Mode** field, specify whether a received DTMF tone will only be played back acoustically (**Audio**) or whether it will be also be converted into the relevant code (**SIP Info**).

- ▶ In the **Generate DTMF tone** field, specify whether a received code will be converted into an acoustic tone and played back. Activate **Yes** or **No**.

Entering emergency number

There are emergency numbers already preconfigured in your phone's default settings. The preconfigured emergency numbers are displayed. You cannot change these emergency numbers.

You can enter an additional emergency number.

- ▶ Open the following Web page: **Settings** → **Telephony** → **Emergency numbers**.
- ▶ Enter a phone number as an additional emergency number in the **User-editable number** field.
- ▶ Click on **Set** to save the phone number on your phone.

Your phone recognises the number as an emergency number. If this number is dialled, your phone will always establish the connection via the fixed network.

Please note:

For how to change the emergency number, see page 38.

Setting data server for firmware update

If necessary, you can download updates for your base station firmware to your phone.

You must start the firmware update on the handset (page 39).

You can specify where the firmware is downloaded from via the Web configurator.

You have the following options:

- ◆ Download the firmware update directly from the Internet. The server on which Siemens makes new firmware versions available for your base station is set by default.

Please note:

- When updating from the Internet, checks are made to ensure that no newer version of the firmware exists. If this is not the case, the operation is terminated.
- You should not change the URL for the software update. If you have entered another URL, you can re-activate the default URL by restoring the base station default settings (page 38).

- ◆ Implement the firmware update locally. To do this, you must first download the desired version of the firmware from the Internet to a local PC. The base station is then updated from this PC.

Precondition: A Web server runs on the local PC (e.g. Apache).

In the Web configurator, specify the IP address of your local PC and the complete path and name of the firmware file on the PC.

This setting is automatically used for the **subsequent** firmware update. The Internet server URL stays saved and is re-used for further firmware updates. If you want to use a local PC for the update again, you must re-enter the IP address and file names.

Please note:

- Updating via a PC in your LAN can make sense if you want to download the same or an older version of the firmware again because of an error or if you want to first test the firmware for security reasons.
- If an error arises during a firmware update from a local PC, the most recent version of the firmware is automatically downloaded from the Internet.

- Open the following Web page: **Settings**
→ **Miscellaneous**.

The Internet server URL that is saved on the phone for the firmware download is displayed in the **Data server** field.

- In the **Data server** field, enter the URL of an Internet server or the local address of a PC in the LAN (e.g. 192.168.2.105), from which the firmware should be downloaded on the next update.

If you have entered the address of a local PC in the **Data server** field:

- In the **User defined firmware file** field, enter the complete name of the firmware file on the PC (e.g. D:\C460IP\update.exe).
- Click on **Set** to save the changes.

Activating VoIP status message display

Display VoIP status messages on your handset when there are VoIP connection problems. These messages give you information on the status of a connection and contain a provider-specific code that helps the service team when they are analysing the problem.

- Open the following Web page: **Settings**
→ **Miscellaneous**.
- Click on the **Yes** option after **Show VoIP status on handset** to activate status message display
If you click on **No**, no VoIP status messages are displayed.
- Click on **Set** to save the changes.

Checking status information via your phone

General information about your phone is displayed.

- In the menu list, click on the **Status** register.

The following information is displayed:

IP configuration

IP address

The phone's current IP address within the local network. For assigning the IP address, see page 46.

MAC address

The phone's device address.

Software

Firmware version

Version of the firmware currently downloaded. You can download updates of the firmware on your phone (page 39). Firmware updates are available on the Internet.

EEPROM version

Version of your phone's EEPROM storage chip (page 70).

Appendix

Symbols and typographical conventions used

This section explains the meaning of certain symbols and typographical conventions that are used in this user guide.



Enter digits or letters.



The display functions currently in the bottom display line are shown in reversed highlights. Press the relevant display key to launch the function.



Press the control key up or down, e.g. when scrolling.

☎ / 0 / *☎ etc.

Press the illustrated key on the handset.

External Calls / Internal Calls (example)

Select one of the menu functions (**External Calls** or **Internal Calls**) from the list and press **OK**.

Menu → **Audio Settings** → **Ringer Melody** (example)

Press **Menu**. Select **Audio Settings** with and press **OK**. Select **Ringer Melody** with and press **OK**.

Care

- ▶ Wipe the base station and handset with a **damp** cloth (do not use solvent) or an antistatic cloth.

Never use a dry cloth. This can cause static.

Contact with liquid

If the handset has come into contact with liquid:

- ▶ **Switch the handset off and remove the batteries immediately.**
- ▶ Allow the liquid to drain from the handset.
- ▶ Pat all parts dry, then place the handset with the battery compartment open and the keypad facing down in a dry, warm place **for at least 72 hours** (not in a microwave, oven etc.).
- ▶ **Do not switch on the handset again until it is completely dry.**

When it has fully dried out, you will normally be able to use it again.

Questions and answers


If you have any questions about using your phone, visit us at any time at www.siemens.com/gigasetcustomercare. The table below contains a list of common problems and possible solutions.

Please note:

To support the service team, it can be helpful if you have the following information to hand:


- Version of firmware, EEPROM and your phone's MAC address
You can check this information with the Web configurator (page 53). For how to check the MAC address displayed on your handset, turn to page 41.
- VoIP status code
For problems with VoIP connections, you should set VoIP status messages to be displayed on your handset. (page 40, page 52). These messages contain a status code that helps when the problem is analysed.

The display is blank.

1. The handset is not switched on.
 - ▶ Press and **hold** the end call key .
2. The battery is flat.
 - ▶ Charge the battery or replace it (page 6).

The handset does not respond to a key press.

The keypad lock is activated.

- ▶ Press and **hold** the hash key  (page 17).

Base flashes in the display.

1. The handset is outside the range of the base station.
 - ▶ Move the handset closer to the base station.
2. The base station is not switched on.
 - ▶ Check the base station mains adapter (page 8).

Please Register flashes in the display.

The handset is not registered.

- ▶ Register the handset (page 32).

Handset does not ring.

The ringtone is switched off.

- ▶ Activate the ringtone (page 36).

You cannot hear a ringtone/dialling tone.

Base station's phone cord has been replaced.

- ▶ When purchasing a new cord, ensure that it has the correct pin connections (page 9).

When making calls from the fixed network, the caller's phone number is not displayed although CLIP (page 16) is set.

Phone number identification is not enabled.

- ▶ The **caller** should ask his network provider to enable Calling Line Identification (CLI).

You hear an error tone when keying an input

(a descending tone sequence).

Action has failed/invalid input.

- ▶ Repeat the operation.
Watch the display and refer to the user guide if necessary.

You cannot connect to the router and the phone is assigned a static IP address.

- ▶ Check on the router whether the IP address is already being used by another device in the LAN or belongs to the block of IP addresses that is reserved on the router for dynamic address assignment.
- ▶ If necessary, change the phone's IP address (page 40).

You have made a call via VoIP but cannot hear the other participant.


Your phone is connected to a router with NAT/firewall.

- ▶ Your STUN server or outbound proxy settings are incomplete or incorrect. Check the settings (page 49, page 50).
- ▶ No outbound proxy is entered or the outbound proxy mode **Never** is activated (page 49) and your phone is connected to a router with symmetric NAT or a blocking firewall.

You cannot make calls via VoIP.

- ▶ Check whether your phone's Ethernet cable is correctly connected to the router.
- ▶ Check your router's cable connection to the Internet.
- ▶ Check whether your information for your VoIP provider's SIP service is correct (page 47).

You cannot establish a connection to the phone with your PC's Web browser.

- ▶ When establishing a connection, check the local phone IP address that has been entered. You can check the IP address on your handset.
- ▶ Check the LAN connections for the PC and phone.
- ▶ Check that your phone can be reached. Transmit a ping command to your phone, e.g. from your PC (ping  <phone's local IP address>).
- ▶ You have tried to reach the phone via a secure http (https://...). Try again with http://....

You cannot be reached for calls from the Internet.

- ▶ There is no entry for your phone in your router's routing table. Check the settings for the **NAT refresh time** (page 49).
- ▶ Your phone is not registered with the SIP service.
- ▶ You have entered the wrong user ID or an incorrect domain (page 47).

Voice quality and infrastructure

With your Gigaset C460 IP you have the possibility of making calls with good voice quality via VoIP.

However, your phone's performance with VoIP – and therefore the voice quality – also depends on the properties of the entire infrastructure.

The following VoIP provider components are just some of the things that can influence performance:

- ◆ Router
- ◆ DSLAM
- ◆ DSL transmission line and speed
- ◆ Connection paths over the Internet
- ◆ If necessary, other applications that also use the DSL connection

In VoIP networks, the voice quality, amongst other things, is influenced by the "quality of service" (QoS). If the entire infrastructure demonstrates QoS, voice quality is better (fewer delays, less echoing, less crackling etc.).

If, for example, the router does not have QoS, the voice quality is not as good. Please see the specialist documentation for further information.

Service (Customer Care)

We offer you support that is fast and tailored to your specific needs!

Our Online Support on the Internet:

www.siemens.com/gigasetcustomer-care

This site can be accessed at any time wherever you are. It will give you 24/7 support for all our products. It also provides interactive troubleshooting, a list of FAQs and answers plus operating instructions for you to download. You will also find frequently asked questions and answers in the **Questions and Answers** section in the appendix of this user guide.

For fast and dependable assistance with any repairs or guarantee/warranty claims, contact our Service Centres.

Service-Center:

0845 367 0812

You will be given personal advice about our range of products on our Premium Hotline:

0906 9500 430 0.75 £/minute

Please have your record of receipt ready when calling.

In some countries repair and replace services are impossible where the products are not sold through our authorised dealers.

Please address any questions about the DSL and cable connection to your Internet provider.

Approval

Authorisation

This device is intended for analogue phone lines in the UK.

Voice over IP telephony is possible via the LAN interface if an additional modem has been connected.

Country-specific requirements have been taken into consideration.

We, Siemens Home and Office Communication Devices GmbH & Co. KG, declare that this device meets the essential requirements and other relevant regulations laid down in Directive 1999/5/EC.

A copy of the 1999/5/EC Declaration of Conformity is available at this Internet address:

<http://www.siemens.com/gigasetdocs>.

CE 0682

Guarantee Certificate United Kingdom

Without prejudice to any claim the user (customer) may have in relation to the dealer or retailer, the customer shall be granted a manufacturer's Guarantee under the conditions set out below:

- ◆ In the case of new devices and their components exhibiting defects resulting from manufacturing and/or material faults within 24 months of purchase, Siemens shall, at its own option and free of charge, either replace the device with another device reflecting the current state of the art, or repair the said device. In respect of parts subject to wear and tear (including but not limited to, batteries, keypads, casing), this warranty shall be valid for six months from the date of purchase.

- ◆ This Guarantee shall be invalid if the device defect is attributable to improper treatment and/or failure to comply with information contained in the user guides.
- ◆ This Guarantee shall not apply to or extend to services performed by the authorised dealer or the customer themselves (e. g. installation, configuration, software downloads). User guides and any software supplied on a separate data medium shall be excluded from the Guarantee.
- ◆ The purchase receipt, together with the date of purchase, shall be required as evidence for invoking the Guarantee. Claims under the Guarantee must be submitted within two months of the Guarantee default becoming evident.
- ◆ Ownership of devices or components replaced by and returned to Siemens shall vest in Siemens.
- ◆ This Guarantee shall apply to new devices purchased in the European Union. For Products sold in the United Kingdom the Guarantee is issued by: Siemens Home and Office Communication Devices GmbH & Co. KG, Schlavenhorst 66, D-46395 Bocholt, Germany.
- ◆ Any other claims resulting out of or in connection with the device shall be excluded from this Guarantee. Nothing in this Guarantee shall attempt to limit or exclude a Customers Statutory Rights, nor the manufacturer's liability for death or personal injury resulting from its negligence.
- ◆ The duration of the Guarantee shall not be extended by services rendered under the terms of the Guarantee.
- ◆ Insofar as no Guarantee default exists, Siemens reserves the right to charge the customer for replacement or repair.
- ◆ The above provisions does not imply a change in the burden of proof to the detriment of the customer.

To invoke this Guarantee, please contact the Siemens telephone service. The rele-

vant number is to be found in the accompanying user guide.

Specifications

Recommended rechargeable batteries

(Valid at the time of going to press)

Nickel-metal-hydride (NiMH):

- ◆ Sanyo Twicell 650
- ◆ Sanyo Twicell 700
- ◆ Sanyo NiMH 800
- ◆ Panasonic 700 mAh "for DECT"
- ◆ GP 550mAh
- ◆ GP 700mAh
- ◆ GP 850mAh
- ◆ Yuasa Technology AAA Phone 600
- ◆ Yuasa Technology AAA Phone 700
- ◆ Yuasa Technology AAA 800
- ◆ VARTA Phone Power AAA 700mAh

The handset is supplied with two recommended batteries.

Handset operating times/charging times

The following information relates to batteries with a capacity of 650 mAh.

Standby time	around 125 hours (5 days)
Talktime	around 13 hours
Charging time	around 7.5 hours

The operating and charging times apply only when using the recommended batteries.

Base station power consumption



Depending on current status, around 2.5 W.

General specifications

Interfaces	Fixed network, Ethernet
DECT standard	is supported
GAP standard	is supported
No. of channels	60 duplex channels
Radio frequency range	1880–1900 MHz
Duplex method	Time multiplex, 10 ms frame length
Channel grid	1728 kHz
Bit rate	1152 kbit/s
Modulation	GFSK
Language code	32 kbit/s
Transmission power	10 mW, average power per channel
Range	up to 300 m outdoors, up to 50 m indoors
Base station power supply	230 V ~/50 Hz
Environmental conditions for operation	+5 °C to +45 °C; 20 % to 75 % relative humidity
Dialling mode	DTMF (touch tone dialling)/DP (dial pulsing)
Flashing time	250 ms
Codecs	G711, G726, G729AB with VAD/CNG
Quality of Service	TOS, DiffServ
Protocols	DECT, SIP, RTP, DHCP, NAT Traversal (STUN)
Base station dimensions	105 x 132 x 46 mm (L x W x D)
Dimensions, handset	141 x 53 x 31mm (L x W x H)
Base station weight	130 g
Weight of handset with battery	116 g

Writing and editing a text message

The following rules apply when writing a text message:

- ◆ The cursor is controlled with  .
- ◆ Characters are added to the left of the cursor.
- ◆ Press the hash key **#** briefly to switch from "Abc" mode to "123", from "123" to "abc", and from "abc" to "Abc" (upper case: 1st letter upper case, all others lower case). Press the hash key **#** before entering the letter.
- ◆ Press the hash key **#** 3 times: shows the selection line of the characters assigned to the hash key.
- ◆ The first letter of the name of directory entries is automatically capitalised, followed by lower case letters.


Editing text

When you press a key and **hold** it, the characters of that key appear in the bottom display line and are highlighted one after the other. When you release the key the highlighted character is inserted into the input field. For how to enter special characters, see page 59.

The display briefly shows whether upper or lower case letters or digits are selected when you switch from one mode to the next: the bottom text line displays "abc -> Abc", "Abc -> 123" or "123 -> abc".

Order of directory entries




The directory entries are usually sorted in alphabetical order. Spaces and digits take first priority. The sort order is as follows:

1. Space (shown here as )
2. Digits (0–9)
3. Letters (alphabetical)
4. Other characters

To get round the alphabetical order of the entries, insert a space or a digit in front of the name. These entries will then move to the beginning of the directory. Names which you have preceded with an asterisk will move to the end of the directory.

Entering special characters

Standard characters

	1		0	* 	# 
	*)	**))		*	Abc-> 123
1x	Space	Space	.	*	Abc-> 123
2x	1		,	/	123 -> abc
3x	£	1	?	(#
4x	\$	€	!)	@
5x	¥	£	0	<	\
6x	□	\$	+	=	&
7x		¥	-	>	§
8x		□	:	%	
9x			¿		
10x			¡		
11x			"		
12x			'		
13x			;		
14x			—		

*) Directory and other lists

**) When writing an SMS

PPPoE connection

Some Internet providers offer a PPPoE connection for VoIP (PPPoE = Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet). This enables you to connect your phone directly to the Internet without a router via a modem.

Please note:

- The PPPoE connection function is only available with a later version of firmware. This user guide is extended to include the PPPoE function, as soon as C460 IP firmware is available with this feature.
- Turn to "Starting firmware update", page 39 to find out how to check whether your firmware is up to date.

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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- ◆ Headset socket

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Glossary

A

ADSL

Asymmetric Digital Subscriber Line
Special form of **DSL**.

ALG

Application Layer Gateway
NAT control mechanism of a router.
Many routers with integrated NAT use ALG. ALG lets the data packets in a VoIP connection pass and adds the public IP address of the secure private network. The router's ALG should be deactivated if the VoIP provider offers a STUN server or an outbound proxy.
See also: **Firewall, NAT, Outbound proxy, STUN (Simple Transversal of UDP over NAT)**.

Authentication

Restriction of access to a network/service by use of a password to log in.

Automatic ringback

See **Ringback when the number is busy**.

B

Block dialling

Enter the complete phone number, and correct it if necessary. Then pick up the receiver or press the handsfree key to dial the phone number.

Broadband Internet access

See **DSL**.

C

Call forwarding

CF

Automatic forwarding of a call to a different telephone number. There are three kinds of call forwarding:

- CFU, Call Forwarding Unconditional
- CFB, Call Forwarding Busy
- CFNR, Call Forwarding No Reply

Call waiting

VoIP provider feature. A beep during a call indicates that another caller is waiting. You can accept or reject the second call. You can activate/deactivate the feature.

CF

Call Forwarding

See **Call forwarding**.

Client

Application that requests a service from a server.

Codec

Coder/decoder

Codec is a procedure that digitises and compresses analogue voice before it is sent via the Internet and decodes – i.e. translates into analogue voice – digital data when voice packets are received. There are different Codecs that vary, for instance, according to the level of compression.

Both parties involved in the telephone connection (caller/sender and recipient) must use the same Codec. This is negotiated between the sender and the recipient when establishing a connection.

The choice of Codec is a compromise between voice quality, transmission speed and the necessary bandwidth. A high level of compression, for example, means that the bandwidth required for each voice connection is low. However, it also means that the time needed to compress/decompress the data is greater, which increases execution time for data in the network and thus impairs voice quality. The time required increases the delay between the sender speaking and the recipient hearing what has been said.

Consultation call

You are making a call. With a consultation call, you interrupt the conversation briefly to establish a connection to another participant. If you terminate the connection to this participant immediately, then this was an enquiry call. If you switch to and fro between the first and second participants, it is called **toggling**.

CW

See **Call waiting**.

D**DHCP**

Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol

Internet protocol that regulates the automatic assignment of **IP addresses** to **network subscribers**. The protocol is made available in the network by a server. A DHCP server can e.g. be a router.

The phone contains a DHCP client. A router that contains a DHCP server can assign the IP addresses for the phone automatically from a defined address block. This dynamic assignment means that several **network subscribers** can share one IP address, although they use it alternately and not simultaneously.

With some routers you can specify that the IP address for the phone is never changed.

Displayed name

VoIP provider feature. You can specify any name that is to be shown to the other party call instead of your phone number.

DMZ (Demilitarised Zone)

DMZ describes a part of a network that is outside the firewall.

A DMZ is set up, as it were, between a network you want to protect (e.g. a LAN) and a non-secure network (e.g. the Internet). A DMZ permits unrestricted access from the Internet to only one or a few network components, while the other network components remain secure behind the firewall.

DNS

Domain Name System

Hierarchical system that permits the assignment of **IP addresses** to **domain names** that are easier to note. This assignment has to be managed by a local DNS server in each (W)LAN. The local DNS server determines the IP address, if necessary by enquiring of superordinate DNS servers and other local DNS servers in the Internet.

You can specify the IP address of the primary/secondary DNS server.

See also: **DynDNS**.

Domain name

Name of one (or several) Web server(s) on the Internet (e.g. Siemens-Home). The domain name is assigned to the relevant IP address by DNS.

DSCP

Differentiated Service Code Point

See **Quality of Service (QoS)**.

DSL

Digital Subscriber Line

Data transfer technology which allows Internet access at e.g. **1.5 Mbps** over conventional phone lines. Requirements: DSL modem and the appropriate service offered by the Internet provider.

Glossary

DSLAM

Digital Subscriber Line Access Multiplexer

The DSLAM is a switch cabinet in an exchange at which all subscriber connectors converge.

DTMF

Dual Tone Multi-Frequency

Dynamic IP Address

A dynamic IP address is assigned to a network component automatically via **DHCP**. The dynamic IP address for a network component can change every time it registers or in certain time intervals.

See also: **Static IP address**

DynDNS

Dynamic DNS

DNS is used to assign domain names and IP addresses. For dynamic **IP addresses** this service is now enhanced with "Dynamic DNS". This permits the use of a PC with a changing IP address as a **server** on the **Internet**. DynDNS ensures that a service in the Internet can always be addressed under the same **domain name** irrespective of the current IP address.

E

ECT

Explicit Call Transfer

Participant A calls Participant B. He puts the connection on hold and calls Participant C. Rather than connect everyone in a three-party conference, A now transfers Participant B to C and hangs up.

EEPROM

Electrically Erasable Programmable Read Only Memory

Your phone's storage chip with fixed data (e.g. user-specific device settings made at the factory) and automatically saved data (e.g. caller list entries).

Ethernet network

Wired **LAN**.

F

Firewall

You can use a firewall to protect your network against unauthorised external access. This involves combining various measures and technologies (hard and/or software) to control the flow of data between a private network you wish to protect and an unprotected network (e.g. the Internet).

See also: **NAT**.

Firmware

Device software in which basic information is saved for the functioning of a device. A new version of the firmware can be loaded into the device's memory (firmware update) to correct errors or update the device software.

Flat rate

System of billing for an **Internet** connection. The Internet provider charges a set monthly fee. There are no additional charges for the duration of the connection or number of connections.

Fragmentation

Data packets that are too big are split into smaller packets (fragments) before they are transferred. They are put together again when they reach the recipient (defragmented).

Full duplex

Data transmission mode in which data can be sent and received at the same time.

G

G.711 a law, G.711 μ law

Standard for a **Codec**.

G.711 delivers a very good voice quality that corresponds to that in the ISDN fixed network. As there is little compression, the necessary bandwidth is approx. 64 Kbit/s per voice connection, but the delay caused by coding/decoding is only 0.125 ms.

"a law" describes the European standard and " μ law" describes the North American/Japanese equivalent.

G.726

Standard for a **Codec**.

G.726 delivers a good voice quality. It is inferior to the quality with Codec **G.711** but better than with **G.729**.

G.729A/B

Standard for a **Codec**.

The voice quality is rather less with G.729A/B. As a result of the high level of compression, the necessary bandwidth is only approx. 8 Kbit/s per voice connection, but the delay is approx. 15 ms.

Gateway

Connects two different **networks** with one another, e.g. router as Internet gateway.

For phone calls from **VoIP** to the telephone network, a gateway has to be connected to the IP network and the telephone network (gateway/VoIP provider). It forwards calls from VoIP to the telephone network as required.

Gateway Provider

See **SIP Provider**.

GHC devices

Gigaset Home Control

GHC devices are e.g. Gigaset M34 USB, gate intercoms, alarm systems, fire and smoke alarms.

You can operate a GHC device via a handset.

Global IP Address

See **IP address**.

GSM

Global System for Mobile Communication

Originally, European standard for mobile networks. GSM can now be described as a worldwide standard. In the USA and Japan national standards are now more frequently supported than in the past.

H

Headset

Combination of microphone and headphone. A headset makes handsfree talking more comfortable. There are headsets available which are connected to the handset by a cable.

Hold music

Music on hold

Music is played while you are **making a consultation call** or **toggling**. The waiting participant hears music while on hold.

HTTP proxy

Sever via which the **network subscribers** can process their Internet traffic.

Hub

Connects several **network subscribers** in one **infrastructure network**. All data sent to the hub by one network subscriber is forwarded to all network subscribers.

See also: **Gateway, Router**.

I

IEEE

Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers

International body that defines standards in electronics and electrotechnology, concerned in particular with the standardisation of LAN technology, transmission protocols, data transfer rate and wiring.

Infrastructure network

Network with central structure: all **network subscribers** communicate via a central **Router**.

Glossary

Internet

Global **WAN**. A series of protocols have been defined for exchanging data, known by the name TCP/IP.

All **network subscribers** are identifiable by **IP addresses**. **DNS** assigns **domain names** to **IP addresses**.

Important services on the Internet include the World Wide Web (WWW), Email, file transfer and discussion forums.

Internet Service Provider

Enables access to the Internet for a fee.

IP (Internet Protocol)

TCP/IP protocol on the **Internet**. IP is responsible for the addressing of subscribers in a **network** using **IP addresses**, and routes data from the sender to the recipient. IP determines the paths (routing) along which the data packets travel.

IP address

A unique address for a network component within a network on the basis of the TCP/IP protocols (e.g. LAN, Internet). On the **Internet**, domain names are usually assigned instead of IP addresses. **DNS** assigns the corresponding IP address to the domain name.

The IP address consists of four parts (decimal numbers between 0 and 255) separated by points (e.g. 230.94.233.2).

The IP address is made up of the network number and the number of the **network subscriber** (e.g. phone). Depending on the **subnet mask**, the front one, two or three parts make up of the network number and the rest of the IP address addresses the network components. The network number of all the components in any one network must be identical.

IP addresses can be assigned automatically with DHCP (dynamic IP addresses) or manually (static IP addresses).

See also: **DHCP**.

IP pool range

Range of IP addresses that the DHCP server can use to assign dynamic IP addresses.

L

LAN

Local Area Network

Network with a restricted physical range. A LAN can be wireless (**WLAN**) and/or wired.

Local IP Address

The local or private IP address is the address for a network component in the local network (LAN). The network operator can assign any address he or she wants. Devices that act as a link from a local network to the Internet (gateway or router) have a public and a private IP address.

See also: **IP address**.

Local SIP Port

See **SIP port/Local SIP port**.

M

MAC Address (Media Access Control)

Hardware address by means of which each network device (e.g. network card, switch, phone) can be uniquely identified worldwide. It is composed of six parts (hexadecimal numbers), separated by a "-" (e.g. 00-90-65-44-00-3A). The MAC address is assigned by the manufacturer and cannot be changed.

Mbps

Million bits per second

Unit of the transmission speed in a network.

MRU

Maximum Receive Unit

Defines the maximum user data volume within a data packet.

MTU

Maximum Transmission Unit

Defines the maximum length of a data packet that can be carried over the network at a time.

N

NAT

Network Address Translation

Method for converting (private) **IP addresses** to one or more (public) IP addresses. NAT enables the IP addresses of **network subscribers** (e.g. VoIP telephones) in a **LAN** to be concealed behind a shared IP address for the **router** on the **Internet**.

VoIP telephones behind a NAT router cannot be reached by VoIP servers (on account of the private IP address). In order to "get around" NAT, it is possible to use (alternatively) ALG in the router, STUN in the VoIP telephone, or for the VoIP provider to use an outbound proxy.

If an outbound proxy is made available you must allow for this in the VoIP settings for your phone.

Network

Group of devices. Devices can be connected in either wired or wireless mode.

Networks can also differ in range and structure:

- Range: local networks (**LAN**) or wide-area networks (**WAN**)
- Structure: **infrastructure** network or **ad-hoc network**

Network subscribers

Devices and computers that are connected to each other in a network, e.g. servers, PCs and phones.

O

Outbound proxy

Alternative NAT control mechanism to STUN and ALG.

Outbound proxies are implemented by the VoIP provider in Firewall/NAT environments as an alternative to **SIP Proxy Server**. They control data traffic through the firewall.

Outbound proxy and STUN servers should not be used simultaneously.

See also: STUN and NAT.

P

PIN

Personal Identification Number

Protects against unauthorised use.

When the PIN is activated a number combination has to be entered in order to access a protected area.

You can protect your base station configuration data with a system PIN (4-digit number combination).

Port

Data is exchanged between two applications in a **network** across a port.

Port Forwarding

The Internet gateway (e.g. your router) forwards data packets from the **Internet** that are directed to a certain **port** to the port concerned. This allows servers in the **LAN** to offer services on the Internet without you needing a public IP address.

Port Number

Indicates a specific application of a **network subscriber**. Depending on the setting in the **LAN**, the port number is permanently assigned or else it is newly assigned with each access.

The combination of **IP address**/port number identifies the recipient or sender of a data packet within a network.

PPPoE

Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet

Protocol for connecting network subscribers within an **Ethernet network** to the Internet via a modem.

Pre-dialling

See **Block dialling**.

Private IP Address

See **public IP address**.

Protocol

Describes the agreements for communicating within a **network**. It contains rules for opening, administering and closing a connection, about data formats, time frames and possible error handling.

Proxy/Proxy Server

Computer program that controls the exchange of data between **client** and **server** in computer networks. If the phone sends a query to the VoIP server, the proxy acts as a server towards the phone and as a client towards the server. A proxy is addressed via the **IP address/domain name** and **port**.

Public IP address

The public IP address is the address for a network component on the Internet. It is assigned by the Internet Service Provider. Devices that act as a link from a local network to the Internet (gateway or router) have a public and a local IP address.

See also: **IP address, NAT**

Q

Quality of Service (QoS)

Describes the Quality of Service in communication networks. Differentiations are made between various Quality of Service classes.

QoS influences the flow of data packets on the Internet e.g. by prioritising data packets, bandwidth reservation and packet optimisation.

In VoIP networks, QoS influences the voice quality. If the whole infrastructure (router, network server etc.) has QoS, the voice quality is better, i.e. fewer delays, less echoing, less crackling.

R

RAM

Random Access Memory

Memory in which you have reading and storage rights. Such items as melodies and screen pictures are saved in the RAM after being loaded onto the phone via the Web configurator.

Registrar

The registrar manages the **network subscriber's** current IP addresses. When you register with your VoIP provider, your current IP address is saved on the registrar. This means you can also be reached when on the move.

Ringback when the call is not answered

= CCNR (Completion of Calls No Reply). If a participant does not respond when called, a caller can arrange an automatic ringback. As soon as the destination phone has completed a call and is free again the caller is rung back. This feature must be supported by the exchange. The ringback request is automatically cancelled after about 2 hours (depending on the VoIP provider).

Ringback when the number is busy

= CCBS (Completion of Calls to Busy Subscriber). If a caller hears the busy tone, he or she can activate the ringback function. As soon as the connection is free the caller is rung back. As soon as the caller lifts his receiver the connection is made automatically.

ROM

Read Only Memory

A type of memory that can only be read, as opposed to RAM which can be both read and written.

Router

Routes data packets within a network and between different networks via the quickest route. Can connect **Ethernet networks** and **WLAN**. Can be the **gateway** to the Internet.

Routing

Routing is the transmission of data packets to another subscriber in your network. On its way to the recipient, the data packet is sent from one router to the next until it reaches its destination.

If data packets were not forwarded in this way, a network like the Internet would not be possible. Routing connects the individual network to this global system.

A router is a part of this system; it transmits data packets both within a network and from one network to the next. Transmission of data from one network to another is performed on the basis of a common protocol.

RTP

Realtime Transport Protocol

Global standard for transferring audio and video data. Often used in conjunction with UDP. In this case, RTP packets are embedded in UDP packets.

RTP port

(Local) **port** by means of which voice data packets are sent and received for VoIP.

S**Server**

Makes a service available to other **network subscribers (clients)**. The term can indicate a computer/PC or an application. A server is addressed via the **IP address/domain name** and **port**.

SIP (Session Initiation Protocol)

Signalling protocol independent of voice communication. Used for establishing and ending a call. It is also possible to define parameters for voice transmission.

SIP Address

See **URI**.

SIP port/Local SIP port

(Local) **port** by means of which SIP signalling data is sent and received for VoIP.

SIP Provider

See **VoIP provider**.

SIP Proxy Server

IP address of your VoIP provider's gateway server.

Static IP address

A static IP address is assigned to a network component manually during network configuration. Unlike a **dynamic IP address**, a static IP address never changes.

STUN (Simple Transversal of UDP over NAT)

NAT control mechanism.

STUN is a data protocol for VoIP telephones. STUN replaces the private IP address in the data packets of the VoIP telephone with the public address of the secure private network. To control data transfer, a STUN server is also required on the Internet. STUN cannot be implemented by symmetric NATs.

See also: ALG, Firewall, NAT, Outbound Proxy.

Subnet

Segment of a **network**.

Glossary

Subnet mask

IP addresses consist of a fixed network number and a variable subscriber number. The network number is identical for all **network subscribers**. The proportion of the IP address made up of the network number is determined in the subnet mask. For the subnet mask 255.255.255.0, for example, the first three parts of the IP address are the network number and the last part the subscriber number.

Switch

Connects different network elements (see also Hub). A switch forwards data packets straight to the **network subscriber** to which they are addressed.

Symmetric NAT

A symmetric NAT assigns different external IP addresses and port numbers to the same internal IP addresses and port numbers – depending on the external target address.

T

TCP

Transmission Control Protocol

Transport protocol. Session-based transmission protocol: it sets up, monitors and terminates a connection between sender and recipient for transporting data.

TLS

Transport Layer Security

Protocol for encrypting data transmissions on the Internet. TLS is a superordinated **transport protocol**.

Toggling

Toggling allows you to switch between two callers or between a conference call and an individual caller without allowing the waiting caller to listen in.

Transmission rate

Speed at which data is transmitted in the WAN or LAN. The transmission rate is measured in data units per unit of time (Mbit/s).

Transport Protocol.

Controls data transport between communication partners (applications).

See also: **UDP, TCP, TLS**.

U

UDP

User Datagram Protocol

Transport protocol. Unlike **TCP**, UDP is a non session-based protocol. It does not establish a fixed connection. The data packets (datagrams) are sent as **broadcast**. The recipient is solely responsible for making sure the data is received. The sender is not notified about whether it is received.

URI

Uniform Resource Identifier

Character string used to identify resources (e.g. Email recipient, <http://siemens.com>, files).

On the **Internet** URIs are used as a unique identification for resources. URIs are also described as an SIP address.

URIs can be entered in the phone as a number. By dialling a URI you can call an Internet subscriber with VoIP equipment.

URL

Universal Resource Locator

Globally unique address of a domain on the **Internet**.

A URL is a subtype of **URI**. URLs identify a resource by its location) on the **Internet**. For historical reasons the term is often used as a synonym for URI.

User ID

See **User recognition**.

User recognition

Name/number combination for access e.g. to your VoIP account.

V**Voice Codec**

See **Codec**.

VoIP

Voice over Internet Protocol

Calls are no longer established and transmitted via the telephone network, but via the **Internet** (or other IP networks).

VoIP provider

A VoIP, SIP or **gateway provider** is an Internet service provider that provides a **gateway** for Internet telephony. As the phone works with the SIP standard, your provider must support the SIP standard.

The provider routes calls from VoIP to the telephone network (analogue, ISDN and mobile radio) and vice versa.

W**WAN**

Wide Area Network

Wide-area network that is unrestricted in terms of area (e.g. **Internet**).

Index

Numerics

24 hours in advance (alarm clock) . . . 37

A

Accessories 67

Activating

advisory tones 36

call acceptance 35

handset 1

handsfree talking 17

keypad lock 17

muting ringtone 36

SMS function 29

Activating/deactivating repeater

operation 38

Activating/deactivating SMS

function 29

ADSL 68

Advisory tones 36

Alarm clock 37

setting 37

setting ringtone 36

snooze 37

Alarm repeat 37

ALG 68

Alternative DNS server (Web

configurator) 47

Answering machine see also network

mailbox

Application Layer Gateway (ALG) . . . 68

Approval 57

Asymmetric Digital Subscriber Line . . 68

Audio

advisory tones 36

battery warning tone 37

changing ringtone 36

Authentication 68

Authorisation 57

Auto-answer 15, 35

B

Backlight 35

Base station

changing system PIN 38

connecting 8

connecting with fixed network 9

connecting with mains power

supply 9

connecting with router 9

Installation 8

operating on PABX 41

power consumption 58

restoring to factory settings 38

setting 38

setting default connection 38

updating firmware 39

Battery

charging 7, 10

display 1, 7

fitting 6

icon 7, 10

recommended batteries 58

warning tone 37

Belt clip 11

Block dialling 68

Broadband Internet access 68

Buttons (Web configurator) 45

C

Call

answering 15

disconnecting (toggling) 21

ending 15

external 16

internal 33

transferring (connect) 34

Call acceptance 35

Call duration 25

Call forwarding 20, 68

Call waiting 68, 69

accepting/rejecting 21

activating/deactivating 20

internal call 34

Caller list 24

Calling

entering IP address 15

external 15

selecting connection type 15

Calling Line Identification

withholding 20

Calling Line Identification 16

Cancelling (operation) 19

Care of the telephone 54

CF 68

CF (Call Forwarding) 20, 68

Changing dialling mode	41
Changing PIN	38
Changing system PIN	38
Characters	
deleting	19
Charge status display	7, 10
Charging status (battery)	1, 7
Checking EEPROM version	
(Web configurator)	53
Checking firmware version	
(Web configurator)	53
CLI, CLIP	16
Client	68
CLIR	20
CNIP	16, 25
Codec	68
Colour scheme	35
Conference call	21
Conferring (internal)	34
Configuring via your PC	43
Confirmation tone	37
Connecting	
with Web configurator	43
Connecting PC with Web	
configurator	43
Connecting the charging cradle	7
Connection socket for headset	1, 11
Connection wizard	
using	39
Contrast	35
Control key	1, 18
Correcting incorrect input	19
Customer Care	56
Customer service	56
CW	69

D

Data packets, fragmentation	70
Deactivate	
call acceptance	35
Deactivating	
advisory tones	36
handset	1
handsfree talking	17
keypad lock	17
muting ringtone	36
SMS function	29
Default connection	
selecting	15
setting	38
Default gateway (Web	
configurator)	46
Demilitarised Zone	69
De-registering	
handset	32
with Web configurator	44
DHCP	69, 70
Dialling	
directory	22
with quick dial	23
Dialling mode	41, 42
Differentiated Service Code Point	69
Digital clock	35
Digital Subscriber Line	69
Access Multifier	70
Directory	22
copying number from text	23
opening	18
order of entries	59
save entry	22
saving the first number	22
saving the sender's number	
(SMS)	28
select an entry	22
send entry/list to handset	23
use to enter numbers	23
Display	
backlight	35
call duration	25
call duration/charges	25
changing display language	35
colour scheme	35
contrast	35
in idle status	1
name (CNIP)	16
network mailbox message	31
number (CLI/CLIP)	16
screensaver	35
setting	35
Display keys	1, 18
Displayed name	69
Displaying caller's name (CNIP)	16
DMZ	69
DNS	69
Domain name	69
Domain Name System	69
DSCP	69
DSL	69
DSLAM	70
DTMF (tone dialling)	42

Index

DTMF tones, setting (Web configurator)	51
Dynamic DNS	70
Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol	69
Dynamic IP address	70
DynDNS	70

E

Earpiece mode	17
Earpiece volume	35
Emergency number	
dialling	17
entering	51
setting	38
End call key	1, 15
Ending, call	15
Enquiry call	20, 69
Enter pause	1
Error tone	37
Ethernet network	70
Explicit Call Transfer	70

F

Fast access	
directory entry	23
network mailbox	31
Firewall	70
Firmware	70
Flash	
entering	1
Flat rate	70
Fragmentation of data packets	70
Free software	
licences	60
Full duplex	70

G

G711 μ law	50
G711 a law	50
G726	50
G729	50
Gateway	71
Gateway Provider	71
GHC device	71
Gigaset Home Control	71
Global IP address	71
Global System for	
Mobile Communication	71
GNU Lesser General Public Licence	60

GSM	71
Guarantee Certificate	57

H

Handset	
activating/deactivating	1, 17
advisory tones	36
changing internal names	33
changing internal number	33
contact with liquid	54
de-registering	32, 38
display language	35
idle status	18
loudspeaker volume	18, 35
muting	17
operating and charging times	58
paging	33
registering	32
restoring to factory settings	37
setting (individual)	35
setup	6
transferring a call	34
using as an alarm	37
using several	32
Handset charging times	58
Handset operating time	58
Handsfree	
key	1
Handsfree talking	17
Hash key	1, 17
Headset	1, 11, 71
Hearing aids	4
Hold music	17, 71
HTTP Proxy	71
Hub	71

I

Idle status	
back to	18
display	1
IEEE	71
Incorrect input (correction)	19
Infrastructure Network	71
Installation, base station	8
Institute of Electrical and	
Electronics Engineers	71
Interface language	
Web configurator	43
Internal	
conferring	34

making calls	33
Internal call	33
call waiting	34
Internet	72
Internet access (broadband)	68
Internet Protocol	72
Internet service provider	72
Introduction to VoIP	5
IP	72
IP address	72
assigning automatically/manually	40
checking (Web configurator)	53
dynamic	70
entering	15
global	71
local	72
private	74
public	74
static	75
IP address (Web configurator)	46
IP address type	46
IP pool range	72

K

Key click	37
Keying in (instructions)	54
Keypad lock	17
Keys	
assigning directory entry	23
control key	1, 18
display keys	1, 18
end call key	1, 15, 19
handsfree key	1
hash key	1, 17
keypad lock	17
message key	1, 24
on/off key	1
paging key	1
quick dial	23
recall key	1
star key	1, 36
talk key	1

L

LAN	72
Language	
Web configurator	43
Last number redial	23
LGPL	60
Licences, free software	60

Liquid	54
List	
caller list	24
draft message list (SMS)	27
entry	24
incoming message list (SMS)	28
last number redial list	23
missed calls	24
Local Area Network	72
Local IP address	72
Local network	46
Local SIP port	75
Lock (keypad lock)	17
Loudspeaker volume	18, 35

M

MAC address	72
checking (Web configurator)	53
displaying on handset	41
Mains adapter	4
Making calls	
accepting a call	15, 17
external	15
internal	33
Making cost-effective calls	25
Maximum Receive Unit	72
Maximum Transmission Unit	72
Mbps	72
Media Access Control	72
Medical appliances	4
Menu	
end tone	37
go back one menu level	19
menu guidance	19
phone overview	12
Web configurator overview	14
Menu bar (Web configurator)	44
Message key	1
open list	28
opening lists	24
Microphone	17
Million bits per second	72
Missed calls	24
MRU	72
MTU	72
Music on hold	71
Muting	
first ring	36
Muting the handset	17

N

Name	
changing name of the handset	33
displayed (VoIP)	69
NAT	73
symmetric	76
Navigation area (Web configurator)	45
Network	73
Ethernet	70
Network Address Translation	73
Network area	49
Network mailbox	31
assigning key 1	31
Network services	
settings during call	20
settings for the next call	20
Number	
copying from directory	23
displaying caller's (CLIP)	16
enter with directory	23
entering network mailbox	
number	31
saving in the directory	22, 23
saving sender in the directory	28
setting for SMS centre	28
withhold for next call	20

O

On/Off key	1
Operation (preparing to use the phone)	6
Order in directory	59
Outbound proxy	73

P

PABX	
operating base station on PABX	41
pauses	42
setting dialling mode	41, 42
setting flashing time	42
SMS	29
Pack contents	6
Paging	1, 33
Pauses (PABX)	42
Personal Identification Number	73
Phone	
configure via PC	43
setting phone with Web configurator	46

Phone jack assignment	9
Phoning	
internal	33
PIN	73
Point-to-Point Protocol	
over Ethernet	74
Port	73
Port domain area	48
Port forwarding	73
Port number	74
Power consumption (base station)	58
PPPoE	60, 74
Pre-dialling	74
Preferred DNS server (Web configurator)	47
Private IP address	74
Problems and solutions	54
Protocol	74
Proxy	74
Proxy server	74
Public IP address	73

Q

Quality of Service	74
Questions and answers	54
Quick dial	23

R

RAM	74
Random Access Memory	74
Read Only Memory	75
Recall key	1
Receive area	51
Registering (handset)	8, 32
Registrar	74
Registration wizard (SMS)	26
Restoring to factory settings	
base station	38
handset	37
Ringback	
cancelling	21
initiating	20
when busy	75
when the call is not answered	74
Ringtone	
activating/deactivating	36
changing	36
muting	36
setting melody	36
setting volume	18, 36

ROM	75
Router	75
Routing	75
RTP	75
RTP port	75

S

Safety precautions	4
Screensaver	35
Searching	
handset	33
in directory	22
Selecting	
IP address	15
selecting connection type	15
Selecting connection type	15
Send area	51
Sending	
directory entry to handset	23
SMS	27
Server	75
Setting	
base station	38
date/time	8
DTMF tones, Web configurator	51
handset	35
Setting data server for firmware	
update	51
Setting flashing time (PABX)	42
Setting loudspeaker volume	
handset language	18, 35
Setting melody (ringtone)	36
Setting the date	8
Setting the time	8
Setting volume	
earpiece	35
loudspeaker	35
ringtone	36
Setting wake-up time	37
Shortcut (digit combination)	12
Signal strength	1
Simple Transversal of UDP over NAT	75
SIP	75
SIP address	75
SIP area	47
SIP port	75
SIP provider	75
SIP proxy server	75
SMS	26
deleting	27

draft message list	27
forwarding	28
incoming message list	28
reading	27
receiving	27
registration wizard	26
replying to and forwarding	28
saving number	28
self help with error messages	30
sending	27
settings	28
to PABX	29
troubleshooting	29
writing	27
writing an SMS	59
SMS centre	
changing number	28
setting	28
Snooze (alarm clock)	37
Special characters	59
Specifications	58
Star key	1, 36
Starting the connection wizard	10
Static IP address	75
Status (Web configurator)	53
Structure of IP address	72
STUN	75
Subnet	75
Subnet mask	41, 76
Subnet mask (Web configurator)	46
Switch	76
Symbols (instructions)	54
Symmetric NAT	76

T

Talk key	1
TCP	76
Text message, see SMS	
TLS	76
Toggling	21, 76
Touch tone dialling	42
Transmission Control Protocol	76
Transmission rate	76
Transport Layer Security	76
Transport protocol	76
Troubleshooting	54
SMS	29

U

UDP	76
-----	----

Index

Uniform Resource Identifier	76
Universal Resource Locator	76
Unknown	16
Unknown caller	16
Updating firmware	39
specifying data server	51
URI	76
URL	76
User Datagram Protocol	76
User ID	76
User identification	76

V

Viewing the network mailbox	
message	31
Voice Codec area	50
Voice over Internet Protocol	77
Voice quality and infrastructure	56
VoIP	77
activating/deactivating status	
message	41
assigning IP address	40
downloading settings	39
entering user data	40
introduction	5
making settings with connection	
wizard	10
requirement	5
settings (on handset)	39
using connection wizard	39
VoIP provider	77
VoIP status messages	
activating display	52
VoIP telephony	47

W

WAN	77
Warning tone (battery)	37
Web configurator	43
alternative DNS server	47
checking EEPROM version	53
checking firmware version	53
checking MAC address	53
checking the phone's IP address	53
connecting with PC	43
default gateway	46
de-registering	44
IP address	46
IP address type	46
language	43

local network	46
opening Web page	45
preferred DNS server	47
setting phone	46
status	53
subnet mask	46
Web page structure	44
Web interface, see Web configurator	
Web page	
opening	45
structure	44
Wide Area Network	77
Withholding	
Calling Line Identification	20
Working area (Web configurator)	45
Writing, editing text	59

